High-Efficiency Fertilisers in China 中國高效肥

ANNUAL REPORT 2021 年報



★ For identification purpose only 僅供識別

China XLX Culture 中國心連心文化

We adhere to the culture of integrity and the corporate spirit of "working hard to fulfil the needs of our customers" and we are committed to creating the greatest value for the society with the least resources.

我們堅持誠信文化和「自己艱苦奮鬥 滿足別人需求」的企業之魂,致 力於用最少的資源為社會創造最大的價值。



Focus on ourselves over the others Prioritize subjective over objectivity Value the end result over the process 講自己不講別人 講主觀不講客觀 講效果不講過程

Dedicated to hard work Satisfy the needs of others 自己艱苦奮鬥 滿足別人需求

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CHINA XLX DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY 中國心連心發展戰略

Adhere to the enhanced development direction of cleaner chemical process of coal, and maintain the privileges and leading status in the chemical fertiliser industry. Meanwhile appropriately develop new energy and new chemical material, establishing the 'Fertiliser as foundation, fertiliser and chemical side by side' development plan.

Our strategic development direction will be: To maximize the value of syngas; to reinforce our industry leading advantages in the chemical fertiliser industry.

Our core missions: First, strengthen and improve our major production bases so as to continuously increase profitability; Second, strengthen our brand; Third, consolidate basic management so as to improve R&D capabilities.

堅持聚焦潔淨煤化工升級發展方向,確保化肥主業的優勢和行業領先地 位。同時適度發展新能源、新材料化工品,總體形成「以肥為基 肥化並 舉」的產業發展格局。

我們的戰略發展導向是:把合成氣價值利用最大化,突出化肥主業的行業 領先優勢。

核心任務:一是做強、做優大基地,提升持續盈利能力;二是做強品牌; 三是夯實基礎管理,提升研發能力。

China XLX was incorporated with limited liability on 17 July 2006 in Singapore under the Companies Act, with the Group's registered office at 80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898. China XLX has been listed on the Main Board of the SEHK since 8 December 2009 with stock code "1866".

The Group's headquarters and principal place of business is located in Xinxiang Economic Development Zone, Henan Province, Taxihe Industrial Park, Baojiadian Town, Manas County, Changji Prefecture, Xinjiang Province, and Jishan Industrial Zone, Jiujiang City, Jiangxi Province in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Group is principally engaged in developing, manufacturing, and selling related differentiated products such as urea, compound fertiliser, methanol, dimethyl ether, melamine, furfuryl alcohol, furfural, 2-methylfuran, pharmaceutical intermediates and gas.

The Group took the lead in proposing our brand as the "Chinese highefficiency fertilizer advocator" in the industry and cooperated with the Chinese Academy of Sciences and other scientific research institutes to develop and promote a series of products, including the control release series, the humic acid series, the trace element series, the special fertilizer series, the nitro fertilizer series, and the water-soluble fertilizer series, thereby to achieve a differentiated and refined high-efficiency fertilizer product layout.

中國心連心是於二零零六年七月十七日 根據新加坡公司法在新加坡註冊成立之 有限公司,本集團的註冊辦事處位於80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898。 中國心連心於二零零九年十二月八日在聯 交所主板掛牌上市,股份代號 [1866]。

本集團總部和主要營業地點位於中華人民 共和國(「中國」)河南新鄉經濟開發區、新 疆昌吉州瑪納斯縣包家店鎮塔西河工業園 區,江西九江磯山工業園區。本集團主要 從事尿素、複合肥、甲醇、二甲醚、三聚 氰胺、糠醇、糠醛、2-甲基呋喃、醫藥中 間體、氣體等相關差異化產品的研發、生 產與銷售。

集團率先在行業內提出「中國高效肥倡導 者」品牌定位,並與中國科學院等科研單 位共同研發推廣了控失系列、腐植酸系 列、中微量元素系列、專用肥系列、硝基 肥系列、水溶肥系列等多系列產品,實現 差異化、精細化高效肥產品佈局。



Xinxiang Economic Development Zone, Henan Province 河南新鄉經濟開發區



Taxihe Industrial Park, Baojiadian Town, Manas County, Changji Prefecture, Xinjiang Province 新疆昌吉州瑪納斯縣包家店鎮塔西河工業園區



Jishan Wharf, Pengze Port Area, Jiujiang Port, Jiangxi Province 江西九江彭澤港磯山碼頭



Jishan Indusrtial Zone, Jiujiang City, Jiangxi Province 江西九江磯山工業園區

Company Profile

公司概況



Chinese high-efficiency fertilizer advocator 心連心中國高效肥倡導者

- Nitrogen fertilizer efficient utilization innovation center and National Enterprise Technology Centre
- 氮肥高效利用創新中心和國家 企業技術中心



- Awarded "Standard Enterprise for Synthetic Ammonia Efficiency Leaders" by the China Petroleum and Chemical Industry Federation for ten consecutive vears
- 連續十年獲得中國石油和化學 工業聯合會頒發

者標杆企業



- Water manure integration engineering technology research center
- 水肥一體化工程技術研究中心



- Postdoctoral Research Station
- 博十後科研工作站
- New/High Tech Enterprise in the PRC (enjoying preferential income tax rate of 15%)
- · 中國高新技術企業(享受15%的 優惠所得税率)

• First producer mastering the

patented technology in the PRC

中國第一家掌握控失尿素生產

專利技術的生產企業

controlled release urea production



• 國家級綠色工廠



- First state-level nitrogen fertiliser research center and national efficient agriculture service center in the PRC
- 首個國家級氮肥研發中心和全 國性高效農業服務中心



- All our production facilities adopt new coal gasification technology
 - 生產裝置全部採用新型煤氣化 技術







Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

LIU Xingxu (Chairman of the Board) ZHANG Qingjin YAN Yunhua

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

ONG Kian Guan王孫LI Shengxiao李子ONG Wei Jin王次LI Hongxing李子

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

ONG Kian Guan *(Chairman)* LI Shengxiao ONG Wei Jin LI Hongxing

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

ONG Wei Jin *(Chairman)* ONG Kian Guan LI Shengxiao LI Hongxing

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

LI Shengxiao (*Chairman*) LIU Xingxu ONG Kian Guan ONG Wei Jin LI Hongxing

董事會

執行董事

劉興旭*(董事會主席)* 張慶金 閆蘊華

獨立非執行董事

王建源 李生校 王為仁 李紅星

董事會委員會

審核委員會

王建源(*主席)* 李生校 王為仁 李紅星

薪酬委員會

王為仁*(主席)* 王建源 李生校 李紅星

提名委員會

李生校(*主席*) 劉興旭 王建源 王為仁 李紅星

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

MA Tongsheng

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

WONG Wing Wang Paul

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES UNDER LISTING RULES

YAN Yunhua LEUNG Kwan Wai

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

LEUNG Kwan Wai CHEOK Hui Yee

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young LLP One Raffles Quay North Tower, Level 18 Singapore, 048583 Partner-in-charge: LEE Lai Hiang

LEGAL ADVISORS

Herbert Smith Freehills (Hong Kong) Hiways Law Firm (China) Shook Lin & Bok LLP (Singapore)

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Export-Import Bank of China China Construction Bank Bank of China Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Bank of Communications China Minsheng Bank HSBC

REGISTERED OFFICE

80 Robinson Road #02-00, Singapore 068898

首席執行官

馬通生

首席財務官

王永宏

上市規則下的授權代表 ^{閆蘊華} 梁君慧

聯席公司秘書

梁君慧 石慧儀

核數師

安永會計師事務所 One Raffles Quay North Tower, Level 18 Singapore, 048583 項目合夥人:李來香

法律顧問

史密夫斐爾律師事務所(香港) 海華永泰律師事務所(中國) 旭齡及穆律師樓(新加坡)

主要往來銀行

中國進出口銀行 中國建設銀行 中國銀行 工商銀行 交通銀行 民生銀行 滙豐銀行

註冊辦事處

80 Robinson Road #02-00, Singapore 068898

Corporate Information

公司資料

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN PRC

Xinxiang Economic Development Zone Henan Province PRC 453731

STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Code: 1866

CORPORATE WEBSITE

www.chinaxlx.com.hk

總辦事處暨中國主要營業地點

中國河南省 新鄉經濟開發區 郵編:453731

股票代碼 香港股份代號:1866

公司網址

www.chinaxlx.com.hk

Financial Highlights

財務概要

RESULTS PERFORMANCE

業績表現

(人民幣百萬元)	2020 二零二零年度	2021 二零二一年度	Change (%) 同比變幅 (%)
收入	10,445	16,815	61
銷售成本	8,230	12,426	51
毛利	2,215	4,389	98
除税前盈利	631	2,175	245
所得税開支	107	406	279
純利	524	1,769	238
歸母淨利潤	348	1,294	272
每股基本及攤薄盈利 (人民幣分)	29.67	110.46	272
每股派息(人民幣分)	10	19	90
	收入銷售成本毛利除税前盈利所得税開支純利歸母淨利潤每股基本及攤薄盈利 (人民幣分)	(人民幣百萬元)二零二零年度收入10,445銷售成本8,230毛利2,215除税前盈利631所得税開支107純利524歸母淨利潤348每股基本及攤薄盈利 (人民幣分)29.67	(人民幣百萬元)二零二零年度二零二一年度收入10,44516,815銷售成本8,23012,426毛利2,2154,389除税前盈利6312,175所得税開支107406純利5241,769歸母淨利潤3481,294每股基本及攤薄盈利 (人民幣分)29.67110.46

REVENUE BREAKDOWN BY SEGMENT

分類產品收入



Major Events in 2021

二零二一年度大事記

1月 JANUARY

Xinjiang XLX, the second main production base of the XLX Group, was awarded as "National Safety Culture Building Pilot Corporate" 心連心集團第二大主基地 – 新疆心連心,榮獲「全國 安全文化建設示範企業」稱號





2月 FEBRUARY

The 60.52.40 project of Jiujiang XLX, the third main production base of the XLX Group, was successfully put into operation, demonstrates the successful implementation of the Group's nation wide production bases layout 心連心集團第三大主基地 – 九江心連心, 60.52.40項目開車成功,標誌著集團順利完 成全國基地化佈局 2

3月 MARCH

Henan Shenleng Energy CO., LTD., the strategic gas segment of the XLX Group, was accredited as the "Specialized and New" SMEs in Henan Province and was honored as "Xinxiang Three-Star Industrial Enterprise in 2020"

心連心集團戰略性氣體板塊 – 河南心連心深冷能源,獲河南省「專精特新」中小企業及「新鄉市2020年度三星級工業企業」 3



4月 APRIL

4.2

Jiangxi Shenleng was successfully put into production and reached the standard, and the three major production bases for Shenleng Energy were initially formed 江西深冷順利投產達標,深冷能源三大生產 基地初步形成 41

Xinjiang XLX won the "Autonomous Region Science and Technology Progress Award - Second Prize" 新疆心連心獲得自治區科技進步獎二等獎







5月 MAY

Xinjiang XLX's fully-automated metering system "Wisdom" was launched, demonstrates the intelligence standard of the XLX Group has reached new level 新疆心連心無人值守計量系統「智慧」 上線,標誌著智能化水平邁上新台階 5

6月 JUNE

Xinjiang XLX participates in the "I Help Farmers Change Saline-Alkali" campaign organized by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs of the People's Republic of China

新疆心連心參與國家農業農村部「我幫農民改鹽鹼」





Major Events in 2021

二零二一年度大事記

7月 JULY

XLX Group held the dykes and dams and immediately dispatched personnel to rescue upon receiving the news of "flood" 心連心集團堅守大堤 聞「汛」馳援 7





8月 AUGUST

XLX Group handed out "caring fertilisers" as gifts to the flood-stricken area to solve the problem of 50,000 mu of crops 心連心集團愛心肥運往洪水重災區,解決五萬畝農

作物種植問題 8

9月 SEPTEMBER

XLX Group signed a special cooperation agreement with Xinhua News Agency regarding a national brand project

心連心集團與新華社民族品牌工程專項合作簽約 9



10月 OCTOBER

Henan XLX was awarded the accolade of "2021 National Quality Benchmark" in praise of its innovative digital agricultural service model 河南心連心榮膺2021全國質量標杆,創新數字化農 業服務模式 100

The XLX Group was recognised as the "Ammonia Energy Consumption Leader" for ten consecutive years

心連心集團取得「合成氨能效領跑者」十連冠 10.2





11月 NOVEMBER

XLX Group plans to set up a new compound fertiliser production base in Jinchang, Gransu 心連心集團擬於甘肅金昌佈局複合肥新基地 **1**1

The flotation circuit of the raw coal washing project of Xinjiang XLX was successfully put into operation

新疆心連心原煤洗選項目浮選裝置成功投運 11.2

12月 DECEMBER

The first distributed photovoltaic power generation project of Henan XLX reached full-capacity and grid-connected 河南心連心首個分布式光伏發電項目全容量並網發電 [2]

Henan Xinlianxin Shenleng Energy and Henan Jindadi Chemical Co., Ltd. entered into the "Comprehensive Utilization Project of Coal Chemical Exhaust Gas"

河南心連心深冷能源與河南金大地化工有限責任公司簽約「煤化工 尾氣綜合利用項目」122



Chairman's Statement

主席報告



Dear Shareholders,

I would like to express my gratitude to you for supporting and having confidence in China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. ("China XLX" or "the Company", together with its subsidiaries, is collectively referred to as "the Group"). On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to report to the shareholders of the Company the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, while introducing the vision and planning of the Group for the following year.

各位股東:

感謝大家一直以來對中國心連心化肥有限公司(「中國心連心」或「本公司」,與 附屬子公司合稱「本集團」)的支持和信任,本人謹代表本公司董事會,欣然向 本公司各位股東報告本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度的經審 核財務報表,同時介紹本集團在新的一年裡的願景和規劃。 In 2021, the Group continued to follow the strategic guiding idea of "low-cost and differentiation", implemented the concept of high-quality development, and implemented group-oriented development. Based on the three major bases in Henan, Xinjiang and Jiangxi, the Group has further promoted transformation and upgrading, seized opportunities, actively sought changes, stabilized our operations, adjusted our structure, and improved our efficiency, therefore our operating performance has reached a new record high.

The Group has modified its development strategy from "Fertiliser as primary, fertiliser and chemical side by side" to "Fertiliser as the foundation, fertiliser and chemical side by side", which emphasised the fundamental status of the rigid demand of chemical fertilizers and its role as the cornerstone of our business. By organically combining the "stableness" of fertilizers with the "liveness" of chemical, the Group has formed an industrial system with a solid foundation, thus able to respond to the market flexibly.

RESULT HIGHLIGHTS

- Realized revenue of approximately RMB16,815 million, an increase of 61% year-on-year.
- Net profit of the Group was approximately RMB1,769 million, representing an increase of 238% year-on-year.
- Overall gross profit margin increased by 5 percentage point yearon-year to approximately 26%, mainly due to the raising prices of products such as urea, methanol, melamine and DME.
- The Board of Directors recommended a final dividend of RMB19 cents per share and a total dividend of RMB19 cents per share for the year.

二零二一年,本集團繼續按照「低成本 差 異化」的戰略指導思想,落實高質量發展 理念,實施集團化發展。以河南、新疆、 江西三大基地為基礎,深入推進轉型升 級,搶抓機遇、主動求變,穩運營、調結 構、提效率,經營業績再創歷史新高。

本集團將發展戰略由「以肥為主 肥化並舉」 調整為「以肥為基 肥化並舉」,凸顯了化肥 剛性需求的基礎地位和「壓艙石」作用。將 化肥之「穩」與化工之「活」有機結合,形 成基礎穩固,靈活應對市場的產業體系。

業績表現

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- 實現收入約人民幣168.15億元,同 比增長約61%。
- 本集團純利約人民幣17.69億元,同 比增長約238%。
- 整體毛利率同比上升5個百分點至約26%,主要由於尿素、甲醇、三 聚氰胺及二甲醚等產品售價上升所 致。
- 董事會建議派發末期股息每股人民 幣19分,全年合共派發股息每股人 民幣19分。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group fully implements the concept of "customer-oriented" and consolidated the foundation of safety management, thereby realizing the comprehensive upgrade of the new coal chemical technology. Fertilizers maintained its dominant position and took downstream fine chemicals to a new level. Therefore, our product structure has been optimized, and the industrial structure has become more reasonable. Driven by the two-wheel strategy of "fertiliser and chemical side by side", the development path of the three major bases has become clearer, and is more resilient to risks.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

With its mission to serve the best interests of the Shareholders, the Board has consistently strived to enhance the standard of corporate governance and to develop a standardised, highly effective and scientific corporate governance mechanism.

The Group held 6 Board meetings in the year 2021 to review and approve matters including the quarterly results, interim report, annual report, dividend payout ratio, connected transactions and development strategies of the Group. The AC, the RC and the NC have exercised and performed the rights and duties conferred on them by the Board with a view of raising the standards of the Company's risk management and internal control and perfecting the Company's governance structure. For internal audit, internal audit was mainly conducted by the internal audit team of the Company in 2021, focusing on enhancing internal risk control over procurement management, capital management and other key processes, and thereby enhancing operational efficiency.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Group highly values its relationship with its investors and communicates with them through a number of channels. It aims to provide the latest information on the Group's operations and business development to its investors, so that they can obtain all necessary information on a timely manner to make informed investment decisions. Please refer to the section headed "Investor relations" of this annual report for more details.

業務回顧

本集團深入落實「以客戶為中心」的理念, 夯實安全管理基礎,實現新型煤化工技術 全面升級。化肥保持優勢地位,向下游精 細化工邁出新步伐。產品結構得到優化, 產業結構更加合理。在「肥化並舉」雙輪驅 動的戰略指引下,三大基地產業發展路徑 更加清晰,抗風險能力進一步增強。

企業管治

董事會以實現股東利益最大化為目標,始 終堅持提升企業管治水平,建立規範、高 效、科學化的公司治理機制。

本集團在二零二一年度召開了6次董事會 會議,對本集團的季度業績、中期報告、 年報、派息比例、關連交易及發展戰略 議題進行了審議和批准。審核委員會、 翻委員會及提名委員會在本公司風險管轄 人內部監控水平的提高和本公司治理結構 的完善等方面,都履行了董事會賦予的 利和責任。內控審計方面,二零二一年 對公司採購管理、資金管理等關鍵流程進 行內部風險控制,提升運營效率。

投資者關係

本集團高度重視投資者關係維護,通過多 種渠道與投資者進行溝通,旨在為投資者 提供有關本集團的運營和業務發展的最新 信息,讓其及時瞭解所需資料並作出相應 的投資決定。具體內容可以參見本年報[投 資者關係]一節。

PROSPECTS

With the adjustment on the national energy policy and the rise in food prices, the development of the modern agriculture have created a favorable environment for our development. The Group has leveraged our advantages in terms of scale, cost, technology, differentiated products, sales network, etc. to consolidate the foundation of safety and environmental protection, enhance our technology and product research and development, and formed an industrial development chain with comprehensive advantages through extending, supplementing and strengthening the chain, which continuously improves our core competitiveness, ensuring the Group to be able to stand out in the transformation and upgrading of the industry.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

In the future, we will continue to implement group-orientated high-quality development strategy that based on technological innovation, in order to maintain the leading position in energy efficiency in the industry, achieving leadership in safety and environmental protection and establishing a product system with complete categories and outstanding cost performance in the fertilizer field. We have established a marketing service system that adapts to modern agriculture, and we have continuously enhanced our brand influence; regarding the chemical industry, we are dedicated to create our advantage with low cost and high quality in the direction of high-end and specialization, and target to elevate the comprehensive strength of the Company to reach a new level and become the most respected fertilizer enterprise in China.

前景展望

國家能源政策調整、糧食價格上漲、農業 現代化發展給我們創造了良好的發展環 境。本集團將依靠規模、成本、技術、差 異化產品、銷售網絡等優勢,夯實安全環 保基礎,加大技術和產品研發,通過延 鏈、補鏈、強鏈,形成具有綜合優勢的產 業發展鏈條,持續提升核心競爭力,在行 業轉型升級中脱穎而出。

戰略目標

未來,我們繼續實施集團化高質量發展, 以技術創新為基礎,保持行業能效領先地 位,實現安全環保領先。在化肥領域,形 成品類齊全、性價比突出的產品體系,建 立適應現代化農業的營銷服務體系,持續 提升品牌影響力;在化工領域,以高端化 和特色化為方向,以低成本和高質量建立 絕對優勢,企業綜合實力再上新台階,成 為中國最受尊重的化肥企業集團。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

APPRECIATION

The Group is devoted to achieve greatness by dedication and commitment. According to the success we achieved in the past and our outstanding track record, we are positioned to embrace our promising future. We will adhere to the corporate spirit of "working hard to fulfil the needs of our customers" and continue to explore, innovate and breakthrough on the path of transformation and upgrading. While we are developing steadily, we are also poised to create greater value for our shareholders, customers, society, employees, and stakeholders and becoming the pioneer and the leader of industry development.

Lastly, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my heartfelt gratitude to all Shareholders, the Company's management team, all the staff, customers and friends who have been caring for and supporting us. In 2022, the Group's management and staff will continue working cohesively and work together under the leadership of the Board to endeavour to achieve better performance and investment returns for the Shareholders, and the future of XLX will be more brilliant!

致謝

履踐致遠,踔厲奮發。成績屬於過去,未 來依然可期。我們將堅持「自己艱苦奮鬥 滿足別人需求」的心連心之魂,在轉型升 級的道路上不斷探索、創新、突破,在穩 健發展的同時,為股東、客戶、社會、員 工以及各相關方創造更大的價值,成為行 業發展的排頭兵和引領者。

最後,藉此機會,本人謹代表董事會向各 位股東,公司管理層、全體員工、所有客 戶和關心支持本集團發展的各界朋友們, 致以衷心的感謝!二零二二年,本集團的 管理層和全體員工,將在董事會指導下, 齊心協力,奮發有為,努力為各位股東贏 得更佳的業績回報,心連心的明天也一定 會更加光輝燦爛!

LIU Xingxu Chairman of the Board 25 March 2022 *董事會主席* **劉興旭** 二零二二年三月二十五日 管理層討論與分析

(I) **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Along with the resurgence of the pandemic, stoked by global supply chain disruption, surging energy prices and food prices, demand and prices for domestic fertilisers and petrol chemical related products increased in 2021.

With the addition of the Third Production Base in Jiangxi Jiujiang successfully commissioned in February 2021, the fixed-bed renovation and upgrading project of the Group's second and third plant in Henan Xinxiang completed and put into production in the fourth quarter of 2021, the Group's production capacity and efficiency reached a new milestone and achieved record revenue and profitability.

REVENUE

Revenue increased by RMB6,370 million or approximately 61% from RMB10,445 million in the financial year ended 31 December 2020 ("**FY2020**") to RMB16,815 million in the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("**FY2021**").

UREA

Finished urea products

Revenue derived from the sales of urea increased by approximately RMB1,879 million or 61% from RMB3,080 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB4,959 million for FY2021. This was mainly due to the increase in sales volume and the average selling price of urea products of the Group by approximately 16% and 39% year on year ("**YoY**"), respectively. Sales volume of urea for FY2021 was approximately 2,264,000 tons.

(I) 業務回顧

隨著疫情再次爆發,加上全球供應 鏈中斷以及能源及食品價格飆升, 國內化肥及石油化工相關產品於二 零二一年的需求及價格上漲。

江西九江第三生產基地於二零二一 年二月順利投產,本集團於河南新 鄉的第二及第三廠固定床改造升級 項目亦於二零二一年第四季度竣工 投產,本集團的生產產能及效率進 入新的里程碑,實現創紀錄的收入 及盈利能力。

收入

收入由截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度(「**二零二零財政年** 度」)的人民幣10,445,000,000元增加 約人民幣6,370,000,000元或約61% 至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度(「**二零二一財政年度**」)的約 人民幣16,815,000,000元。

尿素

成品尿素

尿素的銷售收入由二零二零財政年 度的約人民幣3,080,000,000元增加 約人民幣1,879,000,000元或約61% 至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 4,959,000,000元。此乃主要由於本集 團尿素產品的銷量及平均售價分別 同比(「同比」)增長約16%及39%。 二零二一財政年度的尿素銷量約為 2,264,000噸。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Urea solution for vehicle

Revenue derived from the sales of urea solution for vehicle decreased by approximately RMB18 million or 3% from approximately RMB574 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB556 million for FY2021. This was mainly due to a decrease in sales volume by 4% YoY to 399,000 tons for FY2021. Due to a strong rebound in urea price, the Group has actively adjusted its product structure to allocate more production capacity in response to the increasing demands of urea. The production volume for urea solution for vehicle decreased slightly.

COMPOUND FERTILISER

Revenue derived from the sales of compound fertilisers increased by approximately RMB596 million or 19% from approximately RMB3,158 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB3,754 million for FY2021, mainly due to the increase in average selling price by approximately 22% YoY. This was partially offset by a decrease in sales volume by 3% YoY to 1,569,000 tons for FY2021.

METHANOL

Revenue derived from the sales of methanol increased by approximately RMB1,245 million or 242% from approximately RMB514 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB1,759 million for FY2021. The increased sales of methanol were a result of the increase in average selling price and sales volume of the Group by 53% and 124% YoY, respectively. The increased sales of methanol mainly derived from the new capacity from the Third Production Base in Jiujiang.

DIMETHYL ETHER (DME)

Revenue derived from the sales of DME increased by approximately RMB691 million or 92% from RMB748 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB1,439 million for FY2021. The increase was mainly due to the strong international energy prices, causing the average selling price and sales volume of DME to increase by 39% and 38% YoY, respectively.

車用尿素溶液

車用尿素溶液的銷售收入由二零二 零財政年度的約人民幣574,000,000 元減少約人民幣18,000,000元或約 3%至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 556,000,000元。此乃主要由於銷量 同比下降4%至二零二一財政年度的 399,000噸所致。由於尿素價格強勁 反彈,本集團積極調整產品結構, 配置更多產能,以應對尿素日益增 長的需求。車用尿素溶液的產量略 有下降。

複合肥

複合肥的銷售收入由二零二零財政 年度的約人民幣3,158,000,000元增 加約人民幣596,000,000元或約19% 至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 3,754,000,000元,主要由於平均售 價同比上升約22%。此部分被二零 二一財政年度的銷量同比下降3%至 1,569,000噸所抵銷。

甲醇

甲醇的銷售收入由二零二零財政 年度的約人民幣514,000,000元增加 約人民幣1,245,000,000元或約242% 至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 1,759,000,000元。甲醇銷售額的增加 是由於本集團平均售價及銷量分別 同比增長53%及124%。甲醇銷售額 的增加主要來自九江第三生產基地 的新增產能。

二甲醚(DME)

二甲醚的銷售收入由二零二零財 政年度的約人民幣748,000,000元 增加約人民幣691,000,000元或約 92%至二零二一財政年度的人民幣 1,439,000,000元。該增加主要是由於 國際能源價格走強,導致二甲醚的 平均售價及銷量分別同比增加39% 及38%。

MELAMINE

Revenue derived from the sales of melamine increased by approximately RMB585 million or 94% from RMB621 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB1,206 million for FY2021. The increase was mainly due to an increase in the average selling price of melamine by 105% YoY which was largely the result of the strong rebound in demand and prices in the domestic chemical products. The increase was partially offset by the reduction in the sales volume by 5% YoY. The decline in sales was mainly attributable to a scheduled shutdown carried out for maintenance in mid-September, to ensure the safety of our production.

FURFURY ALCOHOL

Revenue derived from the sales of furfuryl alcohol products increased by approximately RMB311 million or 59% from approximately RMB524 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB835 million for FY2021. The increase in sales revenue was mainly due to the increase of average selling price of approximately 71% YoY. Since 2019, furfuryl alcohol has obvious advantages in the industrial chain by virtue of its own raw materials such as furfural and hydrogen resources. The Group has become a leading enterprise in the industry by continuously improving product quality and reducing production costs by using the only patented technology in the industry.

MEDICAL INTERMEDIATE

Revenue derived from the sales of medical intermediate increased by approximately RMB276 million or 119% from approximately RMB232 million for FY2020 to approximately RMB508 million for FY2021. This was due mainly to the continuous release of production capacity, which led to a YoY increase of approximately 159% in sales.

三聚氰胺

三聚氰胺的銷售收入由二零二零財 政年度的約人民幣621,000,000元增 加約人民幣585,000,000元或約94% 至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 1,206,000,000元。該增加主要是由於 三聚氰胺的平均售價同比增加105% 所致,而這主要是由於國內化學產 品需求及價格強勢回彈。該增加部 分被銷量同比下降5%所抵銷。銷 售額下降主要是由於為確保生產安 全,於九月中旬進行了計劃停工及 檢修。

糠醇

糠醇產品的銷售收入由二零二零 財政年度的約人民幣524,000,000元 增加約人民幣311,000,000元或59% 至二零二一財政年度的約人民幣 835,000,000元。銷售收入增加主要 是由於平均售價同比上升約71%。 自二零一九年以來,糠醇憑藉自有 原料糠醛及氫氣等資源,產業鏈優 勢明顯,並通過利用行業唯一的專 利技術,不斷提高產品質量,降低 生產成本,已成為行業領先企業。

醫藥中間體

醫藥中間體的銷售收入由二零二零 財政年度的約人民幣232,000,000元 增加約人民幣276,000,000元或約 119%至二零二一財政年度的約人民 幣508,000,000元。該增加的主要原 因是產能的持續釋放,帶動銷量同 比上升約159%所致。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

PROFITABILITY

UREA

Gross profit margin of urea of the Group increased by approximately 6.2 percentage points to approximately 33.5% for FY2021 from approximately 27.3% for FY2020. The increase was due mainly to a higher increase in the average selling price of 39% of urea, as compared to a 27% increase in the cost of goods sold.

UREA SOLUTION FOR VEHICLE

Gross profit margin of sales of urea solution for vehicle decreased by approximately 1.4 percentage points from approximately 32.8% for FY2020 to 31.4% for FY2021. The average selling price for urea solution for vehicle increased by approximately 1% in FY2021, while the cost of goods sold increased by 3%.

COMPOUND FERTILISER

Gross profit margin of compound fertilisers of the Group decreased to approximately 4 percentage point to approximately 13.1% in FY2021 from approximately 17.1% in FY2020. The decrease was mainly due to a higher increase in average cost of raw material, such as phosphate and potash fertilisers, by approximately 20% and 11%, respectively.

METHANOL

Gross profit margin of methanol of the Group increased by 9.9 percentage points to approximately 12.4% for FY2021 from approximately 2.5% for FY2020. This was mainly due to the rebound in international energy prices, which in turn caused the increase in the average selling price of methanol by approximately 53% YoY.

DIMETHYL ETHER (DME)

Gross profit margin of DME of the Group increased by approximately 6.5 percentage points to approximately 12.4% for FY2021 from approximately 5.8% for FY2020 as a result of the increase in the average selling price of DME of 39% YoY.

盈利能力

尿素

本集團的尿素毛利率由二零二零財 政年度的約27.3%增加約6.2個百分 點至二零二一財政年度的約33.5%。 該增加乃主要由於尿素的平均售價 上升了39%,而銷售貨物成本上升 了27%。

車用尿素溶液

車用尿素溶液的毛利率由二零二零 財政年度的約32.8%下降約1.4個百 分點至二零二一財政年度的31.4%。 車用尿素溶液的平均售價於二零 二一財政年度上升約1%,而銷售貨 物成本增加了3%。

複合肥

本集團的複合肥毛利率由二零二零 財政年度的約17.1%下降約4個百分 點至二零二一財政年度的約13.1%。 該下降主要是由於磷肥、鉀肥等原 材料的平均成本分別上升約20%及 11%。

甲醇

本集團的甲醇毛利率由二零二零財 政年度的約2.5%上升約9.9個百分點 至二零二一財政年度的約12.4%。此 乃主要由於國際能源價格反彈,繼 而導致甲醇的平均售價同比增加約 53%。

二甲醚 (DME)

本集團二甲醚的毛利率由二零二零 財政年度的約5.8%增加約6.5個百分 點至二零二一財政年度的約12.4%, 此乃由於二甲醚的平均售價同比增 加約39%。

MELAMINE

Gross profit margin of melamine of the Group increased by approximately 32.3 percentage points to approximately 64.7% for FY2021 from approximately 32.4% for FY2020 due mainly a surge in the average selling price of melamine of 105% YoY.

FURFURYL ALCOHOL

Gross profit margin of furfuryl alcohol products of the Group increased by approximately 1.4 percentage point from approximately 13.9% for FY2020 to 15.2% for FY2021 due mainly to an increase of average selling price of furfuryl alcohol by 71% YoY.

MEDICAL INTERMEDIATE

Gross profit margin of medical intermediate of the Group increased by approximately 4.5 percentage point from approximately 17% for FY2020 to 21.5% for FY2021 due mainly to an approximately 20% decrease in the average cost of medical intermediate.

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Other income and gains decreased by approximately RMB30 million from approximately RMB199 million in FY2020 to approximately RMB169 million in FY2021. The decrease was mainly due to (1) a decrease in gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment of RMB27 million in FY2021; (2) a decrease in exchange gains of RMB15 million in FY2021; and (3) a decrease in subsidy income by RMB8 million in FY2021. The decrease was partially offset by a write-off of account payables that cannot be paid amounting RMB10 million which was recognized as other income in FY2021.

三聚氰胺

本集團三聚氰胺的毛利率由二零二 零財政年度的約32.4%增加約32.3 個百分點至二零二一財政年度的約 64.7%,此乃由於三聚氰胺的平均售 價同比急升約105%。

糠醇

本集團糠醇產品的毛利率由二零 二零財政年度的約13.9%增加約1.4 個百分點至二零二一財政年度的 15.2%。此乃主要由於糠醇的平均售 價同比上升71%。

醫藥中間體

本集團醫藥中間體的毛利率由二零 二零財政年度的約17%增加約4.5 個百分點至二零二一財政年度的約 21.5%,此乃主要由於醫藥中間體平 均成本下降約20%。

其他收入及收益

其他收入及收益由二零二零財政年 度的約人民幣199,000,000元減少約 人民幣30,000,000元至二零二一財政 年度的約人民幣169,000,000元。 該減少主要是由於(1)二零二一財政年 度出售物業、廠房及設備的收益減 少為人民幣27,000,000元;(2)二零 二一財政年度的匯兑收益減少為人 民幣15,000,000元;及(3)二零二一 財政年度的補助金收入減少人民幣 8,000,000元所致。該減少部分被於 二零二一財政年度註銷未能償還金 額人民幣10,000,000元並確認為其他 收入的應付款項所抵銷。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Selling and distribution expenses increased by approximately RMB142 million from RMB621 million in FY2020 to RMB763 million in FY2021. The increase was mainly due to: (1) the business volume increased as the Group expanded; in order to meet the needs of development, the Group employed more staff and implemented staff incentive policies, contributing to an expense of RMB67 million; (2) the transportation expenses increased by RMB48 million as sales increased; (3) the social insurance increased by RMB8 million; and (4) the information technology ("IT") service fees increased by RMB4 million, in order to expand sales channels, keep abreast of the market demand and improve the application of big data.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately RMB311 million from approximately RMB624 million in FY2020 to approximately RMB935 million in FY2021. The increase was mainly due to: (1) the increase of expenses in product R&D and technological upgrade, and the increase in training and remuneration benefits for the core technical personnel and management personnel, with a total increase of RMB149 million; (2) the increase of expenses in intelligent and digitalized parks as well as information technology consultation services, with a total increase of RMB21 million; (3) the increase of expenses by RMB21 million for further improving the safety and environmental protection level of the park; (4) the increase of expenses by RMB29 million for improving management skills of middle-to-senior management in each production base and increasing training expenses, as well as developing talent pools for new production base; and (5) the increase of expenses by RMB90 million for putting into operation of new projects and new bases such as the Jiujiang base, the green transformation project, and the hydrogen peroxide project.

銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支由二零二零財政年 度的人民幣621,000,000元增加約人 民幣142,000,000元至二零二一財 政年度的人民幣763,000,000元。該 增加主要是由於(1)隨本集團規模 擴大,業務量增加,為滿足發展需 要,本集團新增業務員並對其實行 員工激勵政策增加人民幣67,000,000 元的開支:(2)隨著銷量的增加,運 輸開支增加人民幣8,000,000元;(3) 社保增加人民幣8,000,000元;及(4) 為拓寬銷售渠道,及時了解市場需 求,提高大數據應用水平,增加信 息技術([信息技術])服務費人民幣 4,000,000元所致。

一般及行政開支

一般及行政開支由二零二零財政年 度的約人民幣624,000,000元增加約 人民幣311,000,000元至二零二一財 政年度的約人民幣935,000,000元。 該增加主要是由於:(1)增加產品 研發及技術改造投入、增加對核心 技術人才和管理人才的培養及薪酬 待遇,共計增加人民幣149,000,000 元;(2)增加園區智能化、數字化 投入及信息技術諮詢服務費用共計 增加人民幣21,000,000元;(3)進一 步提升園區安全環保水平增加開支 人民幣21,000,000元;(4)提升各基 地中高層管理能力,增加培訓費, 以及為開拓新基地儲備人才,增加 人民幣29,000,000元;及(5)九江基 地、緑色改造項目及雙氧水項目等 新項目、新基地投產增加人民幣 90,000,000元。

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs increased by approximately RMB182 million from approximately RMB401 million in FY2020 to approximately RMB583 million in FY2021 because the amounts of interest-bearing borrowings and loans increased as the Jiujiang base was put into operation.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense increased by approximately RMB299 million from approximately RMB107 million in FY2020 to approximately RMB406 million in FY2021.

PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The profit for the year increased by RMB1,245 million or approximately 238% from RMB524 million in FY2020 to RMB1,769 million in FY2021.

財務成本

財務成本由二零二零財政年度的約 人民幣401,000,000元增加約人民幣 182,000,000元至二零二一財政年度 的約人民幣583,000,000元,主要由 於九江基地開始投產,計息借款及 貸款增加所致。

所得税開支

所得税開支由二零二零財政年度的 約人民幣107,000,000元增加約人民 幣299,000,000元至二零二一財政年 度的約人民幣406,000,000元。

年內溢利

年內溢利由二零二零財政年度的 約人民幣524,000,000元增加人民幣 1,245,000,000元或約238%至二零二一 財政年度的約人民幣1,769,000,000元。 管理層討論與分析

(II) FINANCIAL REVIEW

GEARING

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the aggregate of total capital and net debt. The Group's policy is to keep the gearing ratio below 90%.

(II) 財務狀況回顧

資產負債

本集團使用資產負債比率(負債淨 額除以總資本加負債淨額總和)來 監控資本。本集團的政策是將資產 負債比率維持在90%以下。

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	774,423	508,978
Bills payable	應付票據	850,474	1,110,814
Contract liabilities	合約負債	1,079,227	818,149
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	2,365,180	1,936,405
Other liabilities	其他負債	117,867	_
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	81,166	12,353
Loans from non-controlling interests	非控股權益貸款	47,800	24,870
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	11,368,775	9,347,719
Bonds payable	應付債券	494,704	489,892
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23,258	72,541
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(893,116)	(682,041)
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	(753,545)	(707,435)
Net debt	負債淨額	15,556,213	12,932,245
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	5,693,550	4,530,433
Less: Statutory reserve fund	減:法定儲備金	(510,920)	(200,307)
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	5,182,630	4,330,126
Capital and net debt	資本及負債淨額	20,738,843	17,262,371
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	75.01%	74.92%

Net debt includes interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, bonds payable, trade and bills payables, contract liabilities, amounts due to related companies, accruals and other payables, and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents and pledged time deposits. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the parent less the above-mentioned restricted statutory reserve fund. 負債淨額包括計息銀行及其他貸款、應付債券、貿易應付款項及應 付票據、合約負債、應付關連公司 款項、應計費用及其他應付款項及 租賃負債減現金及現金等價物以及 已抵押定期存款。資本包括母公司 擁有人應佔權益減上述法定儲備金。

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		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Analysed into:	分析為:			
Bank loans repayable:	須償還銀行貸款:			
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	5,834,004	3,810,227	
In the second year	第二年	2,080,704	2,101,962	
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年(含)	2,241,039	2,298,963	
Beyond five years	五年後	170,000	255,000	
		10,325,747	8,466,152	
Loans from leasing company finance lease payables:	應付租賃公司貸款/融資 租賃:			
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	568,209	327,433	
In the second year	第二年	332,883	385,306	
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至五年(含)	141,936	168,828	
		1,043,028	881,567	
		11,368,775	9,347,719	

(III) **PROSPECTS**

International oil prices have been rising alongside raw material commodity prices since 2022; in particular, the increase in the prices of raw materials, potash fertilizer and phosphate fertilizer, have provided strong support for fertilizer prices in the PRC. Moreover, the global food prices have risen due to the ongoing pandemic, leading to growing concerns on food security and agricultural development in the PRC. The increasing demand for fertilizers in agriculture will continue to drive the price of fertilizers. At the same time, various government domestic policies will support efficient operations of the market and prices of high quality agricultural products, thereby boosting the use of high-end fertilizers. As an advocate of high efficiency fertilizers, the Group foresees further sales growth. For the chemical products market, PRC domestic environmental protection policies have become stricter under the influence of the "dual carbon" policy, and the chemical products market has accelerated consolidation. The Group will take advantage of its geographical reach, adhere to the environmental protection principles, vigorously develop and expand fine chemical industry chain, thereby achieving high-quality and comprehensive development of the Group.

(III) 前景

二零二二年以來,國際油價不斷攀 升,基礎原料價格隨之上漲,原材 料的上升為中國化肥價格提供有力 的成本支撑,另外,受疫情持續影 響,全球糧價上漲,國家對糧食安 全與農業發展也愈加重視,農業對 化肥需求量的增加,導致化肥價格 仍將保持高位運行。同時,國內各 項政策將支持市場高質量運行,推 動高端農產品價格上升,從而帶動 高端肥料使用量上行,本集團作為 高效肥的倡導者,將進一步拉動銷 量增長。對於化工品市場來説,受 「雙碳」政策影響,國內環保政策趨 嚴,化工品市場加速整合,本集團 將借助園區優勢,堅持綠色環保, 大力發展精細化工,助力本集團高 質量全面發展。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

With the introduction of the "dual-carbon" and energy consumption dual control policies, the advantages of resource-based leading enterprises have continuously been accentuated. The national policies have strongly supported leading enterprises to grow and expand, thereby further improving the industry concentration level, and promoting the high-quality and healthy development of the industry. As one of the leading enterprises in the industry, the Group will take advantage of its base-characteristic layout to strengthen the flexibility on products adjustment and optimize products portfolio, as well as further increase R&D of high-efficiency fertilizers and based on the unique characteristics of each of the Group's three production bases, actively expand and strengthen its chemical industry chain. At the same time, with the upgrading projects of the second and third plants successfully commissioned, the Group has fully adopted advanced production technology, accentuating its technological and low-cost advantages.

Going forward, the Group will leverage new government policies, seize the opportunity of high-quality development, and accelerate transformation and upgrading under the new development landscape, thereby further enhancing the Group's profitability and market competitiveness, and achieving stable and sustainable development in the long term.

(IV) PROPOSED FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB19 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "**Proposed Final Dividend**") (2020: RMB10 cents per share), subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Company will further announce details of the Proposed Final Dividend, the annual general meeting and the period of closure of the Company's register of members for determining the entitlement to the Proposed Final Dividend in due course.

Amount in RMB will be converted into HKD and the payment of the Proposed Final Dividend will be made in HKD, at the rate of approximately RMB1 = HKD1.2274, which is the official exchange rate of RMB against HKD as quoted on 25 March 2022 by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. Therefore, based on the above conversion of the exchange rate, the Final Dividend to be paid in HKD will be HKD0.2332 per ordinary share. 下一步,本集團將充分利用好政府 新政策,緊抓高質量發展的機遇, 在新發展格局下,加速轉型升級, 進一步提升盈利能力和市場競爭 力,從而實現本集團長期穩定可持 續發展。

(IV) 建議末期股息

董事會建議派發截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度末期股息每 股人民幣19分(「建議末期股息」)(二 零二零年:每股人民幣10分),須 經股東於本公司即將舉行的股東週 年大會上批准。本公司將於適當時 候進一步公佈建議末期股息、股東 週年大會及釐定有權參與股東週年 大會並於會上投票的本公司股東名 冊暫停登記相關日期之詳情。

將人民幣兑換為港元,以港元支付 建議末期股息,乃按人民幣1元兑 1.2274港幣的匯率計算,這是人民 幣兑港元的官方匯率,為二零二二 年三月二十五日香港上海滙豐銀行 有限公司的報價。因此根據上述匯 率換算,以港元支付的末期股息將 為每股普通股0.2332港元

(V) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL RISKS

(I) MARKET RISK

The major market risks of the Group include changes in the average selling prices of key products, changes in the costs of raw materials (mainly coal) and fluctuations in interest and exchange rates.

(II) COMMODITY PRICE RISK

The Group is also exposed to commodity price risk arising from fluctuations in product sale prices and costs of raw materials.

(III) INTEREST RATE RISK

The major market interest rate risk that the Group is exposed to includes the Group's long-term debt obligations which are subject to floating interest rates.

(IV) FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group's revenue and costs are primarily denominated in RMB. Some costs may be denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars or Singapore dollars.

(V) 補充資料

- 1. 營運及財務風險
 - (I) 市場風險

本集團的主要市場風 險包括主要產品平均 售價變動、原材料(主 要為煤)的成本變動及 利率和匯率的波動。

(II) 商品價格風險

本集團亦面臨因產品 售價及原材料成本波 動而產生的商品價格 風險。

(III) 利率風險

本集團承擔的主要市 場利率風險包括本集 團受浮動利率影響的 長期債務承擔。

(IV) 外匯風險

本集團的收入及成本 主要以人民幣計值。 部分成本可能以港 元、美元或新加坡元 計值。

(V) INFLATION AND CURRENCY RISK

According to the data released by the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the consumer price index of the PRC increased by approximately 0.9% in the year ended 31 December 2021 as compared with an increase of approximately 2.5% in 2020. Such inflation in the PRC did not have a significant effect on the Group's operating results.

(VI) LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group monitors its risk exposure to shortage of funds. The Group regularly reviews the maturity of both its financial investments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables and other financial assets) and projects cash flows from operations. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts and bank loans. As at 31 December 2021, approximately RMB6,402 million (31 December 2020: approximately RMB4,138 million), or approximately 56.31% (31 December 2020: 44.26%) of the Group's debts will mature in less than one year based on the carrying value of the borrowings reflected in the financial statements.

(V) 通脹及貨幣風險

根據中國國家數據統中國國家數據統 計局公佈的數據,中 國的消費者物價指物價指數 於截至二零二一日止 度上漲約0.9%,而 二零二零年則上漲約 2.5%。中國的經營業績 至 無重大影響。

(VI) 流動資金風險

本集團監控其資金短 缺的風險。本集團定 期檢討其財務投資及 金融資產(例如貿易 應收款項及其他金融 資產)的到期情況及 經營業務的預測現金 流量。本集團的目標 是通過使用銀行透支 及銀行貸款,維持資 金持續及靈活性之間 的平衡。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日, 根據於財務報表內所 反映的借款的賬面 值,本集團債務中約 人民幣6,402,000,000 元(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:約人民 幣4,138,000,000元) 或 約56.31%(二零二零 年十二月三十一日: 44.26%)將於一年內到 期。

(VII) GEARING RISK

The Group monitors its capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may raise new debt or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. The gearing ratio of the Group (calculated as net debt divided by the aggregate of total capital and net debt) increased from approximately 74.92% as at 31 December 2020 to approximately 75.01% as at 31 December 2021.

2. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2020: Nil).

3. MATERIAL LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION

As at 31 December 2021, the Group was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration (2020: Nil).

(VII) 資產負債風險

本集團監控其資本比 率,以支持其業務及 最大化股東價值。本 集團根據經濟狀況變 動管理資本結構以及 就此作出調整。本集 團可以透過籌集新債 或發行新股以保持或 調整資本結構。於截 至二零二一年及二零 二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,管理資本 的目標、政策或流程 概無任何變動。本集 團資產負債比率(負債 淨額除以總資本加負 債淨額總和)自二零 二零年十二月三十一 日的約74.92% ト升 至二零二一年十二月 三十一日的約75.01%。

2. 或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債(二零二零年:無)。

3. 重大訴訟及仲裁

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團並未牽涉任何重 大訴訟或仲裁(二零二零年: 無)。 管理層討論與分析

4. SCOPE OF WORK OF ERNST & YOUNG

The figures in respect of preliminary announcement of Group results for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been agreed by the Group's auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, to the amount set out in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by Ernst & Young LLP in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with International standards on Auditing, International Standards on Review Engagements or International Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by International Accounting Standards Board and consequently no assurance has been expressed by Ernst & Young LLP on the preliminary announcement.

5. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") has reviewed the accounting principles and standards adopted by the Group, and has discussed and reviewed the internal control and reporting matters. The results for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

6. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company devotes to best practice on corporate governance, and has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the SEHK (the "Listing Rules") during the year ended 31 December 2021.

安永會計師事務所的工作 範圍

5. 審核委員會

本公司的審核委員會(「**審核** 委員會」)已檢討本集團採 納的會計原則及準則,並討 論及檢討內部監控及申報事 宜。審核委員會已審閱截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度的業績。

6. 遵守企業管治守則

本公司致力奉行最佳企業管 治常規,並已於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年 度遵守聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載 的企業管治守則的所有守則 條文。

7. COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUER

The Board has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules and its amendments from time to time as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company. The Board confirms that, having made specific enquiries with all directors of the Company, all directors have complied with the required standards of the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2021.

8. PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2021, neither the Company nor its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the securities of the Company.

9. EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2021, there were 8,698 (2020: 8,257) employees in the Group. Staff remuneration packages are determined in consideration of market conditions and the performance of the individuals concerned, and are subject to review from time to time. The Group also provides other staff benefits including medical and life insurance, and grants discretionary incentive bonuses to eligible staff based on their performance and contributions to the Group.

10. DISCLOSURE ON THE WEBSITES OF THE SEHK AND THE COMPANY

This report is published on the website of the SEHK (http://www.hkexnews.hk) and on the website of the Company (http://www.chinaxlx.com.hk).

遵守上市發行人董事進行
證券交易的標準守則

董事會已採納上市規則附錄 十所載的上市發行人董事 行證券交易的標準守則(「 **準守則**」)及其不時的修 本,作為其本身有關本公 司全體董事會確認,經 行 之司全體董事作出指定查 後,於截至二零二一年十二 人一日止年度內,全體 董專均已遵守標準守則規定 的準則。

8. 購買、出售或贖回本公司 的證券

> 截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司的任何證 券。

9. 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團有8,698名(二零 二零年:8,257名)僱員。員 工薪酬待遇乃經考慮市況及 有關個人的表現後釐定,並 可不時予以檢討。本集團亦 提供其他員工福利,包括醫 療保險及壽險,並根據合資 格員工的表現及對本集團的 貢獻,授出酌情獎勵花紅。

10. 於聯交所及本公司網站的 披露

> 本報告已於聯交所網站 (http://www.hkexnews.hk) 及本公司網站(http://www. chinaxlx.com.hk)刊發。

Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書

BOARD

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

MR. LIU XINGXU CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

Aged 67, is principally in charge of overall strategic planning and business development of the Group. Mr. Liu was appointed as an executive Director on 26 July 2006. He is also a member of the NC and the sole shareholder and a director of Pioneer Top Holdings Limited, a controlling Shareholder. Mr. Liu graduated from Xinxiang Broadcasting and Television University in July 1986 with a Diploma in Arts. In 2006, he completed EDP (Executive Development Program) from Guanghua School of Management, Peking University. In 2010, Mr. Liu was awarded the gualification of "Senior Economist" by the People's Government of Henan Province and the EMBA degree from Tsinghua University. Mr. Liu has over 20 years of experience in the chemical fertiliser industry. He is currently the senior vice chairman of China Nitrogen Fertiliser Industry Association. Mr. Liu was appointed the factory head of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory, a state-owned enterprise, in charge of factory operations in 1994 and then became the chairman and the general manager of XLX Chem from July 2003 to July 2006. He was the general manager of Henan XLX from July 2006 to April 2016, and has also been the chairman of Henan XLX since July 2006. In 2004, he was awarded the "Henan Province Labour Model (Advanced Worker)" and in 2005, he was awarded the Henan Province Outstanding Private Enterprise Entrepreneur" by the People's Government of Henan Province. He was also the winner of "National Labour Day Medal" in 2009 issued by All China Federation of Trade Unions, and was awarded the "China Petroleum & Chemical Outstanding Private Enterprises Entrepreneurs Innovation Award" in 2014. He was awarded the "Henan Economic Celebrity of the year 2014" and "Model Worker of China" in 2015, and also the "Most Excellent Citizen in Xinxiang" in 2017. He was awarded the 2nd session of Henan Province's "Most Beautiful Environmentalist" in 2018, and also the "Outstanding Member of the Communist Party in Henan Province" in 2021.

董事會

執行董事

劉興旭先生 董事會主席

67歳,主要負責本集團的整體戰略規劃 及業務發展。劉先生於二零零六年七月 二十六日出任執行董事,彼亦為提名委 員會成員及控股股東Pioneer Top Holdings Limited的唯一股東及董事。劉先生於 一九八六年七月畢業於新鄉廣播電視大學 文學系;二零零六年完成北京大學光華管 理學院高級管理人員培訓課程;二零一零 年獲得清華大學高級管理人員工商管理碩 士學位。劉先生於化肥業擁有逾20年經 驗,目前是中國氮肥工業協會高級副理事 長。劉先生於一九九四年獲委任為國有企 業新鄉化肥總廠廠長,負責工廠營運;二 零零三年七月至二零零六年七月成為心連 心化工董事長及總經理;二零零六年七月 至二零一六年四月出任河南心連心總經 理,並自二零零六年七月起出任河南心連 心董事長。劉先生於二零零四年獲河南省 人民政府頒授 [河南省勞動模範(先進工作 者)]殊榮;二零零五年獲「河南省優秀民 營企業家」殊榮;二零零九年被中華全國 總工會授予「全國五一勞動獎章」殊榮;二 零一四年被授予「中國石油和化工優秀民 營企業家創新成就獎|殊榮;二零一五年 獲「二零一四年度河南經濟年度人物」及「全 國勞動模範」稱號;二零一七年獲「最美新 鄉人」榮譽稱號;二零一八年獲河南省第 二屆「最美環保人物」榮譽稱號;二零二一 年獲「河南省優秀共產黨員」榮譽稱號。
MR. ZHANG QINGJIN

Aged 55, is principally in charge of the decision making with respect to overall management and day-to-day business operations of the Group. Mr. Zhang was appointed as an executive Director on 27 March 2015. Mr. Zhang graduated from Zhengzhou Engineering College (currently known as "Zhengzhou University") in July 1987 with a diploma in chemical equipment, and obtained the EMBA degree from Tsinghua University in 2009. He has over 20 years of experience in the chemical fertiliser industry. He is currently the senior advisory of China Nitrogen Fertiliser Industry Association and the vice president of China Phosphate and Compound Fertilizer Industry Association. Mr. Zhang joined Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory in July 1987 and held various positions, including unit head of equipment and facility department, unit head of production and technical department, section head of equipment and facility upgrade and department head of technical upgrade in Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory. Mr. Zhang was appointed as the manager of the technical centre of XLX Chem from August 2003 to July 2006. He was also the manager of the technical centre of Henan XLX from July 2006 to November 2006. Mr. Zhang was the deputy general manager of Henan XLX from November 2006 to July 2011, and was the executive deputy general manager of Henan XLX from July 2011 to April 2016, and then he has become the general manager of Henan XLX since April 2016. In June 2016, he was awarded the "Outstanding Member of the Communist Party in Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region" by the Party Committee of the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region. In September 2018, he was awarded the "Outstanding Individual" by China Nitrogen Fertiliser Industry Association and the "Labour Day Medal of Henan Province" in May 2021.

張慶金先生

55歲,主要負責本集團整體管理及日常 業務經營決策。張先生於二零一五年三月 二十七日獲委任為執行董事。張先生於 一九八七年七月畢業於鄭州工學院(現稱鄭 州大學),獲得化學設備文憑,並於二零零 九年獲得清華大學高級管理人員工商管理 碩士學位。彼於化肥業擁有逾20年經驗, 目前為中國氮肥工業協會高級顧問、中國 磷復肥協會副理事長。張先生於一九八七 年七月加盟新鄉化肥總廠並曾任多個職 位,包括設備科科長、生產技術科科長、 技改辦設備組組長及新鄉化肥總廠技改部 門主管等;二零零三年八月至二零零六 年七月獲委任為心連心化工技術中心經 **理;**二零零六年七月至二零零六年十一月 出任河南心連心技術中心經理;二零零六 年十一月至二零一一年七月出任河南心連 心副總經理;二零一一年七月至二零一六 年四月出任河南心連心常務副總經理,並 自二零一六年四月起成為河南心連心總經 理。張先生於二零一六年六月,被新疆維 吾爾自治區黨委授予 [新疆維吾爾自治區 優秀共產黨員」榮譽稱號;二零一八年九 月,被中國氮肥工業協會授予「突出貢獻 個人」榮譽稱號;二零二一年五月獲「河南 省五一勞動獎章」殊榮。

Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries 董事、高級管理層及公司秘書

MS. YAN YUNHUA

Aged 51, is principally in charge of the decision making with respect to all financial matters within the Group. Ms. Yan was appointed as an executive Director on 10 November 2006. Ms. Yan is the sole shareholder and a director of Go Power Investments Limited, a substantial Shareholder. She graduated from Xi'an Jiaotong University in July 2003 with a degree in accountancy. Ms. Yan obtained the EMBA (Executive Master of Business Administration) degree from Guanghua School of Management, Peking University in July 2009. Ms. Yan has 20 years of accounting and finance experience. Ms. Yan is currently the executive chairman of the Finance Research Committee of China Nitrogen Fertiliser Industry Association and the vice chairman of Henan Provincial Association of CFO. She joined Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory in December 1997 and held various positions in Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory, including the deputy head of finance division and the deputy chief accountant. She was also the chief accountant in charge of finance of XLX Chem from 2003 to July 2006. She was the deputy general manager of Henan XLX from July 2006 to April 2016, and has become the vice chairman of Henan XLX since April 2016. Ms. Yan obtained the "Accountant" certification from the Ministry of Finance of the PRC in May 1997 and obtained the "Senior Accountant" certification from Henan Province Accountant Series Senior Assessment Committee in December 2005. Ms. Yan was awarded the "Accountants Contribution Award" and "Excellent Leaders in the Enterprise Information construction of the China Petroleum and Chemical Industry" in the PRC in 2008, "Advanced Worker in Accounting of Henan Province" in 2009, "Labour Day Medal of Henan Province" in 2015, and "National Labour Day Medal" in 2019.

閆蘊華女士

51歲,主要負責本集團內所有財務事宜相 關決策。閆女士於二零零六年十一月十日 獲委任為執行董事,彼亦為主要股東Go Power Investments Limited 的唯一股東及董 事。閆女士於二零零三年七月畢業於西安 交通大學,取得會計學士學位;二零零九 年七月獲北京大學光華管理學院頒授高級 管理人員工商管理碩士學位。閆女士擁有 逾20年會計及財務經驗,目前擔任中國 氮肥工業協會財務研究會執行主席及河南 省總會計師協會副會長等職務。閆女士於 一九九七年十二月加盟新鄉化肥總廠, 曾 擔任多個職位,包括財務科副科長及副總 會計師;二零零三年至二零零六年七月出 任心連心化工總會計師,負責財務事宜; 二零零六年七月至二零一六年四月出任河 南心連心副總經理,並自二零一六年四月 起成為河南心連心副董事長。閆女士於 一九九七年五月獲中國財政部頒授 [會計 師資格認證」證書;二零零五年十二月獲 河南省會計系列高評會頒授 「高級會計師 資格認證」證書;二零零八年榮獲「中國總 會計師貢獻獎」及「中國石油和化工企業信 息化建設優秀領導」殊榮;二零零九年被 評為「河南省先進會計工作者」; 二零一五 年獲「河南省五一勞動獎章」;二零一九年 獲「全國五一勞動獎章|殊榮。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

MR. ONG KIAN GUAN

Aged 54, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 11 May 2007. He is also the chairman of the AC and a member of both the RC and the NC. He graduated from the Nanyang Technological University in Singapore with a Bachelor of Accountancy degree in May 1992. He has more than 20 years of professional experience in financial audits of multinational corporations and public listed companies from diverse industries. He is a practising member and a fellow of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, and also a partner of Baker Tilly TFW LLP. He is also an independent non-executive director of Omnibridge Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of SEHK) since 15 December 2020. Mr. Ong resigned as an independent director of Alliance Mineral Assets Limited (a company listed on SGXST) with effect from 17 December 2019. He has ceased to be an independent non-executive director of IAG Holdings Limited and RMH Holdings Limited (both companies are listed on the GEM of SEHK) on 30 April 2020 and 24 September 2021 respectively.

獨立非執行董事

王建源先生

54歲, 自二零零七年五月十一日起獲委任 為獨立非執行董事,彼亦為審核委員會主 席以及薪酬委員會和提名委員會的成員。 王先生於一九九二年五月畢業於新加坡南 洋理工大學,取得會計學學士學位。王先 生在從事不同行業的跨國公司及公眾上市 公司的財務審核有逾20年的專業經驗。彼 為新加坡特許會計師協會執業會計師及資 深會員,並為Baker Tilly TFW LLP的合夥人。 彼亦自二零二零年十二月十五日起擔任中 安控股集團有限公司(一家於聯交所主板 上市的公司)的獨立非執行董事。王先生 已辭任 Alliance Mineral Assets Limited (一家 於新交所上市的公司)的獨立董事,自二 零一九年十二月十七日起生效。彼分別於 二零二零年四月三十日及二零二一年九月 二十四日辭任迎宏控股有限公司及德斯控 股有限公司的獨立非執行董事(該兩家公 司均於聯交所GEM上市)。

Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries 董事、高級管理層及公司秘書

MR. LI SHENGXIAO

Aged 59, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 11 May 2007. He is also the chairman of the NC and a member of both the AC and the RC. Mr. Li graduated from Hangzhou University (currently known as Zhejiang University) in July 1987 with a graduation certificate in politics. He then obtained a master's degree in law from Hangzhou University in July 1990. Mr. Li has been working in Shaoxing University since September 1995, and successively served as secretary of the Party Committee of the Department of Economics and Trade, director of the Department of Economics and Management, and executive vice president of the College of Economics and Management. From June 2004 to November 2013, he served as the dean of the School of Economics and Management and the deputy secretary of the Party Committee. He is currently the dean of the Yueshang Research Institute (越商研究院) of Shaoxing University and the director of the Regional Development Research Center of Shaoxing University. He has been the instructor of establishment of small and medium enterprises in Zhejiang Province since 2006. Mr. Li has been appointed as an independent director of Bank of Shaoxing Co., Ltd. from November 2013 to June 2020. Mr. Li is also an independent director of Zhejiang China Light & Textile Industrial City Group Co., Ltd (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange) from 2014 to 2020. He was as an independent director of Anhui Jiangnan Chemical Industry Co, Ltd. (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange) between 2012 and 2018. Mr. Li is also an independent director of Zhejiang Furun Digital Technology Co., Itd (since June 2020) and Kuaijishan Shaoxing Rice Wine Co., Ltd. (since May 2021) (both companies are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange). He was awarded the "high school outstanding youth teacher of Zhejiang Province" in September 1991.

李生校先生

59歲,自二零零七年五月十一日起獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為提名委員會主 席以及審核委員會和薪酬委員會的成員。 李先生於一九八七年七月畢業於杭州大學 (現稱浙江大學)政治專業;於一九九零 年七月取得杭州大學法學碩士學位。李先 生自一九九五年九月起在紹興文理學院工 作,先後擔任經貿系黨支部書記、經管系 主任、經管學院常務副院長;二零零四年 六月至二零一三年十一月擔任經濟與管理 學院院長、黨總支副書記。現任紹興文理 學院越商研究院院長、紹興文理學院區域 發展研究中心主任。李先生自二零零六年 起出任浙江省中小企業局浙江省中小企業 創業指導師;二零一三年十一月至二零二 零年六月擔任紹興銀行股份有限公司的獨 立董事;二零一四年至二零二零年曾擔任 浙江中國經紡城集團股份有限公司(一家 於上海證券交易所上市的公司)的獨立董 事;二零一二年至二零一八年擔任安徽江 南化工股份有限公司(一家於深圳證券交 易所上市的公司)的獨立董事;彼亦擔任 浙江富潤數字科技股份有限公司(自二零 二零年六月起)及會稽山紹興酒股份有限 公司(自二零二一年五月起)的獨立董事, 兩家於上海證券交易所上市的公司。李先 生於一九九一年九月獲頒授「浙江省高校 傑出青年教師」的殊榮。

MR. ONG WEI JIN

Aged 55, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 11 May 2007. He is also the chairman of the RC and a member of both the AC and the NC. He obtained a Bachelor of Laws degree from the National University of Singapore in 1990, a Master of Business Administration degree from University of Hull in 1993, and a Master of Laws degree from the National University of Singapore in 1995. He is a partner in Harry Elias Partnership LLP (a Singapore law firm). He was an independent director of Luzhou Bio-chem Technology Limited (ceased on 8 December 2020), CFM Holdings Limited (ceased on 26 June 2020), and Camsing Healthcare Limited (formerly known as Jacks International Limited) (ceased on 20 March 2019), all these companies are listed on the SGX-ST.

MR. LI HONGXING

Aged 46, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since 16 May 2018. Mr. Li received a Master of Business Administration from Australian Graduate School of Management in 2011 and a Bachelor of Arts in International Business from the Guangdong University of Foreign Studies in 1997. Mr. Li has been the Managing Director of CDG International Company Limited since 2016. Mr. Li served as the supervisor in Farasis Energy (GanZhou) Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange) from July 2020 to November 2020; and the head of energy, mining and equipment (corporate finance) in CITIC CLSA Securities from 2010 to 2016; and an equity analyst of HSBC with a focus on Asian oil and chemicals from 2007 to 2010. Before that, Mr. Li had worked in BP Group, Dongguan Nokia Mobile Phones Co., Ltd. and PricewaterhouseCoopers China.

王為仁先生

55歲,自二零零七年五月十一日起獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,彼亦為薪酬委員會 主席以及審核委員會和提名委員會的成 員。王先生於一九九零年獲新加坡國立 大學頒授法學士學位;於一九九三年獲 University of Hull頒授工商管理碩士學位; 於一九九五年獲新加坡國立大學頒授法學 碩士學位。王先生為Harry Elias Partnership LLP(一家新加坡律師事務所)的合夥人。 彼曾為下列新交所上市公司的獨立董事: 魯洲生物科技有限公司(於二零二零年十二 月八日辭任)、CFM Holdings Limited(於二 零二零年六月二十六日辭任)及Camsing Healthcare Limited(前稱Jacks International Limited)(於二零一九年三月二十日辭任)。

李紅星先生

46歳,自二零一八年五月十六日起獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。李先生於二零一一年 獲得澳大利亞管理研究所工商管理碩士學 位及於一九九七年獲得廣東外語外貿大學 國際商務文學士學位。李先生自二零一六 年 起 於CDG International Company Limited 擔任董事總經理。李先生於二零二零年七 月至二零二零年十一月於孚能科技(贛州) 股份有限公司(一家於上海證券交易所上 市的公司)擔任監事;自二零一零年至二 零一六年於中信里昂證券有限公司擔任能 源、礦業及裝備行業(企業融資)負責人; 自二零零七至二零一零年於香港上海匯豐 銀行擔任證券分析師專責亞洲石油及化工 證券。在此之前,李先生曾於BP集團、東 莞諾基亞移動電話有限公司及普華永道中 國工作。

Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries 董事、高級管理層及公司秘書

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

MR. MA TONGSHENG

Aged 52, is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 18 March 2019. Mr. Ma graduated from Zhengzhou University with an EMBA degree and Nanjing University of Science and Technology with a degree in Computer Technology. Mr. Ma has over 26 years of experience in the fertiliser industry in China. Mr. Ma was the supervisor and assistant manager of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory* (新鄉化肥總廠), a state-owned enterprise. from July 1992 to July 2000. He was the production manager of compound fertiliser of Henan XLX from August 2000 to October 2005; the deputy head of Production Plant II from November 2005 to January 2010; the head of Production Plant III from February 2010 to July 2012; the manager of production management from August 2012 to December 2016; the director of Production Management Centre from January 2017 to July 2017; and the general manager of the Compound Fertiliser Company* (複合肥公司) from August 2017 to October 2018. He is currently the head of Fine Chemicals and Biomass Power Generation Development and Research Team of the Company.

MR. PAUL WONG WING WANG

Aged 51, is the Chief Financial Officer of China XLX since 18 March 2019. Mr. Wong is a member of CPA Australia, and holds a Bachelor degree of Commerce from Newcastle University in Australia. Mr. Wang has over 20 years of experience in the corporate finance industry in Singapore. Prior to joining the Group, he has been the managing director of Crowe Howarth Capital (Singapore) (**"Crowe Singapore"**) since April 2017, and was the chief executive officer of Partners Capital (Singapore) Pte Ltd. (a boutique corporate finance firm with a CMS license from the Monetary Authority of Singapore, which was acquired by Crowe Singapore in April 2017) from January 2008 to April 2017. He was a partner of SAC Capital Pte Ltd., a corporate finance advisor in Singapore, from December 2006 to December 2007.

高級管理層

馬通生先生

52歲,自二零一九年三月十八日起出任 本公司首席執行官。馬先生畢業於鄭州 大學,獲得FMBA學位,及南京理工大學 計算機技術專業,在中國化肥行業擁有 逾26年經驗。馬先生於一九九二年七月 至二零零零年七月擔任國有企業新鄉化肥 總廠的主任及主任助理;二零零零年八月 至二零零五年十月,任河南心連心複合肥 生產部經理;二零零五年十一月至二零一 零年一月,任第二生產廠副廠長;二零一 零年二月至二零一二年七月,任第三生產 廠廠長;二零一二年八月至二零一六年 十二月,任生產管理部經理;二零一七年 一月至二零一七年七月,任生產管理中心 總監;及二零一七年八月至二零一八年十 月,任複合肥公司總經理。他目前是本公 司的精細化學品與生物質發電開發研究團 隊的負責人。

王永宏先生

51歲,自二零一九年三月十八日起出任本 公司首席財務官。王先生是澳洲註冊會計 師協會會員,並持有澳洲紐卡斯爾大學商 業學士學位,在新加坡的企業融資行業擁 有逾20年經驗。在加入本集團之前,王先 生自二零一七年四月起擔任國富浩華資本 (新加坡)(「**國富新加坡**」)的董事總經理; 二零零八年一月至二零一七年四月期間擔 任博大資本(新加坡)的首席執行官(該公 司為一家精品企業融資公司,獲得新加坡 金融管理局頒發的資本市場服務許可牌 照,於二零一七年四月被國富浩華資本(新 加坡)收購);二零零六年十二月至二零零 七年十二月出任SAC Capital Pte Ltd.(一間新 加坡企業財務顧問公司)的合夥人。

MR. WANG PINGBIAO

Aged 51, is the deputy general manager in charge of the safety, environmental protection, procurement, chemical sales, railway transportation and engineering management department of Henan XLX since 29 April 2016. Mr. Wang has more than 20 years of experience in the chemical fertiliser industry. Mr. Wang graduated from Zhengzhou Engineering College (currently known as Zhengzhou University) with a tertiary certificate in June 1992, and obtained a master degree in Executive Master of Business Administration from Tsinghua University in 2008. He joined Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory in July 1992 and held various positions, including the deputy director of technical transformation of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory and the deputy head of nitrogen fertiliser plant. He was the head of Branch II, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. (河南心連心化肥有限公司二分公司) from January 2005 to September 2008, the head of Factory III, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. (河南心連心化肥有限公司三分廠) from September 2008 to January 2010 and the head of Branch IV, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. (河南心連心化肥有限公司四分公司) from October 2010 to April 2016.

MR. REN RONGKUI

Aged 53, he was appointed as the Deputy General Manager of Henan XLX on 18 March 2019 and in charge of products research and development and agricultural development. Mr. Ren graduated from Henan Normal University in June 1992 and obtained a master's degree in business administration from Xi'an Jiaotong University in January 2017. He was qualified as a safety engineer. From June 1992 to January 1997, he served as a workshop staff member of Xinxiang Fertilizer Factory. From January 1997 to July 2000, he served as director of the Instrument Workshop of Xinxiang Fertilizer Factory. From July 2000 to July 2005, he served as manager of the agrochemical center of Henan Xinxin Fertilizer Co., Ltd., and served as deputy director of Factory I, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from January to July 2007. He served as director of Factory I, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from January 1007 to August 2008, and manager of Branch II, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from July 2017.

王平彪先生

51 歳,自二零一六年四月二十九日起出任 河南心連心副總經理,主管安全、環保、 採購、化工銷售、鐵路運豬及工程管理, 於化肥業擁有超過20年經驗。王先生於 一九九二年六月畢業於鄭州工學院(現稱 鄭州大學),獲得專業證書,並於二零零 八年獲得清華大學高級管理人員工商管理 碩士學位。王先生彼於一九九二年七月加 盟新鄉化肥總廠,曾任多個職位,包括新 鄉化肥總廠技改辦副科長及氮肥廠副廠長 等。彼於二零零五年一月至二零零八年九 月間曾出任河南心連心化肥有限公司二分 公司廠長;二零零八年九月至二零一零年 一月出任河南心連心化肥有限公司三分廠 廠長;二零一零年十月至二零一六年四月 出任河南心連心化肥有限公司四分公司廠 ₽ E 0

任榮魁先生

53歲,二零一九年三月十八日起出任河 南心連心副總經理,主管產品研究、農業 開發。任先生於一九九二年六月畢業於河 南師範大學計算機專業,於二零一七年 一月獲得西安交通大學工商管理碩士學 位, 並考取了安全工程師資質。任先生於 一九九二年六月至一九九七年一月任新鄉 化肥總廠車間科員;一九九七年一月至二 零零零年七月任新鄉化肥總廠儀表車間主 任;二零零零年七月至二零零五年七月任 河南新新化肥股份有限公司農化中心經 理;二零零七年一月至七月任河南心連心 化肥有限公司一分廠副廠長;二零零七年 七月至二零零八年八月任河南心連心化肥 有限公司一分廠廠長;二零零八年八月至 二零一零年十月任河南心連心化肥有限公 司二分公司經理;二零一零年十月至二零 一七年七月任河南心連心化肥有限公司總 經理助理。

Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries 董事、高級管理層及公司秘書

MS. SUN HONG

Aged 53, she was appointed as the deputy general manager of Henan XLX on 18 March 2019 and in charge of human resources and group informatization. Ms. Sun graduated from Henan Normal University in July 1991 with major in chemistry, and obtained a master's degree in applied chemistry from Dalian University of Technology in July 1994. She obtained a Ph.D. in Business Administration from Huazhong University of Science and Technology in June 2011. From August 1994 to February 2004, she worked in Henan Xinfei Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., as a technician, the deputy director of the manufacturing department, director, manager of the advertising department, and deputy manager of the marketing department, etc. From March 2004 to October 2012, she served as the head of quality department, deputy general manager of quality department and general manager of quality department in Henan Xinfei Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. In November 2012, she served as assistant to general manager of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd.

MR. JIA XINCHAO

Aged 48, is the deputy general manager in charge of the operation of black technology of Henan XLX since 2 November 2020. Mr. Jia obtained a EMBA Master from Zhengzhou University in April 2013; and obtained a EMBA Master from Tsinghua University School of Economics and Management in June 2016. Mr. Jia held various positions in the Group: the corporate management officer of Xinxiang Fertilizer Factory from August 1996 to August 2003; the director of supply of Henan XLX Chemicals Co., Ltd. from August 2003 to October 2005; the manager of the purchasing department of from October 2005 to July 2011 Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd.; the executive deputy general manager of Compound Fertilizer Branch, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from July 2011 to August 2012; the general manager of Compound Fertilizer Branch, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from August 2012 to September 2015; the general manager of marketing centre of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from September 2015 to April 2016; the assistant of general manager and general manager of marketing centre of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from April 2016 to July 2017; and the assistant of general manager of Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd. from July 2017 to October 2020.

孫洪女士

53歲,二零一九年三月十八日起出任河南 心連心副總經理,主管人力資源、集團信 息化。孫女士於一九九一年七月畢業於河 南師範大學化學專業;一九九四年七月畢 得大連理工大學應用化學碩士學位;二零 一一年六月獲得華中科技大學企業管理學 博士學位。孫女士於一九九四年八月至二 零七技術員、製造部技術副廠長、廠長 告部部長、市場部副部長等職位;二零 四年三月至二零一二年十月在河南新飛電 四年三月至二零一二年十月在河南新總經 理、質量總經理;自二零一二年十一月起 任河南心連心化肥有限公司總經理助理。

賈新潮先生

48歲,自二零二零年十一月二日起擔任 河南心連心副總經理,主管黑色科技的運 營。賈先生於二零一三年四月獲得鄭州大 學EM BA碩士;二零一六年六月獲得清華 大學經管學院EMBA碩士。賈先生在本集 團先後擔任多個職務,一九九六年八月至 二零零三年八月任新鄉化肥總廠企業管理 幹事;二零零三年八月至二零零五年十月 任河南心連心化工有限公司供應處處長; 二零零五年十月至二零一一年七月任河南 心連心化肥有限公司採購部經理;二零 --年七月至二零一二年八月任河南心連 心化肥有限公司複合肥分公司常務副總經 **理;二零一二年八月至二零一五年九月任** 河南心連心化肥有限公司複合肥分公司總 經理;二零一五年九月至二零一六年四月 任河南心連心化肥有限公司營銷中心總經 理;二零一六年四月至二零一七年七月任 河南心連心化肥有限公司總經理助理兼營 銷中心總經理;二零一七年七月至二零二 零年十月任河南心連心化學工業集團股份 有限公司總經理助理。

MR. GUO ZHENG

Aged 48, is the deputy general manager in charge of the operation and production of the Xinxiang Ammonia department of Henan XLX since November 2020. Mr. Guo graduated from Zhengzhou Engineering College in July 1994 with a major in chemical technology. Mr. Guo held various positions in the Group: participated in the preparation of building the first urea device of China XLX on 1 July 1994; the director of the thermoelectricity workshop and deputy head of Factory I, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from 1999 to September 2008; the head of Factory I, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from September 2008 to August 2012; the head of Factory III, Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from September 2012 to March 2014; the deputy general manager of the production department of Xinjiang Xinlianxin Energy Chemical Co., Ltd. from April 2014 to September 2015, participated in the preparation of constructing Xinjiang 28-48 Project; the executive deputy general manager of Xinjiang Xinlianxin Energy Chemical Co., Ltd. from October 2015 to March 2016; the assistant of general manager of Xinjiang Xinlianxin Energy Chemical Co., Ltd. and the executive deputy general manager of Xinjiang company from April 2016 to June 2017; and the assistant of general manager of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. and general manager of Xinjiang company from July 2017 to October 2020.

MR. CHAN ENXING

Aged 51, is the deputy general manager in charge of the corporate administration of Henan XLX since November 2020. Mr. Chan held various positions in the Group: the office staff member of sealing plant of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory from March 1995 to July 1995; the assistant to head and deputy head of nitrogen fertiliser plant of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory from March 1996 to August 1997; the deputy office head of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory from July 1995 to March 1996; the deputy office head of corporate management department of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory from August 1997 to September 1998; the office head of Xinxiang Fertiliser Factory from September 1998 to August 2001; the general manager and chairman of Henan Shenzhou Heavy Sealing Co., Ltd. from August 2001 to November 2014; the general manager and office head of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from December 2014 to June 2017; board secretary of Henan XLX Fertilizer Co., Ltd. from July 2017 to June 2019; the assistant of general manager of Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd. from June 2019 to October 2020.

郭正先生

48歲,自二零二零年十一月起擔任河南 心連心副總經理,主管新鄉合成氨事業部 的運營生產。郭先生於一九九四年七月畢 業於鄭州工學院化工工藝專業。郭先生在 本集團先後擔任多個職務,一九九四年七 月一日參與籌建心連心公司第一套尿素裝 置;一九九九年至二零零八年九月任河南 心連心化肥有限公司一分廠熱電車間主 任、副廠長;二零零八年九月至二零一二 年八月任河南心連心化肥有限公司一分廠 廠長;二零一二年九月至二零一四年三月 任河南心連心化肥有限公司三分廠廠長; 二零一四年四月至二零一五年九月任新疆 心連心能源化工有限公司生產副總,參與 籌建新疆28·48項目;二零一五年十月至 二零一六年三月任新疆心連心能源化工有 限公司常務副總經理;二零一六年四月至 二零一七年六月任新疆心連心能源化工有 限公司總經理助理兼新疆公司常務副總經 理;二零一七年七月至二零二零年十月任 河南心連心化肥有限公司總經理助理兼新 疆公司總經理。

陳恩興先生

51歳,自二零二零年十一月起擔任河南心 連心副總經理,主管企業行政管理。陳先 生在本集團先後擔任多個職務,一九九五 年三月至一九九五年七月任新鄉化肥總廠 封頭分廠辦公室科員;一九九六年三月至 一九九七年八月任新鄉化肥總廠氮肥分廠 廠長助理、副廠長; 一九九五年七月至 一九九六年三月任新鄉化肥總廠辦公室副 主任;一九九七年八月至一九九八年九月 任新鄉化肥總廠企業管理辦公室副主任; 一九九八年九月至二零零一年八月任新鄉 化肥總廠辦公室主任;二零零一年八月至 二零一四年十一月任河南神州重型封頭有 限公司總經理、董事長;二零一四年十二 月至二零一七年六月任河南心連心化肥有 限公司總經理辦公室主任;二零一七年七 月至二零一九年六月任河南心連心化肥公 司董事會秘書;二零一九年六月至二零二 零年十月任河南心連心化學工業集團股份 有限公司總經理助理。

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MR. YANG HAITAO

Aged 44, is principally in charge of the decision making of overall management and day-to-day business operations of Qingli Energy, and he has been appointed as the general manager of Qingli Energy since December 2018. Mr. Yang graduated from School of Chemical Engineering and Energy of Zhengzhou University, majoring in chemical machinery, in 2011. He has more than 25 years of experience in the chemical industry. Mr. Yang has joined Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd. since 1996 and successively served the following positions in the Group: the leader of the gas supply workshop of Factory I from August 1996 to April 2006; the deputy director of the gas supply workshop of Branch II from May 2006 to October 2007; the director of the gas supply workshop of Branch II from November 2007 to July 2014; and the manager of furfuryl alcohol division from August 2014 to November 2018.

MR. ZHU YINGHONG

Aged 52, is principally in charge of project development, research and construction, and has been appointed as the chief engineer and manager of technical department of China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. since November 2020. Mr. Zhu has more than 20 years of experience in the field of engineering project construction. From April 2005 to June 2014, Mr. Zhu served as section head of automatic control for 18.30 Project, 24.40 Project and 45.80 Project in Xinxiang base. In July 2014, he served as chief engineer of automatic control for 30.52 Project in Xinjiang base. He was awarded Technology Model, XLX Figure of the year, Model Worker, etc. during his tenure as the manager of Engineering Project Department in October 2016. The engineering projects he mainly participated in include 18.30 Project, 24.40 Project, 45.80 Project, Xinjiang 30.52 Project, Xinjiang Melamine Project, Sulfur-based Fertilizer Project, 300,000-ton of Methanol Project, Dimethyl Ether Projects (Phase I and Phase II), Industrial Upgrading Project, Green Manufacturing Project, and Formaldehyde-amino resin Projects.

楊海濤先生

44歲,主要負責氫力能源公司整體管理 及日常業務經營相關的決策,自二零一八 年十二月起獲委任為總經理。二零一一年 畢業於鄭州大學化工與能源學院化工機械 專業,在化工行業擁有逾25年經驗。自 一九九六年加入河南心連心化學工業集團 股份有限公司,一九九六年八月至二零零 六年五月至二零零七年十月任二分公司供 氣車間副主任;二零零七年十一月至二零 一四年七月任二分公司供氣車間主任;二 零一四年八月至二零一八年十一月任糠醇 事業部經理。

朱迎紅先生

52歲,主要負責項目開發、研究、建設, 自二零二零年十一月份任中國心連心化肥 有限公司總工程師兼技術部經理。在工程 項目建設領域擁有逾20年經驗。朱先生於 二零零五年四月至二零一四年六月期間擔 任新鄉基地18.30項目、24.40項目、45.80 項目自控專業組長;二零一四年七月擔任 新疆基地30.52項目自控專業總工。二零 一六年十月任工程項目部經理期間曾獲技 術標兵、感動心連心人物、勞動模範等榮 譽;主要參與的工程項目:18.30項目、 24.40項目、45.80項目、新疆30.52項目、 新疆三聚氰氨項目、硫基肥項目、30萬噸 甲醇項目、一、二期二甲醚項目、產業升 級項目、綠色製造項目、甲醛-氨基樹脂 項目等。

MS. FENG JIAOXIA

Aged 38, is principally in charge of organisation and development of areas such as corporate management, human resources and procurement management, and has been appointed as the deputy general manager of Henan Xinxing Chemical Materials Co., Ltd.* (河南心興化學材料 有限公司) since March 2020. Ms. Feng graduated from Northwestern Polytechnical University, majoring in public administration, and obtained bachelor's degree in management in 2006. Ms. Feng has more than 15 years of experience in the chemical industry. She has jointed Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd. since 2006 and successively served the following positions in the Group: the training supervisor in the Human Resource Department from November 2007 to April 2012, the director of Outstanding Performance Office from May 2012 to September 2012; and the deputy manager of Corporate Management Center from October 2012 to April 2018.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

MS. LEUNG KWAN WAI

Ms. Leung Kwan Wai was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company since 4 July 2019. Ms. Leung is a manager of Corporate Services of Tricor Services Limited (a global professional services provider specializing in integrated business, corporate and investor services). She has over 15 years of experience in the corporate secretarial field and has been providing professional corporate services to Hong Kong listed companies as well as multinational, private and offshore companies. Ms. Leung is a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and an Associate of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom.

MS. CHEOK HUI YEE

Ms. Cheok Hui Yee was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company since 6 March 2018. Ms. Cheok is a senior manager of Tricor Evatthouse Corporate Services, a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd. (a leading provider of integrated business, corporate and investor services in Singapore). She has over 10 years of experience in corporate secretarial practice in Singapore. Her area of exposure includes advisory and assistance in compliance matters of public and private limited companies in Singapore, foreign companies registered in Singapore as well as offshore incorporated companies. She is currently the appointed company secretary of several public companies listed on the SGX-ST. Ms. Cheok is a Practising Chartered Secretary and an Associate of The Chartered Secretaries Institute of Singapore.

豐嬌霞女士

38歲,主要負責組織開展公司企業管理、 人力資源及採購管理等方面工作,自二零 二零年三月出任河南心興化學材料有限 公司副總經理,二零零六年畢業於西北工 業大學公共事業管理專業,並取得管理學 學士學位。豐女士在化工行業擁有15年 經驗,自二零零六年加入河南心連心化學 工業集團股份有限公司,二零零七年十一 月至二零一二年四月任人力資源部培訓主 管;二零一二年五月至二零一二年九月任 卓越績效辦公室主管;二零一二年十月至 二零一八年四月任企業管理中心副經理。

聯席公司秘書

梁君慧女士

梁君慧女士自二零一九年七月四日起獲委 任為本公司聯席公司秘書。梁女士為卓佳 專業商務有限公司(全球性的專業服務供 應商,專門提供商業、企業及投資者綜合 服務)企業服務經理。彼於公司秘書領域 擁有逾15年經驗,並一直為香港上市公司 以及跨國公司、私營公司及離岸公司提供 專業的企業服務。梁女士為特許秘書、特 許管治專業人士,以及香港公司治理公會 和英國特許公司治理公會的會員。

石慧儀女士

石慧儀女士自二零一八年三月六日起獲委 任為本公司聯席公司秘書。石女士為Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.(新加坡領先的商業、企 業及投資者綜合服務供應商)分部Tricor Evatthouse Corporate Services高級經理。 彼具有逾10年新加坡公司秘書工作經驗, 涉及的領域包括有關新加坡公眾及私人有 限公司、於新加坡註冊的外國公司以及於 境外註冊成立的公司合規事宜的顧問及協 助。彼現任幾家於新交所上市的公眾公司 的指定公司秘書。石女士為執業特許秘書 及新加坡特許秘書公會會員。

Investor Relations 投資者關系

In 2021, the Company continued to consistently conduct investor relations activities, aiming to demonstrate the highlights of the Company to the capital market, so as to improve the valuation of the listed company, thus elevating the Group to a new level. The Company is able to tie closely with the capital market through our timely, impartial, fair and accurate information disclosure and our multi-channel and all-round investor relations activities. The Company also listens attentively to various suggestions and proposals from the capital market with regard to the Company's operations and management in a proactive, sincere and humble manner, so as to improve the Company's operational management quality, enhance the Company's profitability and Shareholders' value and maximise their interests.

TIMELY, RIGHTEOUS, FAIR AND ACCURATE INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

The Company has been in strict compliance with the information disclosure principles for listed companies by making timely, righteous, fair and accurate information disclosure, which improve the transparency of the Company, moreover, establish a smooth communication channel and enhance its interaction and communication with the capital market. In 2021, the Company published 38 documents on SEHK's website. Such publications have objectively and comprehensively disclosed information regarding the results, operating performance, financial information, dividend payment, poll results of shareholder meetings and certain other voluntary disclosures. The Company's website (www.chinaxlx.com.hk) is also an important channel for its information disclosure and important platform for investors to obtain information on the Company.

MULTIPLE-CHANNEL, COMPREHENSIVE INVESTOR RELATIONS ACTIVITIES

In 2021, the Company planned a series of investor relationship activities on the basis of sorting out and formulating the relevant procedures for investor relationship maintenance as well as establishing relevant data banks and databases. The Company continued to conduct comprehensive communication with capital market through various communication channels including results announcement conference, roadshow promotion activities, reverse roadshows, one-on-one investor meetings, press releases and WeChat groups. The Company were able to timely convey the strategic planning, development philosophy, growth story, and the latest developments and performance of operation and management of the Company to the capital market, as well as sharing our understanding and outlook on the industry and market. In addition to organizing regular results announcement meetings, we also innovated the form of roadshows to eliminate the impact of the pandemic. The Group has organized nearly a hundred roadshow promotions through a combination of online and offline channels to proactively announce and push notification of favourable news and shared in real time the highlights of the Company in various communication channels (including official accounts and WeChat groups), which attracted the attention of a large number of investors, industry analysts and securities companies.

二零二一年,公司堅持不懈地開展投資關 係維護工作,向資本市場展示公司亮點, 提升上市公司估值,使其再上新台階。通 過及時、公正、公平和準確的信息披露。通 及多渠道、全方位的投資者關係活動,將 公司和資本市場緊密聯繫在一起,本著積 極、誠懇、務實的態度聆聽資本市場對本 公司經營管理上的意見和建議,不斷提高 本公司的運營管理素質,努力提升本公司 盈利能力與股東價值,確保股東利益最大 化。

及時、公正、公平和準確的信息披 露

本公司嚴格遵守上市公司信息披露規則, 實施及時、公正、公平和準確的信息披 露,增加本公司透明度,同時建立順暢 的溝通渠道、加強與資本市場的互動 通。二零二一年,本公司在聯交所的網 站上共發佈了38份文件,客觀及詳 地披露了有關業績、經營狀況、財務 息、分紅派息、股東大會投票結果,以 及若干自願性披露。本公司的官方網 (www.chinaxlx.com.hk)是公司信息披露的 重要渠道之一,也是投資者獲取本公司信 息的重要平臺。

多渠道、全方位開展投資者關係活 動

二零二一年,公司在梳理制定投資關係維 護各相關流程、建立相關數據庫、資料 庫的基礎上,策劃一系列投資關係維護方 案。通過業績發佈會、路演推介活動、反 向路演、一對一投資者會議、新聞稿發佈 及微信群等形式多渠道、全方位與資本市 場溝通,及時向資本市場傳遞本公司的戰 略規劃、發展理念、增長故事以及經營管 理的最新動態和業績,分享我們對行業和 市場的理解和展望。除了組織定期的業績 推介會之外,更是創新路演形式、消除疫 情影響,通過線上和線下相結合的方式, 組織了近百場路演推介、主動公告和推送 利好消息,實時在公眾號及微信群等渠道 多方位分享公司亮點,吸引了大量投資 人、行業分析師、證券公司對公司的關 注。

In 2021, due to the frequent occurrence of the COVID-19 pandemic, the number of on-site visits by investors was correspondingly reduced. However, according to the needs and styles of analysts and different investors, the Group flexibly and proactively arranged corporate senior management to participate in numerous online investor relations activities. During 2021, the Company's senior management including the Chairman of the Board and the management participated in plenty of investor activities to fully communicate with the capital market, which realised multi-channelled communications. The Company attended various investor forums organised by a number of investment banks and funds, conducted one-on-one meetings and conference calls regularly, and made interactive communication with around 200 investors and analysts throughout the year, so as to further give investors and analysts a better idea of the business and operations of the Group.

STEADY AND CONTINUOUS SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

The Company attaches great importance to the Shareholders' views on its dividend payout. The Company determines its dividend payout every year with reference to the Company's financial status, long-term development needs and potential investment opportunities. In 2021, the Group proposed dividend of RMB0.19 per Share and a dividend payout ratio of 17.2% net profit attributable to owners of the parent.

二零二一年由於新冠疫情仍不時發生,因 此投資者實地考察的次數相應減少,但 本和場合,主動地安排了企業管理 不和時點,靈活、主動地安排了企業管理 參與了眾多線上投資者關係活動。二零 一一,本公司董事會主席及公司管理 參與了大量的各類型投資者活動,充分 電線,再加上日常的一對一會議和 行了互動交流,進一步加深了投資 者。 新輝,全年與近200人次投資者和分析 新進行了互動交流,進一步加深了投資 者。 分析師對本集團發展規劃和經營狀況 的瞭解。

持續穩定的股東回報

本公司高度重視股東對股息方面的意見, 亦就本公司的實際財務狀況、長遠發展需 要和投資機遇等因素來釐定每年的派息。 二零二一年,本集團計劃每股股份派息人 民幣0.19元,派息比例佔歸屬母公司擁有 人淨利潤的17.2%。

The situation of the Company's dividend payment since listing 上市以來本公司分紅情況

Dividends per share (RMB) 每股分紅(人民幣)



Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance principles and processes in managing the business and affairs, so as to improve the performance, accountability, and transparency of the Group. The Board sets appropriate policies and implements corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of the Group's business.

The Company has applied the principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has reviewed its corporate governance practices and considers that the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code. Key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised below.

A THE BOARD

A1. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATION

The primary role of the Board is taking leadership and control of the Company to protect and enhance long-term Shareholders' value. It sets the corporate strategies of the Group, and sets directions and goals for the management. The Board also supervises the management and monitors performance of these goals to enhance Shareholders' value. The Board is responsible for the overall corporate governance of the Group.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the executive Directors and the management. Each executive Director has accumulated sufficient and valuable experience to hold his/her position in order to ensure that his/her fiduciary duties can be carried out in an effective and efficient manner.

企業管治實務

本公司致力達到並維持高水準的企業管治 原則和流程,以管理其業務及事務,從而 改善本集團的表現、問責制度和透明度。 董事會制定合適的政策,並實施適用於本 集團業務行為及增長的企業管治實務。

本公司已應用載於上市規則附錄14內的企 業管治守則(「**企業管治守則**」)所載之原則。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 董事會已審閱其企業管治實務,認為本公 司已遵守企業管治守則所載的所有守則條 文。本公司的主要企業管治原則及實務於 下文概述。

A 董事會

A1. 責任及授權

董事會的主要角色是領導及 管控本公司,以保護和提升 長遠的股東價值。其為本集 團制定公司策略,並為管理 層制定方向和目標。董事會 亦要監督管理層和監察目標 表現,以提升股東價值。董 事會負責本集團的整體企業 管治。

執行董事及管理層獲委派負 責本集團的日常管理、行政 和運作。各執行董事累積了 充分和寶貴的經驗,能夠勝 任其職務,並確保能夠以有 成效且高效的方式履行其受 信職責。 The Board has established an internal framework to ensure that the type of material transactions which required Board's approval is consistently applied throughout the Group. Matters requiring Board's approval include:

- i. Overall Group business and budget strategy
- ii. Capital expenditures, investments or divestments exceeding certain material limits
- iii. All capital-related matters including capital issuance and redemption
- iv. Significant policies governing the operations of the Company
- v. Corporate strategic development and restructuring
- vi. Risk management strategy
- vii. Any major corporate activities involving changes in Shareholders' rights and risk profile

Regular meetings of the Board are held to deliberate the strategic policies of the Company including significant acquisitions and disposals, review and approve annual budgets, review the performance of the business and approve the publicly issued periodic financial results.

All Directors from time to time obtain information concerning the Company to enable them to be fully cognizant of the decisions and actions of the Company's management. The Board has unrestricted access to the Company's records and information. Any Director may request for independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon reasonable request made to the Board. 董事會已建立內部框架,確 保需要董事會批准的重大交 易在本集團內一致應用。需 要董事會批准的事宜包括:

- 本集團整體業務及預 算策略
- ii. 資本開支、超過重大限額的投資或撤資
- 包括資本發行及贖回
 在內的所有資本相關
 事宜
- iv. 本公司管治營運的重 要政策
- v. 企業發展及重組策略
- vi. 風險管理策略
- vii. 涉及股東權力及風險 預測變動的任何主要 企業活動

董事會舉行定期會議,以商 討本公司的戰略性政策,包 括重大的收購和出售事項、 審閱和批准年度預算、檢討 業務表現和批准向外公佈的 定期財務業績。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Senior management members are available to provide explanatory information in the form of briefings to the Directors or formal presentations at Board meetings, or by external consultants engaged in specific projects.

The Board has formed specialised committees namely the AC, the RC and the NC (collectively the "**Committees**") to assist in carrying out and discharging its duties and responsibilities efficiently and effectively. The Committees function within clearly defined terms of references and operating procedures, which are reviewed on a regular basis. The effectiveness of each of the Committees is also constantly reviewed by the Board.

The company secretary(ies) of the Company (the "**Company Secretary(ies)**") and/or his/her representative(s) attend(s) all Board meetings and meetings of the Committees to ensure that Board procedures are followed and applicable rules and regulations are complied with. Draft minutes of meetings of the Board and the Committees are circulated to Directors and the Committees members, as the case may be, for comments within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version of minutes are available for Directors' inspection.

A2. BOARD COMPOSITION

As at 31 December 2021, the composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Liu Xingxu

(Chairman of the Board and Member of the NC)

Mr. Zhang Qingjin Ms. Yan Yunhua 高級管理層會以簡報形式向 董事報告或在董事會會議上 作正式演示,以提供説明資 料,又或由參與特別項目的 外部顧問提供説明資料。

A2. 董事會構成

截至二零二	二一年十二月
三十一日止的	年度,董事會的
組成如下:	
執行董事:	
劉興旭先生	(董事會主席及
	提名委員會
	成員)
張慶金先生	·

閆蘊華女士

Independent Non-exec	cutive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:
Mr. Ong Kian Guan	(Chairman of the AC, Member	王建源先生 (審核委員會主
	of the RC and the NC)	席、薪酬委
		員會及提名
		委員會成員)
Mr. Li Shengxiao	(Chairman of the NC, Member	李生校先生 (提名委員會主
	of the AC and the RC)	席、審核委
		員會及薪酬
		委員會成員)
Mr. Ong Wei Jin	(Chairman of the RC, Member	王為仁先生 (薪酬委員會主
	of the AC and the NC)	席、審核委
		員會及提名
		委員會成員)
Mr. Li Hongxing	(Member of the AC, the RC	李紅星先生 (審核委員會、
	and the NC)	薪酬委員會
		及提名委員

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has met the requirements of Listing Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of having at least three independent non-executive Directors (representing at least one-third of the Board) with one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and related financial management expertise.

The Board has maintained the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the business requirements and objectives of the Group and for the exercise of independent judgement. The independent non-executive Directors bring different business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board and they are invited to serve on the Committees. Through participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflicts of interests and/or serving on the Committees, the independent non-executive Directors have made contributions to the effective direction of the Company and provided adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of both the Group and the Shareholders.

The biographical details of the Directors and the relationship between Board members, if any, are set out in the section headed "Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretaries" of this annual report. 於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,董事會均 遵守上市規則第3.10及3.10A 條有關須有最少三名獨立非 執行董事(佔董事會人數至 少三分之一)及其中一名獨 立非執行董事具有適當的專 業資格、會計及相關財務管 理專長的規定。

會成員)

董事的履歷詳情以及董事會 成員之間的關係(如有)載列 於本年報「董事、高級管理 層及公司秘書」一節。

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The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent nonexecutive Directors to be independent in light of the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

A3. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Company supports the division of responsibility between the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in order to ensure a balance of power and authority and preserve a balanced judgement of views. During the year under review, Mr. Liu Xingxu is the Chairman of the Board, focusing on the overall strategic planning and business development of the Group; whereas Mr. Ma Tongsheng is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, taking care of the overall management and dayto-day business operations of the Group. Such separation of the roles and duties of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer would enable timely management of the Group's affairs and further reinforce the Group's development.

In addition, the Directors are of the view that the balanced composition of executive Directors and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) on the Board and the existence of AC, RC and NC (comprising all or a majority of independent non-executive Directors) in overseeing different aspects of the Company's affairs would help to maintain the balance of power and authority.

A4. APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The procedures and processes of appointment and removal of Directors are laid out in the Constitution.

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company, whereas the Company has issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors. All Directors are appointed for a specific term of three years. They are also subject to retirement and re-election in accordance with the Constitution at least once every three years at an AGM. 本公司已收到每名獨立非執 行董事根據上市規則的規定 作出有關其獨立性的書面年 度確認書。本公司認為所有 獨立非執行董事均具備根據 上市規則所列載的獨立性指 引的獨立性。

A3. 主席和首席執行官

此外,董事認為董事會由人 數均衡的執行董事及非執行 董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 組成,以及設立審核委員 會(由全體或大部份獨立非 執行董事所組成)監察本公 司不同範疇的事宜,將有助 於維持權力及授權的平衡。

A4. 委任及重選董事

委任及罷免董事的程序及流 程載於章程。

各執行董事已與本公司訂立 服務合同,而本公司已向各 獨立非執行董事和非執行董 事發出委任函。全體董事的 特定委任年期為三年,並須 根據章程最少每三年於股東 週年大會作退任及重選一次。

A5. INDUCTION AND CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT FOR DIRECTORS

Each newly appointed Director receives induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

The existing Directors are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to refresh their knowledge and to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Continuing briefings and professional development to Directors are arranged whenever necessary. In addition, reading materials on new or changes to salient laws and regulations applicable to the Group are provided to Directors from time to time for their studying and reference.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Directors have participated training as follows:

- All Directors (being Mr. Liu Xingxu, Mr. Zhang Qingjin, Ms. Yan Yunhua, Mr. Ong Kian Guan, Mr. Li Shengxiao, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Hongxing) received regular briefings and updates from the Company Secretaries/ Company's management on the Group's business, operations and corporate governance matters.
- Mr. Liu Xingxu, Mr. Zhang Qingjin, Ms. Yan Yunhua, Mr. Ong Kian Guan, Mr. Li Shengxiao, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Hongxing attended relevant seminars organised by professional firms/institutions.

A5. 董事就任須知及持續發展

每位新委任董事於首次接受 委任時均會獲得就任須知, 以確保該董事對本集團的業 務及運作均有適當理解,以 及充分理解其本人按上市規 則及有關監管規定所應負責 任及義務。

截 至 二 零 二 一 年 十 二 月 三十一日止年度,董事已參 加下列培訓:

- 全體董事(即劉興旭先 生、張慶金先生、閆 蘊華女士、王建源先 生、李生校先生、王 為仁先生及李紅星先 生)定期自公司秘書/ 公司管理層收取有關 本集管治事宜的簡介 及更新。
 - 劉興旭先生、張慶金 先生、閆蘊華女士、 王建源先生、李生校 先生、王為仁先生及 李紅星先生出席由專 業公司/機構組織的 相關研討會。

 All Directors read technical bulletins, periodicals and other publications on subjects relevant to the Group and on their responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

A6. DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RECORDS

The attendance records of each Director at the meetings of the Board and the Committees and the annual general meeting of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below: 全體董事就與本集團 相關的主題以及上市 規則及相關監管規定 項下彼等的職責及責 任細閱技術性公佈、 期刊及其他出版刊物。

A6. 董事出席記錄

各董事於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度本公 司舉行的董事會會議、委員 會會議及股東大會的出席記 錄載列如下:

Attendance of Meetings 會議出席次數

		日哦山师八致				
	_	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
	No. of Meetings held 會議次數	6	5	1	1	1
Name of Director 董事姓名						
Executive Directors:						
Mr. Liu Xingxu	劉興旭先生	6	-	-	0	1
Mr. Zhang Qingjin	張慶金先生	6	-	-	-	1
Ms. Yan Yunhua	閆蘊華女士	6	-	-	-	1
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Ong Kian Guan	王建源先生	6	5	1	1	1
Mr. Li Shengxiao	李生校先生	6	5	1	1	1
Mr. Ong Wei Jin	王為仁先生	6	5	1	1	1
Mr. Li Hongxing	李紅星先生	6	5	1	1	1

In addition, the Chairman of the Board held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors during the year under review.

While the Board considers Directors' attendance at the meetings of the Board and the Committees to be important, it should not be the only criterion to measure the Directors' contributions. The Board also takes into account the contributions by Board members in other forms including periodical reviews, and provision of guidance and advice on various matters relating to the Group.

A7. MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code (Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules) as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' dealings in the Company's securities. The Company has made specific enquiry of all the Directors, and the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Company has also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code (the "**Employees Written Guidelines**"), governing securities transactions by the relevant employees who are likely to possess inside information of the Company and/or its securities. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by relevant employees was noted by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.

In case when the Company is aware of any restricted period for dealings in the Company's securities, the Company will notify the Directors and relevant employees in advance. 此外,於回顧年內,董事會 主席與獨立非執行董事舉行 了一次會議,會上並無執行 董事列席。

雖然董事會認為董事出席董 事會和委員會的會議很重 要,但這不應是衡量董事表 現的唯一標準,而是應同時 考慮董事會成員在其他方面 的貢獻,包括就本集團不同 事項定期審閱以及提供指引 及建議。

A7. 進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則(上市 規則附錄10),作為其有關 董事進行本公司證券買賣的 行為守則。本公司已向所有 董事作出具體查詢,董事確 認已於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度內一直遵 守標準守則。

本公司亦已就監管有關僱員 (彼等可能擁有關於本公司 及/或其證券的內幕消息)進 行證券買賣制訂一套書面指引」),其條 引(「**僱員書面指引**」),其條 款並不比標準守則所載條文 寬鬆。截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司 並無發現有關僱員有任何不 遵守僱員書面指引的事件。

倘若本公司知悉任何有關買 賣本公司證券的限制期,本 公司將會事先通知董事及有 關僱員。

A8. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board as a whole is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code. The Board has reviewed and monitored the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and the Employees Written Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

B. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the AC, the RC and the NC, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All the Committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are available on the websites of the SEHK (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www. chinaxlx.com.hk). All the Committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

All the Committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

B1. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The AC currently comprises a total of four members, being the four existing independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ong Kian Guan, Mr. Li Shengxiao, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Hongxing. The chairman of the AC is Mr. Ong Kian Guan, who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. None of the members of the AC is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditor.

A8. 企業管治職能

B. 董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個董事會委員 會,分別為審核委員會、薪酬委 員會及提名委員會,藉以監督本 公司事務的特定範疇。所有已設 立的委員會均已制定明確界定的 書面職權範圍,詳情可於聯交所 (www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司 (www.chinaxlx.com.hk)網站覽閱。所 有委員會均須向董事會報告彼等所 作出的決策或建議。

所有委員會均獲提供充分資源以履 行彼等的職責,並可在合理要求下 於適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。

B1. 審核委員會

審核委員會由合共四名成員 組成,即四名現有獨立非執 行董事王建源先生、李生校 先生、王為仁先生及李紅星 先生。審核委員會主席規 第3.10(2)條所規定的 關財 業資格、會計及相關財會 業資格、 會計及相關財會 員為本公司現任外部核數師 的前合夥人。 The main duties of the AC are reviewing the financial information and reports of the Group and considering any significant or unusual items raised by the financial officers of the Group or the external auditor before submission to the Board; reviewing the relationship with and the terms of appointment of the external auditor and making the relevant recommendation to the Board; and reviewing the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and internal audit function.

The Company has in place a whistle-blowing policy for employees of the Group to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The AC constantly receives updates from the external auditor pertaining to the latest changes to the accounting standards and issues which have a direct impact on financial statements.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the AC has held 5 meetings. Details of individual attendance of each member at the meetings are set out in section A6 above. The AC has performed the following major works during the year ended 31 December 2021:

- Review and discussion of the annual financial statements, results announcement and report for the year ended 31 December 2020 together with the Environmental, Social and Governance Report, and the related accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group;
- Review and discussion of the interim financial statements, results announcement and report for the six months ended 30 June 2021, and the related accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group;

本公司為本集團員工設有申 訴政策,可對財務報告、內 部控制或其他事宜任何可能 違規之處提出質疑。審核委 員會一直收取外部核數師有 關於對財務報表有直接影響 的會計準則及問題的最新變 動的最新資料。

於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,審核委員 會已舉行5次會議。各委員 的個別出席會議詳情載列於 上文A6節。於截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度, 審核委員會已進行下列主要 工作:

- 審閱及討論截至二零 二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的年度財務 報表、業績公佈及報 告連同環境、社會及 管治報告以及本集團 採納的相關會計原則 及慣例:
 - 審閲及討論截至二零 二一年六月三十日止 六個月的中期財務報 表、業績公佈及報告 以及本集團採納的相 關會計原則及慣例;

- Review and discussion of the financial results for the first quarter ended 31 March 2021 and the third quarter ended 30 September 2021 respectively;
- Consideration and discussion of the major audit findings (including Key Audit Matters) for the year ended 31 December 2020 from the external auditor;
- Consideration and discussion of the major internal audit issues for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the six months ended 30 June 2021 respectively;
- Review of the independence of the external auditor and recommendation of its re-appointment for the year ended 31 December 2021;
- Review and discussion of the continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2021;
- Review and discussion of the effectiveness of the financial reporting system, the risk management and internal control systems and the internal audit function;
- Review of the arrangement of whistle-blowing policy; and
- Review and discussion of Ernst & Young LLP's audit plan for the year ended 31 December 2021.

- 審閲及討論分別截 至二零二一年三月 三十一日止第一季度 及截至二零二一年九 月三十日止第三季度 的財務業績;
- 考慮及討論外部核數 師的截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年 度之主要審核結果(包 括主要審核事宜);
- 考慮及討論分別截至 二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度及截 至二零二一年六月 三十日止六個月之主 要內部審核事宜;
- 審閲外部核數師的獨 立性並建議於截至 二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度續聘 外部核數師:
- 審閲及討論截至二零 二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的持續關連 交易;
- 審閲及討論財務報告
 系統、風險管理及內
 部監控系統以及內部
 審核功能的有效性;
- 審閲申訴政策的安 排;及
- 審閲及討論安永會計 師事務所截至二零 二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的審核計劃。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the external auditor has met the AC twice and discussed with the AC on issues arising from the audit and financial reporting matters.

The AC, having reviewed all non-audit services provided by the external auditor of the Company, was satisfied that the nature and extent of such services would not affect the independence and objectivity of the external auditor. The AC recommended that Ernst & Young LLP be nominated for re-appointment as the Company's external auditor at the 2022 AGM. There is no disagreement between the Board and the AC regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

B2. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The RC currently comprises a total of four members, being the four existing independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ong Kian Guan, Mr. Li Shengxiao, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Hongxing. The chairman of the RC is Mr. Ong Wei Jin. All aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses and benefits in kind, will be covered by the RC. Each RC member will abstain from voting on any resolution in respect of his own remuneration package. 截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,外部核數 師已與審核委員會會面兩次 並與審核委員會討論審核及 財務報告事宜所產生的問題。

B2. 薪酬委員會

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The principal responsibilities of the RC include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy and structure and the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management (i.e. the model described in the code provision B.1.2(c)(ii) of the CG Code is adopted). The RC is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, and the remuneration will be determined by the Board with reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as the market practice and conditions.

In setting remuneration packages, the RC will take into consideration the pay and employment conditions in comparable companies within the industry. The RC will also review the remuneration packages of the independent non-executive Directors and the non-executive Director to ensure that they are commensurate with the contributions and responsibilities of the Directors. Each of the executive Directors entered into a service contract with the Company, which covers each of their terms of employment. The Company will submit the quantum of Directors' fees of each year to the Shareholders for approval at each AGM.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the RC has held 1 meeting. Details of individual attendance of each member at the meeting are set out in section A6 above. At the said meetings, the RC: (i) reviewed the remuneration framework for the Directors, key executive staff, top five highest paid employees and employees who are immediate family members of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the remuneration proposal for the year ended 31 December 2021, by reference to the Group's performance and profitability as well as the remuneration level of certain listed corporations within the industry; (ii) reviewed the letters of appointment, including the remuneration packages, of the Directors appointed during the year under review, with recommendations to the Board for approval; and (iii) reviewed, confirmed and ratified the renewal of service contracts and/or letters of appointment of the Directors with recommendations to the Board for approval and ratification

於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日 | 上 年 度 , 薪 酬 委 員 會已舉行1次會議。各委員的 個別出席會議詳情載列於上 文A6節。於上述會議上,薪 酬委員會:(i)經參考本集團的 業績表現、盈利能力以及業 界內若干上市公司的薪酬水 平,檢討截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度各董事、主 要行政人員、五大最高薪僱員 及董事的直系親屬的薪酬結構 以及截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的薪酬建議; (ii)檢討於回顧年度內獲委任 董事的委任函,包括薪酬組 合,並向董事會建議批准; 及(iii)檢討、確認及追認並向 董事會建議批准及追認與續 期董事訂立之服務合約及/ 或委任函。

Pursuant to the code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the annual remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

	Remuneration band (RMB) 薪酬範圍(人民幣元)	Number of individuals 人數
	700,000-900,000	5
-	900,001-1,000,000	2

Details of the remuneration of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report.

B3. NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The NC currently comprises a total of five members, being the Chairman of the Board, namely Mr. Liu Xingxu, and the four existing independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ong Kian Guan, Mr. Li Shengxiao, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Hongxing. Accordingly, a majority of the members are independent non-executive Directors. The chairman of the NC is Mr. Li Shengxiao.

The principal responsibilities of the NC include reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board on an annual basis and recommending any changes to the Board; identifying qualified and suitable individuals to become Board members and selecting and making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

根據企業管治守則守則條文 第B.1.5條,截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度高級 管理層成員的年度薪酬按範 圍劃分載列如下:

截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度各董事的薪 酬詳情載於本年報綜合財務 報表附註9內。

提名委員會 B3.

提名委員會由合共五名成員 組成,即董事會主席劉興旭 先生及四名現有獨立非執行 董事王建源先生、李生校先 生、王為仁先生及李紅星先 牛。因此,大部分成員均為 獨立非執行董事。提名委員 會主席為李生校先生。

提名委員會的主要職責包括 每年檢討董事會的架構、人 數及組成(包括技能、知識 及經驗方面),並就任何變動 向董事會提出建議;物色具 備合適資格可擔任董事會成 員的人士,並挑選提名有關 人士出任董事及就此向董事 會提出建議;評核獨立非執 行董事的獨立性;及就董事 委任或重新委任的相關事宜 以及董事繼任計劃向董事會 提出建議。

The NC has established and implemented processes including taking into consideration the attendance records at the meetings of the Board and the Committees for monitoring and evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole and effectiveness and contribution of individual Directors.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other significant offices held by them. Where a Director has multiple directorships, the NC will evaluate whether or not the Director is able to carry out and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties as a Director. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board is satisfied that each Director has allocated sufficient time and resources to the affairs of the Company.

The Company has also adopted the Director Nomination Policy. Such policy, devising the criteria and process of selection and performance evaluation, provides guidance to the Board on nomination and appointment of directors of the Company. The Board believes that the defined selection process is good for corporate governance in ensuring the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level, and enhancing better Board effectiveness and diversity as well as in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations.

The NC and/or the Board may select candidates for directorship from various channels, including but not limited to internal promotion, re-designation, referral by other member of the management and external recruitment agents. In selecting and evaluating candidates for directorship, the NC may make reference to certain criteria, such as the Company's needs, the integrity, experience, skills and professional knowledge of the candidate, and the amount of time and effort that the candidate will devote to discharge his/her duties and responsibilities. Each candidate shall be ranked by order of preference based on the needs of and check by the Company. The NC shall report and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment of appropriate candidate for directorship for decision. 提名委員會已成立並執行程 序(包括考慮董事會及各委員 會會議的出席記錄),以監察 及評估董事會整體的表現、 有效性以及個別董事的貢獻。

提名委員會及/或董事會可 自若干渠道選舉董事候選 人,包括但不限於內部晉 升、調任、管理層及外部招 募代理其他成員的引薦。於 選舉及評估董事候選人時, 提名委員會可參考若干標 ^準,如本公司之需求、候選 人的誠信、經驗、技能及專 業知識以及候選人將投入履 行其職責及責任的時間及精 力。各候撰人將按本公司的 需求及核查進行順序排名。 提名委員會將於決定委任適 當董事候選人時向董事會報 告並作出推薦建議。

The Company also recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage. The Company believes that greater diversity of directors is good for corporate governance and is committed to attract and retain candidate(s) for the Board with a combination of competencies from the widest possible pool of available talents, and assesses regularly the diversity profile of the Board and the senior management prepared for the Board positions under the succession planning of the Company and the progress on achieving diversity objectives, if any. A Board diversity policy was adopted by the Company, pursuant to which the Board and the NC is responsible for reviewing and assessing the Board composition under diversified perspectives (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience) and for ensuring that changes to the Board's composition can be managed without undue disruption. The NC shall report its findings and make recommendation to the Board, if any, Such policy and objectives, if any, will be reviewed from time to time to ensure their appropriateness in determining the optimum composition of the Board that are aligning with the Company's strategy and objectives.

The NC considered an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained and has not set any measurable objective for implementing the Board diversity policy.

本公司亦認可並深信董事會 成員多元化裨益良多,且將 董事會層面的多元化視為維 持本公司競爭優勢的重要因 素。本公司認為,董事更 多元有利企業管治,並致力 吸引及留住董事會候選人, 以盡可能擁有廣泛的人才資 源,以及定期評估董事會多 元化情況及按本公司的董事 繼任計劃聘任相關的將可獲 委任為董事的高級管理層, 從而實現多元化目標進程(如 有)。本公司採納董事會多元 化政策,據此,董事會及提 名委員會負責按多元化角度 (包括但不限於性別、年齡、 文化及教育背景或專業經驗) 檢討及評估董事會成員組 成, 並確保在不受不當干擾 情況下可管理董事會組成變 更。提名委員會將報告其發 現及向董事會作出推薦意見 (如有)。該等政策及目標(如 有)將不時檢討以確保彼等 決定符合本公司策略及目標 的董事會最佳組成的適宜性。

提名委員會認為董事會能維 持多元化觀點的適當平衡, 並無訂立任何執行董事會成 員多元化政策的可計量目標。

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During the year ended 31 December 2021, the NC has held 1 meeting. Details of individual attendance of each member at the meeting are set out in section A6 above. At the said meetings, the NC: (i) reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements for the business of the Group; (ii) assessed the independence of all the independent non-executive Directors; (iii) recommended the re-election of the retiring Directors at the 2021 AGM; (iv) reviewed, confirmed and ratified the renewal of service contracts and/or letters of appointment of the Directors with recommendations to the Board for approval and ratification.

C. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is accountable to the Shareholders and is mindful of its obligations to furnish timely information and to ensure full disclosure of material information to the Shareholders in compliance with statutory requirements and the Listing Rules.

The Directors have acknowledged their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The management has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Group and put forward to the Board for approval.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,提名委員 會已舉行1次會議。各委員 的個別出席會議詳情載列於 上文A6節。於上述會議上, 提名委員會:(i)檢討董事會 架構、規模及組成以確保其 取得專業知識、技能及經驗 的平衡以適合本集團的業務 要求;(ii)評估所有獨立非執 行董事的獨立性;(iii)建議於 二零二一年股東週年大會上 重撰退任董事; (iv) 檢討、確 認及追認並向董事會建議批 准及追認與續期董事訂立之 服務合約及/或委任函。

C. 董事就財務報表的財務報告責任

董事會向股東負責,並應注意其責 任,包括根據法定規定及上市規則 提供適時的資料和確保向股東全面 披露重大的資料。

董事已知悉彼等就編製本公司截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 財務報表的責任。

董事會負責就年報及中期報告、內幕消息公佈以及上市規則及其他監管要求規定的其他披露資料,作出平衡、清晰而容易理解的評估。管理層向董事會提供解説及資料,以便董事會可就本集團的財務資料及狀況作出知情評估,以供董事會審批。

概無任何事件或狀況的重大不明朗 因素會對本集團持續經營的能力構 成重大懷疑。

D. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Group's risk management and internal control systems have a key role in the identification and management of risks that are significant to the achievement of the Group's business objectives. The process of business risk management has been integrated throughout the Group into business planning and monitoring processes. The Company's management continuously assesses the likelihood of risk occurrence, provides treatment plans, monitors the risk management progress, and reports to the AC and the Board on all findings. The management would also report to the AC and the Board on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The AC ensures that a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering all material internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls), with respect to the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, is conducted annually and put forward to the Board for consideration. In this regard, the AC reviews the audit plans and the findings of the external and internal auditors, and ensures that the Company will follow up on the auditors' recommendations raised, if any, during the audit process.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board, with the assistance of the management and the AC, has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Group's assets.

D. 風險管理及內部監控

審核委員會確保每年審閲本集團的 風險管理及內部監控系統的有效 性,涵蓋主要內部監控(包括財務、 營運、合規和信息技術監控)以及 該等系統的設計、實施及監管,並 提呈董事會供審議。就此而言, 都 核委員會審閲外部和內部核數師的 審核計劃和發現,以及確保本公司 跟進核數師在審核過程中提出的建 議(如有)。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Based on the reports submitted by the external and internal auditors and the various management controls put in place, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2021. With the concurrence of the AC, the Board considered that the Group's risk management and internal control systems maintained by the management are sufficiently effective and adequate to address the financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management of the Group throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has also received assurance from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company that (i) the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company/Group's operation and finances; (ii) the Company/Group have put in place and will continue to maintain reliable, comprehensive and sound systems of risk management, internal control and corporate governance that will withstand the scrutiny of any audit and review by the external auditor.

The Company has implemented control procedures throughout the year ended 31 December 2021 to ensure that unauthorised access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited.

E. INTERNAL AUDIT

The primary functions of the Company's internal audit include assessing if adequate internal control system is in place to protect the funds and assets of the Group and to ensure compliance with the internal control procedures; assessing if operation of the business processes under review is conducted efficiently and effectively; and identifying and recommending improvements to the internal control procedures, where required.

The Board, with the concurrence of the AC, is satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes budgeting and effectiveness of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions. 基於外部及內部核數師所提交的報 告以及已實施的各類管理控制措 施,董事會已就本集團截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 險管理及內部監控系統的有效性 行檢討。經審層所維持的本集團 險管理及內部監控系統於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度足以 有效及充分應對本集團的財務、營 運和合規監控及風險管理。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,董事會亦已收到本公司首席 執行官及首席財務官的保證及,彼 報表真實及公平地反快不公司/ 報表真實及公平地反快本公司/ 本集團的經營及財務情況;(ii)本公司 /本集團已妥善設立並將繼 理及企業管治系統,將可承受 外部核數師進行的任何審核及審閱 的核查。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止整個年度,本公司已實行監控程 序,以確保嚴禁未經授權地取得及 使用內幕消息。

E. 內部審核

本公司內部審核的主要職責包括評 估是否有充分的內部監控系統,以 保護本集團的資金和資產,以及確 保遵循監控流程;評估所審閱的業 務運作流程是否高效和有效地運 作;及識別和建議就內部監控流程 的改善(如適用)。

董事會(經審核委員會同意)信納本 集團的會計、內部審核及財務報告 職能的資源、人員資格及經驗、培 訓計劃及預算及效能的充足性。

F. COMPANY SECRETARIES

During the year ended 31 December 2021, Ms. Leung Kwan Wai of Tricor Services Limited and Ms. Cheok Hui Yee of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd., both of which companies being external service providers, have been engaged as the Company's Joint Company Secretaries.

The Company Secretaries' primary contact persons at the Company are Ms. Yan Yunhua, an executive Director, and Ms. Gui Lin, the Head of Securities Department of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company Secretaries have taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

G. EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

The fees paid/payable to Ernst & Young LLP, the Company's external auditor, in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2021 are analysed below:

F. 公司秘書

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,卓佳專業商務有限公司的梁 君慧女士及Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd. 的石慧儀女士(兩間公司均為外部 服務供應商)獲委聘為本公司之聯 席公司秘書。

公司秘書於本公司的主要聯絡人為 本公司執行董事閆蘊華女士及本公 司證券部經理桂琳女士。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,公司秘書已進行不少於15 小時的相關專業培訓。

G. 外部核數師及核數師酬金

本公司外部核數師就其對截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度本公 司財務報表的申報責任作出的聲明 載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節。

就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度的審核服務及非審核服務而 已付/應付予本公司外部核數師安 永會計師事務所的費用分析如下:

Type of services provided by the external auditor 外部核數師提供的服務種類	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付費用 (RMB\$'000) (人民幣千元)
Audit services 家地 B 教	
審核服務 Audit fee for the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的審核費用 	7,300
Non-audit services 非審核服務	98
 Tax compliance service 税項合規服務 	
TOTAL: 總計:	7,398

H. COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Group recognises the importance of transparent and timely disclosure of corporate information, which enables Shareholders and investors to make the best investment decision. Price sensitive information will be publicly released before the Company's disclosure of any of such information to any investors or analysts. Financial results and reports will be announced or issued within the prescribed periods under the statutory or regulatory requirements.

In line with continuous obligations of the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules, the Board's policy is that all Shareholders be informed of all major developments that impact the Group. Information is disseminated to the Shareholders and investors on a timely basis through:

- i. Announcements, financial reports, circulars and news releases published on the website of the SEHK;
- ii. Financial reports prepared and issued to all Shareholders;
- iii. Press releases on major developments of the Group;
- iv. Notices of and explanatory memoranda for AGM and EGM; and
- v. the Company's website at www.chinaxlx.com.hk at which the Shareholders can access information of the Group, roadshows and plant visits.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings to ensure high level of accountability and to stay apprised of the Group's strategy and goals. Notices of general meetings will be published on the websites of the SEHK and the Company. The chairmen of the Committees are normally available at general meetings to answer any question relating to the work of the Committees. The external auditor shall also be present at AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

H. 與股東及投資者的溝通

本集團確認企業資料透明度及適時 披露的重要性,其可使股東及投資 者作出最佳投資決定。價格敏感資 料將於本公司向任何投資者或分析 員披露任何該等資料前向外公佈。 財務業績和報告將於法定或監管規 定項下訂明的期間內公佈或發出。

為配合本公司根據上市規則的持續 責任,董事會的政策是讓全體股東 得知影響本集團的所有重大發展。 本公司通過以下方式適時向股東及 投資者發佈資料:

- 在聯交所網站刊登公告、財
 務報告、通函和新聞發佈;
- ii. 為全體股東編制並向他們發
 出財務報告;
- iii. 有關本集團重大發展的新聞 稿;
- iv. 股東週年大會和股東特別大 會的通告和説明備忘錄;及
- v. 本公司的網站(www.chinaxlx. com.hk),股東可於該網站瀏 覽本集團的資料、路演以及 廠房參觀活動。

本公司鼓勵股東出席股東大會,以 確保高度的問責水準和得知本集團 的策略和目標。股東大會通告將在 聯交所和本公司網站內公佈。各委 員會的主席一般都會出席股東大 會,回答與各委員會工作有關的問 題。外部核數師亦應出席股東週年 大會,以回答有關進行審核、核數 師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及 核數師的獨立性的問題。 Besides, for putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders and investors may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries. Shareholders and investors may send their written enquiries to the following:

Address: Room 1903-04, 19/F., Hong Kong Trade Centre, 161 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 2435 3724

Email: ir@chinaxlx.com.hk

Inquiries are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

I. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution shall be proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors, for Shareholders' consideration and voting.

11. CONVENING AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to Article 47 of the Constitution, the Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the statute, proceed with proper expedition to convene an EGM.

Pursuant to the Companies Act:

(a) Shareholders holding 10% or more of the paidup capital of the Company which carries the right to vote at general meetings as at the date of the deposit of the requisition, may request the Board to convene an EGM. The written requisition must specify the objects of the meeting, be signed by the Shareholders concerned and deposited at the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretaries; 此外,就向董事會作出任何查詢而 言,股東及投資者可向本公司寄送 書面查詢。本公司一般將不會處理 任何口頭或匿名查詢。股東及投資 者可透過以下方式寄送其書面查 詢:

地址:香港上環德輔道中161號 香港貿易中心19字樓 1903-1904室

傳真:(852)24353724

電郵:ir@chinaxlx.com.hk

查詢將獲詳細及時處理。

I. 股東的權利

為保障股東的權益及權利,本公司 將就各重大個別事宜(包括選舉個 別董事)於股東大會提呈獨立決議 案以供股東考慮及投票表決。

I1. 召開股東特別大會

根據章程細則第47條,董事 倘認為合適及倘規程有所規 定,可適當地隨時召開股東 特別大會。

根據公司法:

 (a) 於遞交要求日期持有 本公司繳足股本10% 或以上並有權於股東 大會上投票的股東, 可要求董事會召開股 東特別大會。書面B
 取必須指明大會目的 及必須經有關股東的 注冊辦事處(須註明收 件人為董事會或公司
 秘書);

- (b) The Board shall proceed to convene an EGM within 21 days of the deposit of such written requisition. Such EGM shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such written requisition; and
- (c) If the Directors do not within 21 days after the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed to convene an EGM, the Shareholders who deposited requisition, or any of them representing more than 50% of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves, in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be convened by Directors, convene an EGM, but any EGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from that date.

12. PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

In general, subject to the paragraph below, no resolution may be proposed at a general meeting (whether it is an EGM or an AGM) if such resolution is not included in the notice convening the general meeting. However, if the proposal is to amend an existing resolution set out in the notice convening the general meeting and such amendment is within the scope of the notice, such amendment may be made if approved by the Shareholders by ordinary resolution.

- (b) 董事會將於遞交該書 面要求日期起計21 日內召開股東特別大 會。有關股東特別大 會須於遞交該書面要 求後2個月內舉行; 及
- 倘董事未有於褫交要 (C) 求日期後起計21日內 召開股東特別大會, 則遞交要求的股東(或 當中持有彼等全體總 投票權一半以上的任 何人士)可自行召開 股東特別大會,而彼 等所召開的股東特別 大會須盡量以與董事 召開大會相同的方式 召開,惟任何據此召 開的股東特別大會均 不得於上述日期起計 3個月屆滿後舉行。

I2. 於股東大會上提出議案

一般而言,受下文所限,倘 決議案並無載列於召開股東 或股東週年大會)的通告內, 則該決議案不可於股東大會, 加茲之會)的通告內, 則該決議案不可於股東大會 上提呈。然而,倘建議子 修訂召開股東大會的通告所 載的現有決議案,而有關 訂須待股東以普通決 議案方式通過後作出。
On the requisition in writing of either (i) any number of Shareholders representing not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the general meeting to which the requisition related; or (ii) not less than 100 Shareholders on which there has been paid up an average sum, per Shareholder, of not less than S\$500, the Company shall be under a duty to:

- Give to the Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next AGM notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- (b) Circulate to the Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Notice of any such intended resolution shall be given, and any such statement shall be circulated, to the Shareholders entitled to have notice of the meeting sent to them by serving a copy of the resolution or statement on each such Shareholder in any manner permitted for service of notice of the meeting, and notice of any such resolution shall be given to any other Shareholder by giving notice of the general effect of the resolution in any manner permitted for giving him/her notice of meetings of the Company. The requisition shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company at least 6 weeks before the meeting. 在(i)於遞交要求日期持有不 少於全體股東總投票權(賦有 於要求所涉股東大會上的投 票權)5%的股東(不論人數); 或(ii)不少於100名股東(而持 有股份的每名股東平均已繳 足金額不少於500新加坡元) 以書面方式提出要求下,本 公司有責任:

- 向有權接收下一屆股 東週年大會通告的股 東發出通知,以告知
 任何可能於該大會上
 正式動議並擬於會上
 動議的決議案;及
- (b) 向有權獲發送任何股 東大會通告的股東傳 閱不超過1,000字的陳 述書,以告知於該大 會上提呈的任何建議 決議案所述事宜或將 處理的事項。

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For the avoidance of doubt, the Shareholder must provide his/her full name, contact details and identification, in the originally signed written requisition, notice or statement (as the case may be), in order to give effect thereto. Information of the Shareholder may be disclosed as required by law.

During the year under review, the Company has not made any changes to the Constitution. An up-to-date version of the Constitution is available on the websites of the SEHK and the Company. Shareholders may refer to the Constitution for further details of the rights of Shareholders.

All resolutions put forward at general meetings shall be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules, and poll results will be posted on the websites of the SEHK and the Company after each general meeting. 為免產生疑問,股東必須呈交已簽 署的書面呈請、通知或聲明(視情 況而定)的原件並於其上提供其全 名、聯絡資料及身份證明,以令有 關呈請、通知或聲明生效。股東資 料或須根據法例規定予以披露。

於回顧年度,本公司並無對章程作 出任何更改。章程的最新版本可於 聯交所及本公司網站查閱。有關股 東權利的進一步詳情,股東可參考 章程。

股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將根 據上市規則進行投票表決,且投票 表決的結果將於各股東大會結束後 在聯交所及本公司網站上刊載。

Directors' Statement 董事報告

The directors (the "Directors") of China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. (the "Company") are pleased to present their statement to the Shareholders together with the audited consolidated financial statements of China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

In the opinion of the Directors,

- (i) the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021; and
- (ii) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 45 to the financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the year, a discussion on the Group's future business development, and the description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are set out in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis of this annual report. The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in Note 43 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the Financial Highlights of this annual report. Discussions on the Group's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations and relationships with its key stakeholders that have a significant impact on the Group are included in the Chairman's Statement, Investor Relations and Corporate Governance Report of this annual report and in this Directors' Statement.

The Group places much importance on environmental protection, energysaving and emission reduction, continuously processes environmental transformation of production systems, promotes the implementation of clean production, and continuously formulates and improves a series of regulation policies to improve our environmental management, laying a solid foundation for future development. Please refer to the separate 2021 Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') Report of the Group, for further details of the Group's ESG-related risks, environmental policies and performance and other ESG information. 中國心連心化肥有限公司(「本公司」)的董 事(「董事」)欣然向股東呈報中國心連心化 肥有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統 稱「本集團」)的經審核綜合財務報表,以 及本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止財政年度的財務狀況表及權益變動表。

董事認為,

- (i) 本集團之相關綜合財務報表以及本公司之財務狀況表及權益變動表已編製,以真實而公平地反映於二零二一年十二月三十一日本集團及本公司之財務狀況和於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團之財務表現、權益變動及現金流量以及本公司之權益變動;及
- (ii) 於本報告日期,有合理理由相信本 公司能夠清償其到期債務。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司 之主要業務之詳情載於財務報表附註45。

業務回顧

本年度本集團業務回顧、對本集團未來業 務發展的討論,以及描述本集團可能面對 的風險及不確定因素載於本年報的主席報 告及管理層討論與分析。本集團的財務報 險管理目標及政策載於綜合財務報表附註 43。本年度用作分析本集團表現的財務 要績效指標載於本年報的財務概要。本集 團就對其有重大影響的相關法律法規的 討和與關鍵利益相關者的關係情況的討論 列於本年報的主席報告、投資者關係及企 業管治報告以及本董事報告。

本集團高度重視環境保護與節能減排工 作,持續進行生產系統環保改造,推進實 施清潔生產,不斷制定並完善一系列環保 管理規章制度,夯實未來發展的基礎。本 集團有關環境、社會及管治的風險、環境 政策及績效以及其他環境、社會及管治資 料的進一步詳情,請參閱本集團獨立的二 零二一年環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會 及管治」)報告。

Directors' Statement

董事報告

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company is committed to sharing its development and achievements with shareholders through stable and sustainable dividend payment whilst maintaining an optimal capital structure which allows the Company to take advantage of any investment and expansion opportunities that may arise from time to time.

The Board shall consider the following factors before declaring or recommending dividends, including without limitation to: (i) financial results; (ii) cash flow situation; (iii) availability of distributable profits; (iv) business conditions and strategies; (v) future operations and earnings; (vi) capital requirements and expenditure plans.

The payment of dividend is also subject to compliance with the Constitution and the applicable laws and regulations. The Board will review the said dividend policy as appropriate from time to time and there can be no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 85 to 222 of this annual report.

No interim dividend was paid during the year. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of RMB19 cents (2020: RMB10 cents) per ordinary share in respect of the year to the Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members on 5 July 2022. Subject to the approval of Shareholders at the 2022 AGM, the final dividend will be paid in HKD on 29 July 2022.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the shareholders of the Company by reason of their holdings of the Company's shares.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the consolidated results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out on page 222 of this annual report.

股息政策

透過穩健及可持續的派息政策,本公司致 力於與股東共同分享其發展及成就,同時 維持最佳的資本架構以令本公司利用可能 不時出現的任何投資及擴張機會。

董事會於宣派或建議派付股息前將考慮下 列因素,包括但不限於:(i)財務業績;(ii) 現金流量狀況;(iii)可供分派溢利的可行 性:(iv)業務狀況及策略:(v)未來營運及盈 利:(vi)資本要求及開支計劃。

股息派付亦須遵守章程及適用的法律及規 定。董事會將於適當、不時審閱上述股息 政策,而概不保證將於任何指定期間以任 何特定金額派付股息。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的溢利及本集團於該日的財務狀況載 於本年報第85至第222頁的財務報表。

本年度並無派付中期股息。董事建議就本 年度向於二零二二年七月五日名列股東名 冊的股東派發末期股息每股普通股人民幣 19分(二零二零年:人民幣10分)。待股東 於二零二二年股東週年大會上批准後,未 期股息將於二零二二年七月二十九日以港 元派付。

税項減免

本公司並未獲悉本公司股東因持有本公司股份而獲得税項寬減。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的綜合業績及 資產與負債概要(乃摘錄自已刊發的經審 核財務報表)載於本年報第222頁。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's share capital is set out in Note 35 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Constitution or the laws of Singapore, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, amounted to approximately RMB544,660,000 of which RMB222,608,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 8% (2020: less than 8%) of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 28% (2020: 26.7%) of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 12% (2020: 9%).

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board is aware, the Company has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company.

股本

本公司的股本詳情載於財務報表附註35。

優先購買權

章程或新加坡(本公司註冊成立的司法權 區)的法律並無優先購買權條文,致使本 公司有責任按比例向現有股東提呈發售新 股份。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證 券

除上文披露者外,截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公 司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證 券。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司之 可供分派儲備(根據公司法的條文規定計 算)為約人民幣544,660,000元,其中人民 幣222,608,000元已作為本年度建議末期股 息。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,銷售予本集團五名最大 客戶佔本年度總銷售額少於8%(二零二零 年:少於8%)。本集團向五名最大供應商 採購則佔本年度總採購額28%(二零二零 年:26.7%),而其中向最大供應商採購則 佔12%(二零二零年:9%)。

董事或彼等的任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東 (據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以 上者)概無擁有本集團五名最大客戶和供 應商的任何實益權益。

遵守相關法律法規

據董事會所知,本公司在各重大方面均已 遵守對本公司業務及營運具有重大影響的 相關法律法規。

Directors' Statement 董事報告

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling RMB11,867,099 (2020: RMB5,585,960).

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Liu Xingxu Zhang Qingjin Yan Yunhua

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Ong Kian Guan Li Shengxiao Ong Wei Jin Li Hongxing

Pursuant to Articles 89 and 90 of the Constitution, Mr. Liu Xingxu, Mr. Ong Wei Jin and Mr. Li Shengxiao shall retire by rotation at the 2022 AGM.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors and considers them to be independent.

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND COMPANY SECRETARIES

Biographical details of the Directors, the senior management of the Group and the Company Secretaries are set out on this annual report.

ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

慈善捐款

於本年度,本集團作出慈善捐款合共人 民幣11,867,099元(二零二零年:人民幣 5,585,960元)。

董事

於本報告日期在任的本公司董事如下:

執行董事:

劉興旭 張慶金 閆蘊華

獨立非執行董事:

王建源 李生校 王為仁 李紅星

根據章程大綱第89條與第90條,劉興旭 先生、王為仁先生和李生校先生將於二零 二二年股東週年大會上輪值退任。

本公司已從各獨立非執行董事接獲年度獨 立確認書,並視彼等為獨立。

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書的履 歷

董事、本集團高級管理層及公司秘書的履 歷詳情載於本年報。

董事收購股份及債權證的安排

本公司於本年度結算日或本年度內任何時 間概無作為一方訂立任何安排,而其目的 為(或其目的之一為)致使董事或彼等各自 之配偶或未成年子女可收購本公司或任何 其他法團的股份或債權證而獲益。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 28 March 2020, unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of the service contract by either party giving to the other not less than six months' prior notice in writing.

The Company has issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors and the non-executive Director for a term of three years, unless terminated by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration is subject to approval by the Remuneration Committee with reference to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 9 to the financial statements.

HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

During the year, the five individuals with the highest remuneration in the Group are all Directors and senior management of the Company. Details of the highest paid individuals are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

As set out in Article 147 of the Constitution, a permitted indemnity provision (as defined in the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

董事的服務合同

各執行董事與本公司訂立服務合同,自二 零二零年三月二十八日起為期三年,除非 任何一方根據服務合同向另一方發出不少 於六個月之事先書面通知,予以終止。

本公司已向各獨立非執行董事及非執行董 事發出委任函,任期為三年,除非任何 一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之書面通 知,予以終止。

概無於二零二二年股東週年大會上提呈膺 選連任的董事與本公司訂立不可由本公司 於一年內毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)予 以終止的服務合同。

董事酬金

董事酬金須待薪酬委員會參考董事的職 務、職責及表現和本集團的業績後批准, 始可作實。董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附 註9。

最高薪酬個人

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬個人全部為董 事及本公司的高級管理層。最高薪酬個人 的詳情載於財務報表附註10。

獲准許彌償條文

載於章程細則第147條有關惠及董事的獲 准許彌償條文(按香港公司條例定義)於現 在及年內均為有效。

Directors' Statement 董事報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" and in Note 40 to the financial statements, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party subsisted at the end of or at any time during the year under review.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in shares of the Company, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 164 of the Companies Act and Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事於交易、安排或合同的權益

除「持續關連交易」一節及財務報表附註 40所披露外,於回顧年度結算日或年內任 何時間,董事或董事的關連實體概無於本 公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集團業 務而言屬重大的任何交易、安排或合同中 直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事及主要行政人員於股份的權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事及本 公司主要行政人員於本公司股份中擁有記 載於按公司法第164條及證券及期貨條例 第352條由本公司存置的登記冊內的權益, 或根據上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所的權益如下:

Long positions 好倉

Number of ordinary shares interested 擁有權益的普通股數目

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Personal interests 個人權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Total interests 總權益	Approximate percentage [#] of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行 股本的約百分比 [#]
Mr. Liu Xingxu 劉興旭先生	600,000	413,007,999 (Note 附註(a))	413,607,999	35.30%
Ms. Yan Yunhua 閆蘊華女士	300,000	276,465,000 (Note (b))	276,765,000	23.62%
Mr. Ong Kian Guan 王建源先生	100,000	_	100,000	0.01%
Chief Executive Officer 首席執行官				
Mr. Ma Tongsheng 馬通生先生	8,000	-	8,000	0.01%

[#] The percentage represents the number of ordinary shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2021.

· 該百分比指擁有權益的普通股數目除以本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日的已發行股份數目。

Notes:

- (a) These shares were held by Pioneer Top Holdings Limited ("Pioneer Top"), an investment holding company established in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"). Mr. Liu Xingxu beneficially owned 42% of the equity interest in Pioneer Top, and held the remaining 58% of the equity interest in Pioneer Top in trust for 7 beneficiaries (including Mr. Zhang Qingjin) under a trust agreement dated 26 July 2016. Pursuant to the trust agreement, Mr. Liu Xingxu is irrevocably granted the absolute discretion to exercise the voting rights and the rights to the day-to-day management of Pioneer Top.
- (b) These shares were held by Go Power Investments Limited ("Go Power"), an investment holding company established in the BVI. Ms. Yan Yunhua beneficially owned 12.74% of the equity interest in Go Power, and held the remaining 87.26% of the equity interest in Go Power in trust for a total of 1,463 beneficiaries under a trust agreement dated 26 July 2016. Pursuant to the trust agreement, Ms. Yan Yunhua is irrevocably granted the absolute discretion to exercise the voting rights and the rights to the day-to-day management of Go Power.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company nor their associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which has been recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 164 of the Company and Section 352 of the SFO, or which has been notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors has any interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the Group under the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the year, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

The Group has no equity-linked agreements.

附註:

- (a) 該等股份由Pioneer Top Holdings Limited (「Pioneer Top」)(一間於英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)成立之投資控股公司) 持有。劉興旭先生實益擁有Pioneer Top 42%股權,並根據日期為二零一六年七月 二十六日的信託協議為7名受益人(包括張 慶金先生)信託持有Pioneer Top餘下58% 股權。根據該信託協議,劉興旭先生獲不 可撤回地授予權利,全權酌情行使Pioneer Top的投票權及其日常管理權。
- (b) 該等股份由Go Power Investments Limited (「Go Power」)(一間於英屬處女群島成立 之投資控股公司)持有。閆蘊華女士實益 擁有Go Power 12.74%股權,並根據日期為 二零一六年七月二十六日的信託協議為合 共1,463名受益人信託持有Go Power餘下 87.26%股權。根據該信託協議,閆蘊華女 士獲不可撤回地授予權利,全權酌情行使 Go Power的投票權及其日常管理權。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員或 彼等的聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或被視為擁 有記載於按公司法第164條及證券及期貨 條例第352條由本公司存置的登記冊內的 任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會 本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

董事於競爭業務的權益

年內及截至本年報刊發日期,根據上市規 則,概無董事在任何與本集團從事的業務 競爭或可能競爭的業務中擁有權益。

管理合同

年內,概無就有關本公司全部或大部份業 務的管理及行政訂立或存在任何合同。

股票掛鈎協議

本集團並無任何股票掛鈎協議。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, the following parties had interests of 5% or more in the issued shares and underlying shares of the Company according to the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 88 of the Companies Act and Section 336 of the SFO:

LONG POSITIONS 好倉

主要股東於股份、相關股份或債權 證的權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,按本公司 根據公司法第88條及證券及期貨條例第 336條須存置的權益登記冊,下列各方於 本公司已發行股份擁有5%或以上的權益:

Name of substantial Shareholders 主要股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares interested 擁有權益的 已發行 普通股數目	Approximate percentage [#] of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行 股本中的概約 百分比#
Pioneer Top (Note 附註 (a))	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	413,007,999	35.25%
Go Power (Note 附註(b))	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	276,465,000	23.60%

[#] The percentage represents the number of issued ordinary shares interested divided by the number of the Company's issued shares as at 31 December 2021.

* 該百分比指擁有權益的已發行普通股數目除以本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日的已發行股份數目。

Notes:

附註:

- (a) Pioneer Top is an investment holding company established in the BVI. Mr. Liu Xingxu beneficially owned 42% of the equity interest in Pioneer Top, and held the remaining 58% of the equity interest in Pioneer Top in trust for 7 beneficiaries under a trust agreement dated 26 July 2016, including 7% for Mr. Zhang Qingjin, an executive Director; 7% for Mr. Ru Zhengtao and 7% for Mr. Shang Dewei, the Company's employees; 7% for Mr. Zhu Xingye (retired), 16% for Mr. Li Buwen (retired), 7% for Mr. Li Yunshun (retired) and 7% for Mr. Wang Nairen (retired). Mr. Liu Xingxu has the absolute discretion to exercise the voting rights held by Pioneer Top in the Company in accordance with the trust agreement. Such interest held by Pioneer Top has also been disclosed as the interest of Mr. Liu Xingxu in the above section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares".
- (a) Pioneer Top 乃於英屬處女群島成立之投資 控股公司。劉興旭先生實益擁有 Pioneer Top 42%股權,並根據日期為二零一六年 七月二十六日的信託協議為7名受益人信 託持有 Pioneer Top餘下 58%股權,該7名 受益人包括執行董事張慶金先生(7%);本 公司僱員茹正濤先生(7%)及尚德偉先生 (7%);已退休人員朱性業先生(7%)、李 步文先生(16%)、李玉順先生(7%)及王乃 仁先生(7%)。根據該信託協議,劉興旭先 生可全權酌情行使 Pioneer Top 於本公司持 有的投票權。Pioneer Top 持有的該權益亦 在上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份的權 益」一節披露為劉興旭先生的權益。

(b) Go Power is an investment holding company established in the BVI. Ms. Yan Yunhua beneficially owned 12.74% of the equity interest in Go Power, and held the remaining 87.26% of the equity interest in Go Power in trust for a total of 1,463 beneficiaries under a trust agreement dated 26 July 2016. Ms. Yan Yunhua has the absolute discretion to exercise the voting rights held by Go Power in the Company in accordance with the trust agreement. Such interest held by Go Power has also been disclosed as the interest of Ms. Yan Yunhua in the above section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, no person, other than the Directors whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares" above, had an interest or a short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company that was required to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 88 of the Companies Act and Section 336 of the SFO.

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance were entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following continuing connected transactions, which are the related party transactions set out in Note 40 to the financial statements that constituted continuing connected transactions, and has complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As at 31 December 2021, Mr. Liu Xingxu, Ms. Yan Yunhua and Mr. Zhang Qingjin (being executive Directors) collectively held an aggregate of approximately 10.6% interest in XLX Chem, and together are the largest shareholder of XLX Chem and have the largest influence through their shareholders' rights on the major decisions in XLX Chem. Therefore, XLX Chem, its subsidiaries and associates (collectively "XLX Chem Group") are deemed as the Company's connected persons under Rule 14A.07 of the Listing Rules.

(b) Go Power 乃於英屬處女群島成立之投資控股公司。間蘊華女士實益擁有 Go Power 12.74%股權,並根據日期為二零一六年七月二十六日的信託協議為合共1,463 名受益人信託持有 Go Power餘下 87.26%股權。根據該信託協議,問蘊華女士可全權酌情行使 Go Power於本公司持有的投票權。Go Power持有的該權益亦在上文「董事及主要 行政人員於股份的權益」一節披露為閆蘊 華女士的權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,除於上文「董事及主要行政人 員於股份的權益」一節所載董事的權益外, 概無人士於本公司的股份、相關股份或債 權證中擁有按公司法第88條及證券及期貨 條例第336條須記載於由本公司存置的登 記冊內的權益或淡倉。

重大合約

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無 與任何控股股東或其附屬公司訂立任何重 大合約。

持續關連交易

於本年度,本集團已進行以下持續關連交 易(載於財務報表附註40所載構成持續關 連交易的部分關連方交易),並已遵守上市 規則第14A章的披露規定。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,劉興旭先 生、閆蘊華女士及張慶金先生(執行董事) 共同持有心連心化工合約10.6%權益,而 彼等共同為心連心化工的最大股東及通過 其股東權利對心連心化工的主要決定具有 重大影響。因此,根據上市規則第14A.07 條,心連心化工、其附屬公司及聯營公司 (統稱為「心連心化工集團」)均被視為本公 司關連人士。

NON-EXEMPT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

EQUIPMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENT

The Group entered into the Equipment Purchase Agreement on 5 February 2021 with XLX Chem Group, pursuant to which XLX Chem Group agreed to supply and provide the relevant installation services for equipment, including pipes, vessels and pressure vessels, to Henan XLX. Accordingly, the Group benefits from reliable and timely delivery of equipment and cost effectiveness. Pursuant to the agreement, the prices for equipment purchases are determined by the Group's internal qualification and tendering procedures with potential suppliers of equipment, which vary depending on the product type, quantity and quality specifications as required by Henan XLX.

The Equipment Purchase Agreement has an original term commencing from 5 February 2021 up to and including 31 December 2023. The Group has set the annual cap for the amount paid by the Group to XLX Chem Group for the purchases of equipment under the agreement at RMB40,000,000 for FY2021.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount paid by the Group for the purchases of equipment from XLX Chem Group was approximately RMB 38,230,000. The amount of RMB 30,777,000 has been included in spare parts inventories in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. Besides, the Group paid RMB 7,453,000 as anti-corrosion service fees which has been accounted for as general and administrative expenses in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions and confirmed that these continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

- (1) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (2) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available from independent suppliers; and
- (3) according to the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

不獲豁免持續關連交易

設備購買協議

本集團已於二零二一年二月五日與心連心 化工集團訂立設備購買協議,據此,心 連心化工集團同意向河南心連心提供設備 及相關安裝服務,包括管道、容器及壓力 容器。因此,本集團受益於可靠且及時的 設備交付及成本效益。根據該協議,設備 購買價格由本集團與潛在設備供應商的內 部資格及招標程序釐定,根據河南心連心 需要的產品種類、數量及質素規格有所變 動。

設備購買協議的原始期限自二零二一年 二月五日開始,直至二零二三年十二月 三十一日(包括該日)。本集團已根據該協 議就購買設備向心連心化工集團支付的金 額,將二零二一財政年度的年度上限釐定 為人民幣40,000,000元。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團就購自心連心化工集團的設備支付 的總金額約為人民幣38,230,000元。人民幣 30,777,000元已計入本集團綜合財務狀況表 的備用零件存貨。此外,本集團支付的防 腐服務費為人民幣7,453,000元,已作為一 般及行政開支計入本集團的綜合損益及其 他全面收益表。

獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交 易,並確認該等持續關連交易:

- (1) 於本集團一般及日常業務過程中進 行;
- (2) 按一般商業條款或不遜於獨立供應 商向本集團提供之條款進行;及
- (3) 根據有關協議的條款進行,該等條款為公平及合理,並符合股東整體 利益。

Ernst & Young LLP, the Company's auditor, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young LLP have issued an unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the SEHK.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of the bank loans and other borrowings of the Group are set out in Note 31 to the financial statements.

SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 45 to the financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public at the date of this report.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Companies Act requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. These financial statements should give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at the end of the reporting period of a particular year and on the financial performance of the Group for the year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors should:

- (a) select and apply consistently appropriate accounting policies, and make prudent, fair and reasonable judgement and estimation;
- (b) report the reasons for any serious deviation from accounting practice; and
- (c) prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Group could continue to operate.

本公司核數師安永會計師事務所已獲委聘 根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《國際審驗應聘 服務準則3000》的「歷史財務資料審計或審 閱以外的審驗應聘」並參照《實務説明》第 740號「關於《香港上市規則》所述持續關連 交易的核數師函件」就本集團持續關連交 易提交報告。安永會計師事務所已根據上 市規則第14A.56條就本集團於上文披露的 持續關連交易發出載有其調查結果和結論 的無保留意見函件。核數師函件副本已由 本公司向聯交所提交。

銀行貸款及其他借款

本集團的銀行貸款及其他借款詳情載列於 財務報表附註31。

附屬公司

本公司附屬公司詳情載於財務報表附註 45。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得的公開資料及據董事所知 悉,於本報告刊發日期,本公司的已發行 股本總數中至少25%由公眾人士持有。

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

公司法規定董事須就每個財政年度編製財 務報表。該等財務報表須真實與公平地 列報本集團於某年度報告期間結算日的財 政狀況及本集團截至該日止年度的財務表 現。在編製該等財務報表時,董事應:

- (a) 挑選及貫徹運用適當的會計政策,
 並作出審慎、公平及合理的判斷及
 估計:
- (b) 匯報嚴重偏離任何會計常規的原因;及
- (c) 以持續經營基準編製財務報表,除 非假設本集團能持續經營為不恰當。

Directors' Statement 董事報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors:

The Directors are responsible for the proper keeping of accounting records in order to secure the assets of the Company and the Group. The Directors are also responsible for adopting reasonable measures to prevent and check any fraudulences and irregularities.

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young LLP have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment as the auditor of the Company.

董事負責妥善保存會計記錄,以保護本公 司和本集團的資產。董事亦負責採納合理 措施,防止及檢查任何欺詐及失當行為。

核數師

安永會計師事務所已表明願意接納續聘為 本公司核數師。

代表董事會:

Liu Xingxu	Yan Yunhua	<i>董事</i>	<i>董事</i>
Director	Director	劉 興旭	閆蘊華
25 March 2022		二零二二年三月二十五日	

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



To the members of China XLX Fertiliser Ltd (Incorporated in Singapore with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2021, the statements of changes in equity of the Group and the Company and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group, the statement of financial position and the statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS (I)s") and International Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("IFRSs") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date.

致中國心連心化肥有限公司全體股東 (於新加坡註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審核中國心連心化肥有限公司(「貴 公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的 財務報表,當中包括二零二一年十二月 三十一日的貴集團及貴公司財務狀況表, 及截至該日止年度的貴集團及貴公司權益 變動表、貴集團綜合損益及其他全面收益 表及綜合現金流量表,以及包括主要會計 政策概要的綜合財務報表附註。

我們認為,貴集團綜合財務報表,連同貴 公司財務狀況表及權益變動表,已按照新 加坡公司法(「該法案」)第50章、新加坡財 務報告準則(國際)(「新加坡財務報告準則 (國際)」)及國際財務報告準則(「國際財務 報告準則」)妥為編制,以真實及公平地反 映於二零二一年十二月三十一日貴集團的 綜合財務狀況及貴公司的財務狀況,及截 至該日止年度的貴集團綜合財務表現、綜 合權益變動及綜合現金流量狀況以及貴公 司的權益變動。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

意見基礎

我們按照國際核數準則(「國際核數準則」) 進行審核工作。我們在該等標準下的責 任已詳述於報告中「核數師就審核綜合財 務報表承擔的責任」部分。依據會計與企 業管理局(「ACRA」)「註冊會計師和會計公 司的職業行為準則和道德規範」(「ACRA準 則」)及與我們在新加坡的財務報表審核 相關的職業道德規範,我們乃獨立於貴集 團。我們已遵循該等規範及ACRA準則履行 其他職業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲 得的審核證據充足且適當地為我們的意見 提供基礎。

主要審核事宜

主要審核事宜是我們根據專業判斷所決 定,在當前時期財務報表審核中最重要的 事宜。我們在財務報表審核過程中將該等 事宜作為一個整體來對待,並由此形成我 們的意見。我們並不對該等事宜各自作出 意見。以下我們將分別闡述我們是如何對 下述各項事宜進行審核。

我們已履行在報告中「核數師就審核綜合 財務報表承擔的責任」部分提出的責任, 其中包括與該等事宜有關的職責。因此, 我們的審核包括用於我們對財務報表存有 重大錯誤陳述風險的評估程序。我們的審 核程序所獲得的結果,包括針對以下事宜 的程序,可為我們對於隨附的綜合財務報 表的審核意見提供基礎。

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF CASH-GENERATING UNITS ("CGUS")

The management has performed the mandatory annual impairment assessments of the following CGUs with material allocated goodwill as at 31 December 2021:

- Coal mining operations ("Coal mining CGU") with property, plant and equipment, coal mining rights, and goodwill amounting to RMB757,736,000, RMB236,961,000 and RMB25,361,000, respectively; and
- Medical intermediate CGU with property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and goodwill amounting to RMB223,675,000, RMB21,537,000, and RMB34,021,000 respectively.

Management has determined the recoverable amount of the CGUs based on value in use calculations using discounted cash flows projected for the CGUs. As disclosed in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, the key assumptions included budgeted sales, growth rates, gross margins, operating costs, commodity prices and the discount rates that consider the specific risks relating to the respective CGUs. Based on the impairment assessments, management has concluded that the CGUs are not impaired. We determined this to be a key audit matter because the impairment assessments were complex and involved significant management judgements and estimates in making assumptions about the future market and economic conditions, revenue growth, margin and efficiency improvements.

As part of our audit, we obtained an understanding of management's bases and processes to determine the carrying amounts and recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs. We checked that the CGUs cash flow projections were based on approved management budgets that reflected business plans and the estimates of coal outputs and mining reserves of the Coal mining CGU. We engaged our internal valuation specialists to assist us in assessing management's valuation methodologies and the key assumptions used in the respective discounted cash flow computations.

現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)的減值 評估

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,管理層已 對以下包含重大已分配商譽的現金產生單 位進行強制性年度減值評估:

- 煤礦開採經營(「煤礦開採現金產生 單位」),包含物業、廠房及設備、 煤礦開採權及商譽分別為人民幣 757,736,000元、人民幣236,961,000 元及人民幣25,361,000元;及
- 醫藥中間體現金產生單位,包含 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產 及商譽分別為人民幣223,675,000 元、人民幣21,537,000元及人民幣 34,021,000元。

管理層已根據採用現金產生單位的估計折 現現金流的使用價值計算釐定現金產生單 位的可收回金額。誠如綜合財務報表附 17所披露,主要假設包括預算銷售額、增 長率各現金產生單位有關特定風險的折現 。基於減值評估,管理層得出結論認現 金生單位並無減值。由於就未來市場及 經濟狀況、收益增長、利潤及效率提升方需 重大管理層判斷及估算,我們將其定為 主要審核事宜之一。

作為審核的一部分,我們已了解管理層釐 定各現金產生單位的賬面值及可收回金額 的依據與流程。經我們查核,現金產生單 位的現金流預測是基於經批准的管理層預 算,其反映煤礦開採現金產生單位的業務 計劃以及煤炭產量與採礦儲量的估算。我 們聘請內部估值專家協助我們評估管理層 的估值方法及各折現現金流計算所採用的 主要假設。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

We evaluated the key cash flows assumptions used by considering our findings on past budget variances, comparing management's budgeted sales and operating costs to historical data and information on expected efficiency improvements; corroborating these budgets against economic and industry forecasts from external sources; and additionally in the case of the Coal mining CGU, comparing the mineable reserves inputs that budgeted sales are based on to the mines' proven and probable reserves estimates provided by the relevant authority; and comparing commodity prices used to external observable data.

We assessed the discount rates used by the management by comparing to external data of comparable companies with support from our internal valuation specialists. We performed sensitivity analyses of the impairment assessments to reasonable changes in key assumptions. We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures made on the impairment assessments and related sensitivity analyses that are included in Notes 17 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements and those disclosures related to significant accounting judgements and estimates that are included in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard. 我們評估所採用的主要現金流量假設是通 過考慮過往預算偏差的發現;比較管理層 的預算銷售額與運營成本和歷史數據與預 期效率改進的資料;證實來自外部來源的 經濟和工業預測的預算;另外,就煤礦開 採現金產生單位而言,將預算銷售所依據 的可開採儲量產量與有關當局提供的礦山 已探明及可能儲量估算值進行比較;並比 較用於外部可觀察數據的商品價格。

在我們內部估值專家的協助下,我們通過 比較外部可資比較公司的數據來評估管理 層採用的折現率。我們對減值評估進行敏 感性分析,以對主要假設作出合理變更。 我們還評估綜合財務報表附註17與18中 包含的減值評估與貴集團相關敏感度分析 之披露以及綜合財務報表附註4中包含的 與重大會計判斷及估計有關之披露的充分 性。

載於年報的其他資訊

貴公司董事需對其他資訊負責。其他資訊 包括年度報告中所含資訊,惟不包括綜合 財務報表和我們的核數師報告。

我們對財務報表的意見不包括其他資訊, 並且我們不會作出與之相關的任何形式的 確切結論。

至於我們對綜合財務報表的審核,我們的 責任是透過閱讀其他資訊,從而判斷其 他資訊是否與綜合財務報表存在重大抵觸 以及我們在審核或其他過程中所獲得的知 識是否出現重大錯誤陳述。如果基於我們 所做的工作,我們得出該其他資訊存在重 大錯誤陳述的結論,則我們必須報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act, SFRS (I)s and IFRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

管理層及董事就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據該法案、新加坡財 務報告準則(國際)及國際財務報告準則編 制提供真實及公平意見的綜合財務報表, 以及制定並維持能夠有效合理保證資產不 因越權使用或處分而遭受損失的內部會計 控制系統;以及交易得到合理授權並根據 必要對其作出記錄以准許編制真實及公平 的財務報表及維持資產問責。

在綜合財務報表的編制中,貴公司董事須 負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力及適當公 開與持續經營相關的情況以及使用會計持 續經營基礎,除非管理層意圖對貴集團進 行清算或者停止運作,或除此之外無其他 可行方案。

董事的責任包括監督貴集團的財務報告流 程。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們致力於獲得關於綜合財務報表作為整 體不存在任何重大錯誤陳述的合理確信, 不論是否因欺詐或錯誤引起,以及發出包 括我們意見的核數師報告。我們就本報 告的內容不對任何其他人士承擔責任或負 責。

合理確信屬於高等級的確信,但不能保證 依據國際審核準則作出的審核總是能夠檢 測出存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可能 是由欺詐或錯誤引起的,並且,如果該等 錯誤陳述獨立或在合計中影響到根據該等 綜合財務報表作出經濟決定的使用者,則 會被視為重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

作為依據國際審核準則所作審核的一部 分,我們作出專業的判斷並在審核過程中 保持專業的懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 區別及評估綜合財務報表存在重大 錯誤陳述的風險,不論是由欺詐或 錯誤引起的,以及獲得充足且適當 的審核證據為我們的審核意見提供 基礎。未檢測出由欺詐引起的重大 錯誤陳述的風險比由錯誤引起的重 大錯誤陳述高,因為欺詐可能包括 串通、偽造、故意遺漏、失實或內 部控制失控。
- 瞭解與審核相關的內部控制,從而 設計適當的審核程序,但並非對貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價管理層所採用會計政策的合適 性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合 理性。

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- 推斷董事使用會計持續經營基礎的 合適性以及基於所獲的審核證據, 推斷是否存在與可能導致對貴集團 持續經營能力產生懷疑的事件或情 況相關的重大不確定性。如果我們 推斷存在重大不確定性,我們須在 核數師報告中提及有關財務報表中 的相關披露,如果該等披露並不充 分,我們或者需要修改我們的意 見。我們的推斷基於截至作出核數 師報告之日所獲得的審核證據。然 而,未來的事件或情況可能會導致 貴集團中止持續經營。
 - 評價財務報表的整體呈報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及財務報 表是否以公平的方式已呈現基本交 易和事件。

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. 獲得與貴集團內部的實體或者商業 活動的財務資訊相關的充足且適當 的審核證據,以對綜合財務報表發 表意見。我們負責貴集團審核的管 理、監督及執行。我們對我們的審 核意見負有全部責任。

我們就包含但不限於計劃範圍及審核時間 以及有意義的審核結果,其中包括我們在 審核過程中發現的內部控制存在的重大缺 陷等事宜與審核委員會進行溝通。

我們亦已為審核委員會提供一份我們根據 職業道德規範中的獨立性要求所制定的報 表,從而就可能視為涉及我們的獨立性及 適用的相關保障的所有關係及其他事宜與 董事進行溝通。

根據與審核委員會溝通的事項,我們確定 了在本期間財務報表審核中的最重大事 項,因此為主要審核事項。我們已在核數 師報告中描述該等事項,惟法律或法規禁 止公開披露之事項除外,或在極少數情況 下我們確定不應在我們的報告中溝通的事 項,因為此舉之不良後果可合理地預期超 過該溝通的公共利益。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Group have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lee Lai Hiang.

其他法律和法規規定的報告

我們認為,貴集團已按照該法案的條文妥 為保存該法案規定貴集團須保存的會計及 其他記錄。

本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為李 來香。

Ernst & Young LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

25 March 2022

安永會計師事務所 *執業會計師及註冊會計師* 新加坡

二零二二年三月二十五日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

。 综合損益及其他全面收益表 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	6	16,815,321	10,444,722
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(12,426,464)	(8,230,163)
Gross profit	毛利		4,388,857	2,214,559
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	6	169,368	198,730
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(762,708)	(620,599)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支		(934,618)	(624,260)
Other expenses	其他開支		(88,589)	(129,755)
Finance costs	財務成本	8	(583,370)	(401,379)
Impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產的減值虧損	7	(14,570)	(5,640)
Share of profits/(losses) of associates	應佔聯營公司 溢利/(虧損)		1,232	(582)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	7	2,175,602	631,074
Income tax expense	所得税開支	11	(406,232)	(106,926)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		1,769,370	524,148
Profit attributable to:	應佔溢利:			
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		1,294,139	347,662
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		475,231	176,486
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額		1,769,370	524,148
Earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	母公司普通股權益 擁有人應佔每股盈利			
Basic and diluted (RMB cents per share)	基本及攤薄 (每股人民幣分)	13	110.46	29.67

Statements of Financial Position

財務狀況表 As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			Group 本集團		Comp 本公	•
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產					
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	18,056,011	15,000,465	_	_
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	980,046	1,140,330	_	-
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	65,965	63,385	_	-
Goodwill	商譽	17	63,022	63,022	_	-
Coal mining rights	煤礦開採權	18	236,961	84,643	_	_
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益 的股權投資	19	6,708	6,708	-	_
Prepayments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及 設備項目的預付 款項	20	81,892	120,060	-	_
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	25	9,700	1,400	_	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	34	102,523	100,430	_	-
Other assets	其他資產	14	36,883	101,115	_	_
Investments in associates	於聯營公司投資	38	95,643	94,411	_	_
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司投資	45	_	-	1,717,275	1,672,275
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		19,735,354	16,775,969	1,717,275	1,672,275
Current assets	流動資產					
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益 的股權投資	19	13,076	16,092	13,076	16,092
Prepayments	預付款項	20	1,027,737	514,181	-	-
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收 款項	20	472,664	509,988	_	_
Inventories	存貨	21	1,607,385	992,149	-	_
Other assets	其他資產	14	-	13,441	-	_
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	22	28	-	-	-
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及 應收票據	23	1,004,578	743,392	_	_
Due from related companies/ subsidiaries	應收關連公司/ 附屬公司款項	24	8,890	1,804	18,836	139,398
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	25	743,845	706,035	_	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	893,116	682,041	7,634	18,976
Total current assets	流動資產總額		5,771,319	4,179,123	39,546	174,466

			Gro 本集		Comp 本公	
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current liabilities	流動負債					
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	26	774,423	508,978	-	_
Bills payable	應付票據	27	850,474	1,110,814	-	-
Contract liabilities	合約負債	28	1,079,227	818,149	-	-
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及 其他應付款項	28	1,815,284	1,847,288	15,589	16,462
Due to related companies/ a subsidiary	應付關連公司/ 附屬公司款項	24	81,166	12,239	1,886	16,850
Income tax payable	應付所得税		167,055	42,709	_	-
Deferred grants	遞延補貼	29	9,619	9,317	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	2,541	45,343	-	_
Loans from non-controlling interests	非控股權益貸款	30	_	24,870	_	_
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及 其他借款	31	6,402,213	4,137,660	_	137,450
Other liabilities	其他負債		5,983	-	-	-
Bonds payable	應付債券	33	198,222	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		11,386,207	8,557,367	17,475	170,762
Net current (liabilities)/ assets	流動(負債)/資產 淨額		(5,614,888)	(4,378,244)	22,071	3,704
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		14,120,466	12,397,725	1,739,346	1,675,979
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Due to a related company	應付關連公司款項	24	-	114	-	_
Loans from non-controlling interests	非控股權益貸款	30	47,800	_	_	
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及 其他借款	31	4,966,562	5,210,059	_	_
Deferred grants	遞延補貼	29	71,881	82,105	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	20,717	27,198	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	34	68,520	50,143	-	-
Provision for rehabilitation	恢復撥備	32	25,342	24,723	-	-
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及 其他應付款項	28	549,896	89,117	-	_
	其他負債		111,884	-	_	-
Other liabilities	共他其俱					
Other liabilities Bonds payable	應付債券	33	296,482	489,892	-	-
		33	296,482 6,159,084	489,892 5,973,351	-	

Statements of Financial Position

財務狀況表 As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			Group 本集團		Com 本之	
Faulty	權益	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Equity Equity attributable to owners of the parent						
Share capital	股本	35	1,194,686	1,194,686	1,194,686	1,194,686
Special reserve	特別儲備	36	4,127	4,599	-	
Statutory reserve fund	法定儲備金	36	510,920	200,307	-	-
Other reserve	其他儲備	36	2,202,942	2,217,760	_	_
Retained profits	保留溢利		1,780,875	913,081	544,660	481,293
			5,693,550	4,530,433	1,739,346	1,675,979
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		2,267,832	1,893,941	_	_
Total equity	總權益		7,961,382	6,424,374	1,739,346	1,675,979

Liu Xingxu 劉興旭

Director 董事 Yan Yunhua 閆蘊華

Director 董事

Statements of Changes in Equity

權益變動表 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔							
		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 (Note 35) (附註 35) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory reserve fund 法定儲備金 (Note 36) (附註 36) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserve 其他儲備 (Note 36) (附註 36) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Special reserve safety fund 特定儲備 保障金 (Note 36) (附註 36) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Group	本集團									
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日		1,194,686	200,307	2,217,760	4,599	913,081	4,530,433	1,893,941	6,424,374
Profit for the year	本年內溢利		-	-	-	-	1,294,139	1,294,139	475,231	1,769,370
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	1,294,139	1,294,139	475,231	1,769,370
Acquisition of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司的 非控股權益		-	-	(40,116)	-	-	(40,116)	(56,217)	(96,333)
Capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	附屬公司非控股股東的 注資		-	-	12,794	-	-	12,794	42,206	55,000
Share-based payment expense	以股份支付的開支		-	-	11,419	-	-	11,419	-	11,419
Waiver of the interests generated from borrowing to non-controlling interests	豁免非控股權益借款 所產生的利息		-	-	1,085	-	-	1,085	792	1,877
Transfer to statutory reserve fund	轉撥至法定儲備金	36	-	310,613	-	-	(310,613)	-	-	-
Safety product cost fund	保障產品成本基金		-	-	-	(472)	472	-	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	派付至非控股股東 的股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	(88,121)	(88,121)
Final 2021 dividends paid	支付二零二一年末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	(116,204)	(116,204)	-	(116,204)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日		1,194,686	510,920	2,202,942	4,127	1,780,875	5,693,550	2,267,832	7,961,382

Statements of Changes in Equity

權益變動表 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔							
			Share capital 股本 (Note 35) (附註 35)	Statutory reserve fund 法定儲備金 (Note 36) (附註 36)	Other reserve 其他儲備 (Note 36) (附註 36)	Special reserve safety fund 特定儲備 (R障金 (Note 36) (附註 36)	Retained profits 保留溢利	Total 總計	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益	Total equity 總權益
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Group	本集團	TURE	772017170	7 (201) 1 70	7 (201) 170	7 (201) 170	7 (2010 1 70	70001770	7000770	
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日		1,194,686	145,518	2,176,500	2,433	716,104	4,235,241	1,486,439	5,721,680
Profit for the year	本年內溢利		-	-	-	-	347,662	347,662	176,486	524,148
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額		_	_	-	-	347,662	347,662	176,486	524,148
Disposal of partial interests in subsidiaries without losing control	出售附屬公司部分權益 而未失去控制權		-	-	41,260	-	-	41,260	192,220	233,480
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司		-	-	-	-	-	-	152,822	152,822
Transfer to statutory reserve fund	轉撥至法定儲備金	36	-	54,789	-	-	(54,789)	-	-	-
Safety product cost fund	保障產品成本基金		-	-	-	2,166	(2,166)	-	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	派付至非控股股東 的股息		-	-	-	-	-	-	(114,026)	(114,026)
Final 2020 dividends paid	支付二零二零年末期股息	12	-	-	-	-	(93,730)	(93,730)	-	(93,730)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日		1,194,686	200,307	2,217,760	4,599	913,081	4,530,433	1,893,941	6,424,374

		Share capital 股本 (Note 35) (附註 35)	Retained profits 保留溢利	Total equity 總權益
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Company	本公司	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,194,686	481,293	1,675,979
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	179,571	179,571
Final 2021 dividends paid (Note 12)	支付二零二一年末期股息 (附註12)	-	(116,204)	(116,204)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	1,194,686	544,660	1,739,346
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	1,194,686	264,836	1,459,522
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	310,187	310,187
Final 2020 dividends paid (Note 12)	支付二零二零年末期股息 (附註12)	-	(93,730)	(93,730)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	1,194,686	481,293	1,675,979

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

综合現金流量表 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		2,175,602	631,074
Adjustments for:	經調整:			
Finance costs	財務成本	8	583,370	401,379
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	7	7,824	7,409
Amortisation of coal mining rights	煤礦開採權攤銷	7	3,486	1,537
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備 折舊	7	1,013,436	723,266
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備項目的 虧損/(收益)	6,7	46,610	(27,280)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	6	(21,859)	(18,711)
Gain on other investments	其他投資收益	6	(204)	(2,706)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of derivative financial instruments	出售衍生金融工具 (收益)/虧損	6	(550)	2,194
Loss on fair value change of financial instruments	金融工具的公平值 變動虧損	7	2,988	4,811
Exchange gain from bank loans	銀行貸款匯兑收益		(460)	(32,076)
Impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產的減值虧損	7	14,570	5,640
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備 減值	7	5,856	113,109
Impairment of inventories	存貨減值	7	10,650	1,727
Amortisation of deferred grants	遞延補貼攤銷	6	(10,152)	(12,670)
Amortisation of other assets	其他資產攤銷		8,960	1,073
Interest accretion on bonds payable	應付債券利息增加		4,812	4,195
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	7	43,759	53,618
Share of (profits)/losses of associates	應佔聯營公司 (溢利)/虧損		(1,232)	582
Share-based payment expense	已股份支付的開支	7	11,419	_

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

综合現金流量表 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes 附註	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	營運資本變動前經營 現金流量	PI) PLL	3,898,885	1,858,171
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)		(625,886)	44,774
Increase in trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收 票據增加		(278,966))	(296,738)
Decrease in other receivables	其他應收款項減少		147,063	387,431
Increase in deposits and prepayments	存款及預付款項增加		(513,556)	(111,617)
Movement in balances with related companies	關連公司結餘變動		61,716	3,740
Increase in trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付 票據增加		5,105	160,487
Decrease in pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款減少		(46,110)	(301,959)
(Decrease)/increase in accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付 款項(減少)/增加		344,583	1,617
Cash flows generated from operations activities	經營活動產生的現金 流量		2,992,834	1,745,906
Government grants received	已收取政府補貼	29	230	26,863
Interest received	已收利息		17,996	19,768
Tax paid	已付税項		(265,602)	(88,508)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金 流量淨額		2,745,458	1,704,029
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金 流量			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項		127,884	118,706
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(3,787,231)	(3,920,760)
Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries	購買附屬公司已付現金		-	(62,525)
Purchases of intangible assets	購買無形資產	16	(10,404)	(9,253)
Purchases of right-of-use assets	購買使用權資產		(18,014)	-
Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets	出售使用權資產所得 款項		2,719	-
Purchase of investment in associates	購買於聯營公司投資		-	(24,000)
Gain on other investments received	已收其他投資收益		204	512
Purchase of derivative financial instruments	購買衍生金融工具		(5,264)	(6,100)
Disposal of derivative financial instruments	出售衍生金融工具		5,814	6,610
Purchases of coal mining rights	購買煤礦開採權		(41,400)	-
Cash paid for purchase of business	購買業務已付現金		-	(5,004)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流量 淨額		(3,725,692)	(3,901,814)

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量			
Dividends paid on ordinary shares	已付普通股股息	12	(116,204)	(93,730)
Dividends paid on non-controlling shares	已付非控股股份股息		(88,121)	(114,026)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	收購非控股權益		(96,333)	-
Injection of non-controlling interests	非控股權益注資		48,962	233,480
Payments of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債	15	(48,672)	(111,112)
Proceeds from issue of a long-term bond	發行長期債券所得款項	33	-	97,000
Repayment of a long-term bond	償還長期債券	33	-	(500,000)
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	貸款及借款所得款項	31	7,836,434	7,843,231
Increase in pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款增加		-	93,870
Interest paid	已付利息		(561,565)	(352,235)
Repayments of loans and borrowings	償還貸款及借款	31	(5,783,192)	(5,101,100)
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量 凈額		1,191,309	1,995,378
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(减少)淨額		211,075	(202,407)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物	25	682,041	884,448
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	年末現金及現金等價物	25	893,116	682,041
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物結餘 分析			
Cash at banks and on hand and cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表所述 之銀行存款及現金及 現金及現金等價物	25	893,116	682,041

During the financial year, there were acquisitions of property, plant and equipment with a total cost of RMB3,928,467,000 (2020: RMB5,478,488,000) of which RMB619,000 (2020: RMB447,000) pertains to the provision for rehabilitation. In addition, accruals and other payables decreased by RMB308,691,000 was unpaid (2020: RMB825,357,000). Bills payable for property, plant and equipment increased by RMB Nil (2020: RMB241,659,000) was unpaid. Prepayments for purchases of items of property, plant and equipment decreased by RMB38,168,000 (2020: RMB758,441,000). The VAT input was paid to gain the property, plant and equipment with a total cost of RMB206,242,000 (2020: RMB268,176,000). The net cash outflow for the purchase of property, plant and equipment was RMB3,787,231,000 (2020: RMB3,920,760,000).

於本財政年度,收購物業、廠房及設備的 總成本為人民幣3.928.467.000元(二零二零 年:人民幣5,478,488,000元),其中人民幣 619,000元(二零二零年:人民幣447,000元) 與恢復撥備有關。此外,應計費用及其他 應付款項減少人民幣308.691.000元(二零 二零年:人民幣825,357,000元),尚未支 付。物業、廠房及設備的應付票據增加人 民幣零元(二零二零年:人民幣241,659,000 元),尚未支付。購買物業、廠房及設備項 目的預付款項減少人民幣38,168,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣758,441,000元)。就取得 物業、廠房及設備已支付進項税,總成本 為人民幣206,242,000元(二零二零年:人 民幣 268,176,000 元)。購買物業、廠房及設 備的現金流出淨額為人民幣3,787,231,000 元(二零二零年:人民幣3,920,760,000元)。

Notes to Financial Statements

財務報表附註 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Singapore on 17 July 2006 under the Singapore Companies Act and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at 80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898. The principal place of business of the Group is located at Xinxiang Economic Development Zone (Xiaoji Town), Henan Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Particulars of the Group's subsidiaries and associates are disclosed in Note 45 and 38(a) respectively.

During the year, the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are mainly the development, manufacturing, and trading of related differentiated products such as urea, compound fertiliser, methanol, dimethyl ether (DME), melamine, furfuryl alcohol, furfural, 2-methylfuran and medical intermediate.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS (I)") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

For the purpose of SFRS (I)s, financial statements that have been prepared in accordance and complied with IFRS are deemed to have also complied with SFRS (I)s. SFRS (I) comprise standards and interpretations that are equivalent to IFRS. All references to SFRS (I) and IFRS are referred to collectively as "IFRS" in these financial statements, unless specified otherwise.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below. The financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values in the tables are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RMB'000") except when otherwise indicated.

The Group had net current liabilities of RMB5,615 million (2020: RMB4,378 million) as at 31 December 2021.

1. 公司及集團資料

中國心連心化肥有限公司(「本公司」) 是於 二零零六年七月十七日根據新加坡公司法 在新加坡註冊成立的有限公司,其股份於 香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。本公司的 註冊辦事處位於80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898。本集團主要營業地點位 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)河南省新鄉市 新鄉縣經濟開發區(小冀鎮)。本公司的主 要業務為投資控股。本集團附屬公司及聯 營公司之詳情分別於附註45及38(a) 披露。

於本年度,本公司附屬公司的主要業務是 研發、生產與買賣尿素、複合肥、甲醇、 二甲醚、三聚氰胺、糠醇、糠醛、2-甲基 呋喃、醫藥中間體等相關差異化產品。

2.1 編製基準

本集團之綜合財務報表及本公司之財務狀 況表及權益變動表已根據新加坡財務報 告準則(國際)(「新加坡財務報告準則(國 際)」)及國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報 告準則」)編製。

就新加坡財務報告準則(國際)而言,已按 照國際財務報告準則編制並遵循國際財務 報告準則的財務報表被視為已符合新加坡 財務報告準則(國際)的規定。新加坡財務 報告準則(國際)包含與國際財務報告準則 等效的標準與解釋。除非另有説明,否則 所有對新加坡財務報告準則(國際)與國際 財務報告準則的引述均在該等財務報表中 統稱為[國際財務報告準則]。

該等財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製,惟按 以下會計政策披露者除外。該等財務報表 以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,而除另有指明 者外,表內所有價值乃湊整至最接近的千 位(「人民幣千元」)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的 流動負債淨額為人民幣5,615,000,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣4,378,000,000元)。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

After taking into account the cash flows projection for the following twelve months from the reporting date, the available unutilised banking facilities and exclusion of contract liabilities (non-financial liabilities) of RMB1,079 million as at 31 December 2021, the directors of the Company consider that the Group will have sufficient funds to finance its operations and financial obligations as and when they fall due, and accordingly, are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to restate the values of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

2.1 編製基準(續)

經考慮自報告日期起計未來十二個月的現 金流量預測、可得未動用銀行信貸及於二 零二一年十二月三十一日的剔除合約負債 (非金融負債)人民幣10.79億元,本公司 董事認為本集團將於負債到期時將有充足 資金撥付其營運及於負債到期時的財務責 任,故此,適合按持續經營基準編製財務 報表。

倘本集團未能以持續經營基準繼續運作, 應作出調整重列資產價值至其可收回金 額,就可能出現之任何其他負債作出撥備 以及將非流動資產及負債分別重新分類為 流動資產及負債。可能作出任何該等調整 的影響並未於該等綜合財務報表中反映。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公 司(統稱「本集團」)於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日的財務報表。附屬公司 指本公司直接或間接控制之實體(包括 結構性實體)。當本集團通過參與投資對 象之相關活動而承擔可變回報之風險或 有權享有可變回報,並且有能力運用對 投資對象之權力(即是使本集團目前有) 影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資對象大 多數之投票或類似權利,在評估其是否擁 有對投資對象之權力時,本集團會考慮所 有相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票權持有者之合 同安排;
- (b) 其他合同安排產生之權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

Notes to Financial Statements

財務報表附註 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the noncontrolling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Consolidation of the subsidiaries in the PRC is based on the subsidiaries' financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs. Profits reflected in the financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs may differ from those reflected in the PRC statutory financial statements of the subsidiaries, prepared for PRC financial reporting purposes. In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, profits available for distribution by the PRC subsidiaries are based on the amounts stated in the PRC statutory financial statements.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

附屬公司與本公司之財務報表的報告期相 同,並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司 之業績由本集團取得控制權之日起計綜合 計算,並繼續綜合入賬至該控制權終止日 為止。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分乃歸屬 於本集團母公司擁有者及非控股權益, 即使此舉引致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘亦 然。所有集團內公司間之資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支及本集團成員公司間交易 相關之現金流均於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

倘事實及情況反映以上附屬公司會計政策 所述三項控制權因素其中一項或多項有 變,則本集團會重估是否仍然控制投資對 象。附屬公司擁有權權益的變動(並無失 去控制權),於入賬時列作權益交易。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司之控制權, 則其撤銷確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括 商譽)及負債、(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面 值及(iii)於權益內記錄之累計交易差額;及 確認(i)所收代價之公平值、(ii)所保留任何 投資之公平值及(iii)損益賬中任何因此產生 之盈餘或虧損。先前於其他全面收益表內 確認的本集團應佔成分會視乎情況,按倘 本集團直接出售相關資產及負債所要求的 相同基準重新分類至損益或保留溢利。

位於中國的附屬公司乃按附屬公司根據國 際財務報告準則編製的財務報表綜合入 賬。根據國際財務報告準則編製的財務報 表內反映的溢利可能有別於附屬公司為中 國財務申報目的而編製的中國法定財務報 表所反映者。根據相關法律及法規,中國 附屬公司可分派溢利乃根據中國法定財務 報表所列的金額得出。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that in the current financial year, the Group has adopted all the new and amended standards which are relevant to the Company and are effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The adoption of these standards did not have any material effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and the Company.

2.3 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not adopted the following standards and interpretation applicable to the Group that have been issued but not yet effective:

2.2 會計政策的變動及披露

所採納會計政策與上一財政年度所採納者 一致,惟於本財政年度,本集團已採納於 二零二一年一月一日或其後開始的年度財 政期間生效的與本公司有關之所有新訂及 經修訂準則。採納該等準則對本集團及本 公司的財務表現或狀況並無重大影響。

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的準則

本集團並未採納下列適用於本公司的已頒 佈但尚未生效的準則及詮釋:

Description	説明	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效
Amendments to IFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	國際財務報告準則第3號修訂本: 概念框架的引用	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	國際會計準則第16號修訂本: 「 <i>物業、廠房及設備」擬定用途前 之所得款項</i>	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 37: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	國際會計準則第37號修訂本: <i>虧損性合約一履行合約的成本</i>	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020	國際財務報告準則二零一八年至 二零二零年之年度改進	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	國際會計準則第1號修訂本:「財務 報表呈列」 <i>將負債分類為流動或 非流動</i>	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	國際會計準則第1號及國際財務報告 準則實務公告第2號修訂本: 會計政策的披露	- 1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimates	國際會計準則第8號修訂本:會計估 計的 定義	- 1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 12: <i>Deferred Tax related to Assets and</i> Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	國際會計準則第12號修訂本:與單 一交易 產生的資產及負債相關的遞延 税項	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28: Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	國際財務報告準則第10號 及國際會計準則第28號 修訂本:投資者與其聯營公司或 合營企業之間的資產出售或出繳	To be determined 待定

Notes to Financial Statements

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2.3 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (CONTINUED)

The directors expect that the adoption of the other standards and interpretation above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的準則(續)

董事預期採納上述其他準則及詮釋將不會 對首次應用年度的財務報表產生重大影 響。

3. 主要會計政策概要

業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃採用收購法作會計處理。所轉 讓代價按收購日期的公平值計量,即本集 團轉原資產、本集團向原擁有人承擔的 負債及本集團為交換被收購方控制權而發 行的股權於收購日期的公平值總和。就 屬 行的股權於收購日期的公平值總和。就 屬 於現時不 種 且 令持有人可在被收購 方的 比例計量。非控股權益的所有其他 部 分按公平值確認。收購相關成本於產生時 列為開支。

本集團收購業務時,根據於收購日期的訂 約條款、經濟環境及相關條件,就適當 分類及指定承擔之金融資產及負債作出評 計,此包括由被收購者將主合約所含的衍 生項目獨立出來。

業務合併分階段進行,過往所持的股本權 益乃於收購日期重新計量為公平值,且任 何相關收益或虧損於損益賬確認。

任何收購方轉讓之或然代價於收購日公平 值確認。分類為資產或負債之或然代價 按公平值計量,公平值變動於損益或其他 全面收益確認。被歸類為股權之或然代價 不重新計量,後續結算於股權內作會計處 理。

商譽最初按成本計量,即所轉讓總代價、 已確認非控股股東權益之金額及本集團先 前持有被收購方股權之公平值之總和,超 出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債淨額之 差額。倘此代價及其他項目之總和低於資 產淨值之公平值,於評估後,其差額將於 損益內確認為議價收購收益。
3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December 2021. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the parent, and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the parent.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

於初始確認後, 商譽按成本值減任何累計 減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值檢測, 倘有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值有可 能減值時,則會更頻密地進行檢測。本集 團對截至二零二一年十二月三十一日之商 譽進行年度減值檢測。就減值檢測而言, 於戰否預期於合併所產生之協同效益中受 惠之本集團各現金產生單位或各現金產生 單位組, 而不論本集團其他資產或負債有 否轉撥至該等單位或單位組。

減值按與商譽有關之現金產生單位(現金 產生單位組)可收回金額評估釐定。倘現 金產生單位(現金產生單位組)之可收回金 額低於賬面值,則確認減值虧損。就商譽 確認之減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

倘商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組)組成部份,該單位部份業務出售 時,與售出業務有關之商譽將計入業務賬 面值,以釐定出售盈虧。於該等情況售出 之商譽,按售出業務及保留現金產生單位 部份相對價值基準計算。

與非控股權益之交易

非控股權益指不可直接或間接歸於母公司 擁有人的附屬公司股權,在綜合損益及其 他全面收益表及綜合財務狀況表的權益項 下獨立呈列,並與母公司擁有人應佔權益 分開列示。

本公司擁有人並無導致失去附屬公司控制 權之擁有權益變動按權益交易入賬。於 此情況下,控股及非控股權益的賬面款額 將作出調整以反映其於附屬公司相關權益 之變動。非控股權益數額之調整額與已付 或已收代價公平值間差額,直接於權益確 認,歸於母公司擁有人。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

ASSOCIATES

An associate is an entity over which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but does not have control or joint control of those policies.

The Group account for its investments in associates using the equity method from the date on which it becomes an associate.

On acquisition of the investment, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities represents goodwill and is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment is included as income in the determination of the entity's share of the associate's profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Under the equity method, the investment in associates are carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associates. The profit or loss reflects the share of results of the operations of the associates. Distributions received from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Where there has been a change recognised in other comprehensive income by the associates, the Group recognises its share of such changes in other comprehensive income. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associates.

Where the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investment in associate. The Group determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount in profit or loss.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared as the same reporting date as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are mad to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

主要會計政策概要(續)

聯營公司

聯營公司是本集團有權參與被投資方的財 務及經營政策決定但並無控制或共同控制 該等政策的實體。

本集團自其成為聯營公司之日起使用權益 法對其在聯營公司的投資進行會計處理。

收購投資時,投資成本超過本集團應佔被 投資方的可識別資產及負債之公平值淨額 的任何部份作為商譽並計入投資賬面值。 本集團應佔被投資方可識別資產及負債之 公平值淨額超過投資成本的任何部份計為 收益,以釐定於投資獲得期間的實體應佔 聯營公司損益。

根據權益法,於一間聯營公司之投資按成 本加本集團應佔聯營公司凈資產之收購後 變動計入資產負債表。損益反映應佔聯營 公司之經營業績。來自聯營公司之已收取 分派須扣減投資賬面值。倘聯營公司其他 全面收益確認變動,則本集團確認於其他 全面收益確認有關變動。本集團與聯營公 司間交易產生之未變現損益,抵銷至其於 聯營公司之權益。

倘本集團分佔聯營公司虧損等於或超過其 於聯營公司之利益,本集團不確認進一步 虧損,除非其產生義務或代表聯營公司進 行支付。

於採用權益法後,本集團會決定是否有需 要就本集團於聯營公司投資確認任何額外 減值虧損。本集團於各報告期末釐定是否 存在客觀證據證明聯營公司之投資虧損。 倘事實如此,本集團將減值金額作為聯營 公司可收回金額與其賬面值之差異且於損 益中確認金額。

聯營公司之財務報表與本公司編製報告日 期相同。倘有需要,將對會計政策作出調 整以與本集團一致。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Group measures its derivative financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量其衍生 金融工具及股權投資。公平值為市場參與 者於計量日期在有序交易中出售資產所收 取或轉讓負債所支付的價格。公平值計 及假設出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於資 或負債主要市場或(在無主要市場情況下) 最具優勢市場進行。主要或最具優勢市場 須為本集團可進入的市場。資產或負債的 公平值乃基於市場參與者為資產或負債定 價時所用的假設計量(假設市場參與者依 照彼等的最佳經濟利益行事)。

非金融資產之公平值計量參考市場參與者 可從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳效用, 或將該資產售予另一可從使用該資產得到 最高及最佳效用之市場參與者,從而產生 經濟效益之能力。

本集團使用適用於不同情況之估值方法, 而其有足夠資料計量公平值,以盡量利用 相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可 觀察輸入數據。

於財務報表計量或披露公平值之所有資產 及負債,根據對於公平值計量整體屬重要 之最低輸入值水準按如下所述在公平值架 構中分類:

- 第一級 基於相同資產或負債於活躍 市場的報價(未經調整)
- 第二級 基於對公平值計量而言屬重 大的可觀察(直接或間接)最 低層輸入數據的估值方法
- 第三級 基於對公平值計量而言屬重 大的不可觀察最低層輸入數 據的估值方法

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The Group's principal operations are conducted in the PRC. The directors have determined the currency other primary economic environment in which each entity in the Group operates, i.e., functional currency, to be RMB. Sales prices and major costs of providing goods and services including major operating expenses are primarily influenced by fluctuations in RMB. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in profit or loss.

For consolidation purpose, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RMB at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

就按經常性基準於本財務報表確認的資產 及負債而言,本集團透過於各報告期末重 新評估分類(基於對公平值計量整體而言 屬重大的最低層輸入數據)釐定是否發生 不同等級轉移。

功能貨幣

本集團之主要業務於中國進行。董事釐定 本集團各實體經營的其他主要經濟環境貨 幣(即功能貨幣)為人民幣。提供商品及服 務的銷售價格及主要成本(包括主要經營 開支)主要受人民幣波動影響。本集團對 各實體釐定其功能貨幣,而計入各實體之 財務報表之項目乃以功能貨幣計量。

外幣交易

外幣交易乃以本公司及其附屬公司各自的 功能貨幣計量,並且於初步確認時,以 功能貨幣按與於交易日期的普遍匯率相若 的匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負 債按相應報告期末的普遍匯率換算。按歷 史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣項目以初步交 易日期的匯率換算。按公平值以外幣計量 的非貨幣項目以釐定公平值當日的匯率換 算。

因於報告期末清償貨幣項目或換算貨幣項 目而產生的匯兑差額乃在損益賬內確認。

為進行綜合入賬,海外業務的資產及負債 乃按報告期末的匯率換算成人民幣,而 其損益按交易日期的現行匯率換算。換算 產生的匯兑差額乃於其他全面收益表內確 認。出售海外業務時,有關該特定海外業 務的其他全面收益之部分於損益賬中確 認。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RELATED PARTIES

or

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family is and that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or a parent of the Group;
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies: (b)
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連方

倘下列任何條件適用,與本集團有關聯之 一方:

- (a) 為一人士或該人士的直系親屬,且 該人士:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團具有重大影響力; 或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團之母公司 的主要管理人員的成員;
- 或
 - 倘下列任何條件適用,為一家實 體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團皆為同一集 團的成員公司;
 - (ii) 該實體為另一間實體的聯營 公司或合營企業(或為另一間 實體的母公司、附屬公司, 或其他同系附屬公司的聯營 公司或合營企業);
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團皆為同一第 三方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體的合 營企業且另一家實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體是為本集團或本集團 關聯實體的僱員利益而設立 的退休福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體為(a)所指的人士控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) 所指的人士對該實體為(a)(i) 具有重大影響力,或為該實 體(或該實體的母公司)的主 要管理人員的成員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或其任何集團成員公司提供主要管理人員服務予本集團或本集團之母公司。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Valuations are performed frequently enough to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount. Changes in the values of property, plant and equipment are dealt with as movements in the asset revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on an individual asset basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the statement of profit or loss. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the statement of profit or loss to the extent of the deficit previously charged. An annual transfer from the asset revaluation reserve to retained profits is made for the difference between the depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of an asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the asset revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(不包括在建工程)乃 按成本減累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損計 量。物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其 購買價格及令該資產進入其擬使用的工作 環境及地點之任何直接應佔成本。

於物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後產生 的開支,例如維修及保養,一般於其產 生期間在損益賬內扣除。當達致認可標準 時,則主要檢驗開支按資產賬面值被資本 化,作為資產的替代。倘若絕大部分物 業、廠房及設備於中途須被替換,則本集 團將有關部分確認為具特定可使用年期之 個別資產並相應折舊。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION (CONTINUED)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives and residual values used for this purpose are as follows:

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

折舊以直線法計算,以於其估計可使用年 期撇銷各物業、廠房及設備項目的成本至 其剩餘價值。用作此用途之估計可使用年 期及剩餘價值如下:

		Years 年期
Buildings	樓宇	20-25年
Other fixtures and structures	其他固定附著物及建築	20-45年
Plant and machinery	廠房及機器	10-15年
Office equipment and furniture	辦公室設備及傢俱	5-15年
Motor vehicles	汽車	5-15年

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents buildings and plant and machinery under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use. 當物業、廠房及設備項目的部分有不同的 可使用年期,該項目的成本會按合理基 準於部分之間分配,而各部分會作獨立折 舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法至少 於各財政年末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

物業、廠房及設備項目,包括初步確認之 任何重要部分乃於出售後或當使用或出售 該項目預期不會產生未來經濟利益時終止 確認。於終止確認該資產的年度之損益表 內確認的任何出售或停用之收益或虧損, 為相關資產的銷售所得款項淨額及賬面值 之差額。

在建工程指興建中的樓宇以及廠房及機器,乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,並不 予以折舊。成本包括建築期間的直接建築 成本及相關借貸資金的資本化借貸成本。 在建工程於完成及可供使用時會被重新分 類為物業、廠房及設備的合適類別。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

COAL MINING RIGHTS

Coal mining rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. A coal mining right is amortised over its useful life using a unit-of-production method once production commences. The coal mining right is written off to profit or loss if the coal mining property is abandoned.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately are measure on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the expense category that is consistent with the function of intangible assets.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cashgenerating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising upon derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

煤礦開採權

煤礦開採權以成本減累計攤銷及任何累計 減值虧損列賬。一旦開始生產,煤礦開採 權在其使用壽命內按生產單位法攤銷。倘 煤礦開採物業遭遺棄則煤礦開採權將於損 益賬中撇銷。

無形資產

單獨收購的無形資產在初始確認時按成本 計量。企業合併中收購的無形資產的成本 為其在收購日期的公平值。初始確認後, 無形資產按成本減任何累計攤銷與累計減 值虧損列賬。

無形資產的使用年期估計為有限或不確 定。

當有跡象表明無形資產可能發生減值時, 使用年期有限的無形資產在可使用經濟年 期內攤銷並評估減值。使用年期有限的無 形資產的攤銷期限和攤銷方法至少在每個 報告期末進行複核。資產中包含的預期可 使用年期或未來經濟利益的預期消耗方式 的變動被認為修改攤銷期限或方法(如適),並被視為會計估計的變動。使用年期 有限的無形資產的攤銷費用在損益表的費 用類別中確認,該費用類別與無形資產的 功能一致。

使用年期不確定的無形資產不進行攤銷, 而是每年單獨或在現金產生單位級別進行 減值測試。不確定使用年期的評估每年進 行一次複核,以確定不確定使用年期是否 繼續可以維持。如果不是,則按預期基準 將使用年期從無限期更改為有限期。

無形資產在出售時(即在接收方獲得控 制權日期)或當其使用或出售預期不會 帶來未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止 確認該資產產生的任何收益或虧損(按 出售淨額與該資產賬面值之間的差額計算) 計入損益表。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

The Group recognises prepaid land lease payments as right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Refer to the accounting policies on Leases for more details.

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

預付土地租賃款項

本集團於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供 使用日期)確認預付土地租賃款項為使用 權資產。有關更多詳情,請參閱關於租賃 的會計政策。

非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值或要求就資產進行 年度減值測試(存貨及金融資產除外),則 會估計該資產的可收回金額。資產的可收 回金額按資產或現金產生單位的使用價值 及其公平值減銷售成本(以較高者為準), 並就個別資產而釐定,除非有關資產並無 產生在頗大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產 組別的現金流入,在此情況下可收回金額 就資產所屬的現金產生單位而釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超出其可收回金 額時予以確認。於評估使用價值時,估計 日後現金流量按可反映現時市場評估的貨 幣時間值及資產特定風險的除税前折現率 折減至現值。減值虧損於產生期間在損益 表中列入與減值資產功能屬於同一類別之 開支。

於各報告期末會評定是否有跡象顯示之前 已確認的減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘出 現該跡象,則會估計可收回金額。過往確 認的資產減值虧損僅會於用以釐定資產可 收回金額的估計改變時撥回,惟撥回後 數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確 認減值虧損而應有的賬面值(扣除任何折 舊/攤銷後)。減值虧損的撥回於產生期間 計入損益表,除非資產按重估金額入賬則 作別論,在此情況下,重估資產的減值虧 損撥回根據有關會計政策入賬。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS

INITIAL RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the section Revenue recognition.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產

初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類,其後按攤銷 成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益(「其他 全面收益」)及按公平值計入損益計量。

初步確認時的金融資產分類取決於金融資產的合約現金流特徵及本集團管理其業務的模式。除了並不包含顯著的融資組成部分或本集團已應用實用權宜之計的貿易應收款項外,金融資產初始按公平值另加收購金融資產應佔交易成本確認,惟按公平值計入損益的金融資產除外。並不包含顯著融資組成部分或本集團已應用實用權宜之計的貿易應收款項乃按「收入確認」一節所披露的交易價格計量。

倘金融資產須按攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益分類及計量,該金融資產 需要產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的 利息(「純粹為支付本金及利息」)之現金 流量。此評估稱為純粹為支付本金及利息 測試並於工具層面進行。現金力量並非純 粹為支付本金及利息的金融資產按公平值 計入損益分類及計量,不論業務模式。本 集團管理金融資產的業務模式,是指其如 何管理金融資產以產生現金流量。業務模 式決定現金流量是否來自收集合約現金流 量,出售金融資產,或兩者兼而有之。按 攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產乃按業務 模式持有,目的為持有金融資產以收取合 約現金流量,而按公平值計入其他全面收 益分類及計量的金融資產乃以業務模式持 有,目的為持作收取合約現金流量及銷 售。

購買或出售須於市場規則或慣例所設定的 時間範圍內交付資產的金融資產(常規交 易)於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售該 資產的日期)確認。

3.	SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)	3.	主要會計政策概要(續)
FINA	NCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)	金融	資產(續)
SUBS	EQUENT MEASUREMENT	其後	計量
	urposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in ategories:	就其	後計量而言,金融資產分為四類:
•	Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)	•	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產(債務 工具)
•	Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)		按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融 資產,重新計入累計收益及虧損(債 務工具)
•	Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)	•	指定按公平值計入其他全面收益的 金融資產,於終止確認時並無重新 計入累計收益及虧損(股權投資)
•	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	•	按公平值計入損益的金融資產
<u>(a)</u>	Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)	<u>(a)</u>	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產(債務 工具)
effec losse	icial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the tive interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and s are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, fied or impaired.		按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後採 用實際利率法(「實際利率法」)計 量且須進行減值。倘資產被終止確 認、修改或減值,則收益及虧損於 損益中確認。
and I	Group's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables, oan to an associate and loan to a director included under other non- nt financial assets.		本集團按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 包括貿易應收款項、向一間聯營公 司的貸款及向一名董事的貸款(計 入其他非流動金融資產)。
<u>(b)</u>	Financial assets at fair value through OCI (debt instruments)	<u>(b)</u>	按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融 資產(債務工具)
excha	ebt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign ange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised e statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as		就按公平值計入其他全面收益的債 務工具而言,利息收入、外匯重估 及減值虧損或撥回於損益表中確

in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

認,並按與按攤銷成本列賬的金融 資產相同的方式列賬。其餘公平值

變動於其他全面收益確認。終止確

認時,於其他全面收益確認的累計 公平值變動將重新計入損益。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會計政策概要(續) (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

(d) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments, bills receivable, listed and non-listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established. 金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

(c) 指定按公平值計入其他全面收益的 金融資產(股權投資)

於初步確認時,本集團可選擇於權益投資 符合國際會計準則第32號「*金融工具:呈 列*」項下的股本定義且並非持作交易時, 將其權益投資不可撤回地分類為指定以公 平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的權 益工具。分類乃按個別工具基準釐定。

該等金融資產的收益及虧損概不會重新計 入損益。當支付權已確立,股息於損益表 中確認為其他收入,惟當本集團於作為收 回金融資產一部分成本的所得款項中獲益 時則除外,於此情況下,該等收益入賬至 其他全面收益。指定以公平值計量且其變 動計入其他全面收益的股本工具無須進行 減值評估。

(d) 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平值於 財務狀況表列賬,而公平值變動淨額於損 益表中確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤銷地選擇按 公平值計入其他全面收益進行分類的衍 生工具、應收票據、上市及非上市股本投 資。上市股本投資的股息在支付權確立時 於損益表中確認為其他收入。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Derivatives

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or nonfinancial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

DERECOGNITION

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired

Or

The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產(續) 其後計量(續)

(d) 按公平值計入損益的金融資產(續)

衍生工具

當嵌入混合合約(包含金融負債及非金融 主體)的衍生工具具備與主體不緊密相關 的經濟特徵及風險;具備與嵌入式衍生工 具相同條款的單獨工具符合衍生工具的定 義;且混合合約並非按公平值計入損益計 量,則該衍生工具與主體分開並作為單獨 衍生工具列賬。

嵌入式衍生工具按公平值計量,且其變動 計入損益。僅當合約條款出現變動,以致 大幅改變其他情況下所須現金流量時或當 原分類至按公平值計入損益的金融資產獲 重新分類時,方進行重新評估。

終止確認

在下列情況下,金融資產(或(倘適用), 一項金融資產的部分或一組同類金融資產 的部分)須主要終止確認(即自本集團綜合 財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已經屆 滿
- 或
 - 本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流量 的權利,或已根據「轉手」安排承擔 責任,在無重大延誤的情況下,將 已收取的現金流量全數支付予第三 方;及(a)本集團已轉讓此項資產的 絕大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團 並無轉讓或保留該項資產的絕大部 分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產 的控制權。當本集團已轉讓從資產 收取現金流量的權利或訂立轉手安 排,則評估有否保留所有權的風險 及回報及保留的程度。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

DERECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss and financial guarantee contracts. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

· 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

當本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部分 風險及回報,亦無轉讓資產控制權,則本 集團將以其持續參與程度為限繼續確認所 轉讓資產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相 關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債根據反映 本集團所保留權利及責任的基準計量。

以對已轉讓資產擔保的形式作出的持續參 與按該資產原賬面值與本集團可能須償還 的最高代價兩者的較低者計量。

金融資產減值

本集團就所有未持作按公平值計入損益的 債務工具和財務擔保合約的預期信貸虧損 確認撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約 到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的 所有現金流量之間的差額,以原始實際利 率的概約數折現。預期現金流量將包括出 售所持有抵押品的現金流量或作為合約條 款組成部分的其他信貸增強。

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。對於自初 始確認後信貸風險未顯著增加的信貸風 險,預期信貸虧損用作由於未來12個月內 可能發生的違約事件造成的信貸虧損(12 個月預期信貸虧損)。對於自初始確認後信 貸風險顯著增加的信貸風險,無論違約時 間如何,均就風險剩餘年限的預期信貸虧 損確認虧損準備(終身預期信貸虧損)。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At every reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt instrument is considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instrument. In addition, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when the contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

INITIAL RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bill payables, certain accruals and other payables, loans from a non-controlling interest, amounts due to related companies, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and bonds payable.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

就貿易應收款項及合約資產而言,本集團 採用簡化方法計算預期信貸虧損。因此, 本集團不會追踪信貸風險的變動,而是根 據各報告日期的終身預期信貸虧損確認虧 損準備。本集團已建立一個基於其歷史信 貸虧損經驗的撥備矩陣,並根據債務人和 經濟環境的具體前瞻性因素進行調整。

對於按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務工 具,本集團採用低信貸風險簡化。於各報 告日期,本集團使用所有合理且可支持的 現有資訊評估債務工具是否被認為具有低 信貸風險,而毋需過多成本或努力。在進 行評估時,本集團重新評估債務工具的內 部信貸評級。此外,本集團認為,當合約 付款逾期超過30天時,信貸風險已大幅增 加。

當合約付款逾期90天,本集團認為金融資 產出現違約。然而,在若干情況下,本集 團還可能認為,當內部或外部資訊表明本 集團不可能在考慮本集團持有的任何信貸 增強之前悉數收到未完成合約款項時,金 融資產將出現違約。當沒有合理預期收回 合約現金流量時,將撇銷金融資產。

金融負債

初步確認及計量

金融負債在初始確認中分類為透過損益以 公平值計量的金融負債、貸款和借款,或 作為指定為有效對沖中的對沖工具的衍生 品。

初步確認金融負債時,乃按公平值(倘屬 貸款及借款)減去直接應佔交易成本計量。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易應付款項、應 付票據、若干應計費用及其他應付款項、 非控股權益貸款、應付關連公司款項、計 息銀行及其他借款和應付債券。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主要會 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

(b) Convertible bonds

The component of convertible bonds that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs. On issuance of convertible bonds, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond; and this amount is carried as a long term liability on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years. Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are first recognised.

主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

其後計量

金融負債的隨後計量視乎彼等的分類而 定,並載述如下:

(a) 貸款及借款

於初始確認後,計息貸款及借款隨後以攤 銷成本計量,除非折舊影響並不重大,否 則應使用實際利率法,並以成本列賬。當 負債不再確認時,收益及虧損於損期賬內 確認,並進行實際利率攤銷過程。

計算攤銷成本時將作為實際利率不可分割 一部分的收購折舊或溢價以及費用或成本 納入考慮範圍內。實際利率攤銷包含於損 益中的財務成本。

(b) 可換股債券

可換股債券具有負債特徵之部分,於扣除 交易成本後在財務狀況表內確認為負債。 於發行可換股債券時,負債部分之公平 方根據同等不可換股債券之市場利率而 方。而該數額按攤銷成本基準列作負債, 直然類接換或贖回為止。所得款項 續於交易成本後,分配至已確認並 計 股東權益之換股權。換股權之賬面值 不 工 算 分之比例,分配至可換股債券之負債與 權益部分。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable are classified under loans and borrowings and recognised initially at fair value. After initial recognition, bonds payable are subsequently measured at cost because the effect of discounting would be immaterial as their terms are relatively short.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融負債

當負債的義務解除或消除或到期時,則終 止確認金融負債。

當現有金融負債為同一貸款人以幾乎不同 的條款作出的另一筆金融負債取代時, 或現有負債的條款被大幅修改,該轉換或 修改視為不再確認原本負債,及確認新負 債,而有關賬面值的差額在損益賬內確 認。

抵銷金融工具

倘有現行可強制執行之法律權利抵銷已確 認金額,並且擬以淨額基準進行結算或同 時將資產變現及負債清償,方可將金融資 產及金融負債抵銷,淨額於財務狀況表呈 報。

應付債券

應付債券被分類為貸款及借款,初步確認 時按公平值計量。於初步確認後,應付債 券其後以成本計量,原因是其年期相對較 短,折現影響並不重大。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價 物包括現金及銀行結餘以及可隨時兑換為 已知金額現金且價值變動風險不重大及到 期日一般為收購後三個月以內的短期、高 流動性投資,減按要求償還並組成本集團 現金管理的完整部分的銀行透支。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

PROVISIONS

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者 呈列。成本按加權平均基準釐定,而在製 品及製成品之成本則包括直接物料、直接 工資及適當比例之費用。可變現淨值根據 估計售價減預計至完成及出售時會出現之 任何估計成本計算。

撥備

當因過往事件以致目前須承擔責任(法定 或推定),而有可能須就清償有關責任而導 致未來資源流出,且能夠可靠估計該責任 的金額,則確認撥備。

倘折現影響重大,則確認撥備之金額為預 期履行責任所需未來開支於報告期末之現 值。折現現值隨時間增加之金額計入損益 表中之財務費用。

政府補貼

政府補貼於有合理保證確定其可收到且滿 足一切附屬條件時按公平值確認。若補貼 與費用項目相關,用於補償已發生的相關 成本的,在確認相關成本的期間有系統地 確認為收入。

倘補貼與某項資產有關,則公平值計入遞 延收入賬,並於有關資產的預期可使用年 期內每年按等同金額分期撥至損益表。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefits are recognised as an expense, unless the cost qualifies to be capitalised as an asset.

(A) DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

The Group makes contributions to the Central Provident Fund Scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to the defined contribution pension scheme are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

(B) EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Group's subsidiary operates an equity-settled share-based compensation plan and grants restricted stock unit awards to the Group's employees. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of restricted stock unit awards is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in the capital reserve over the vesting period.

The total amount of restricted stock unit awards to be recognised over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value which is the market price of the stocks of the subsidiary on the date of the grant.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

由合資格資產,即需要花費較長時間而用 於預期用途或出售的資產的收購、建造或 生產直接所致的借款成本作為該等資產成 本的部分被資本化。該等借款成本於大部 分資產可用於預期用途或出售時停止資本 化。由尚待支出於合資格資產的特定借款 進行臨時投資所獲投資收益從資本化借款 成本中扣除。所有其他借款成本於產生當 期支出。借貸成本包括利息及實體就借取 資金時招致的其他成本。

僱員福利

除非成本合資格資本化為資產,否則僱員 福利確認為開支。

(A) 定期供款計劃

在中國內地經營的本集團附屬公司之僱員 須參與地方市政府所運作的中央退休金 計劃。該等附屬公司須按其薪酬成本的百 分比向中央退休金計劃供款。供款於根據 中央退休金計劃的規則應付時於損益表扣 除。

本集團向新加坡的界定供款退休金計劃中 央公積金計劃作出供款。界定供款退休金 計劃的供款乃於履行有關服務的期間內確 認為開支。

(B) 以權益結算的股份報酬

本集團的附屬公司實施以權益結算的股份 報酬計劃,並向本集團的員工授予限制 性股票單位獎勵。僱員為獲取授予限制性 股票單位獎勵而提供的服務的公允價值確 認為費用,並在歸屬期內相應增加資本儲 備。

在歸屬期內確認的限制性股票單位獎勵總 額乃參考授予日期附屬公司股票市場價格 的公允價值而釐定。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

(B) EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

At each state of financial position date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of restricted stock unit awards that are expected to vest and recognises the impact of the revision of the estimates in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve over the remaining vesting period.

LEASES

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

GROUP AS A LESSEE

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Rights-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-ofuse assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Rightof-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Land	
Plant and mac	hinery

2 to 20 years 5 to 15 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section Impairment of non-financial assets.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

(B) 以權益結算的股份報酬(續)

於各財務狀況日期,本集團修訂其對預期 歸屬的限制性股票單位獎勵數量的估計, 並在損益中確認修訂估計的影響,並在餘 下的歸屬期內相應調整資本儲備。

租約

本集團在合約開始時評估合約是否為租賃 或包含租賃。換言之,如果合約轉移在一 段時間內控制使用已識別資產的權利以換 取代價。

本集團為承租人

本集團對所有租賃採用單一確認與計量方 法,惟短期租賃與低價值資產租賃除外。 本集團確認租賃負債以令租賃付款與使用 權資產代表使用相關資產的權利。

(i) 使用權資產

本集團於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供 使用日期)確認使用權資產。使用權資產 按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧損計量, 並按租賃負債之任何重新計量作出調整。 使用權資產之成本包括已確認租賃負債之 金額、產生之初步直接成本,以及於開始 日期或之前作出之任何租賃付款減任何已 收租賃優惠。使用權資產乃按直線法於其 租期與估計可使用年期(以較短者為準)內 計提折舊(如下所示):

土地	2至20年
廠房及機器	5至15年

如果租賃資產的所有權在租賃期末轉移至 本集團或成本反映出行使購買選擇權,則 使用資產的估計使用年期計算折舊。

使用權資產亦受到減值影響。請參閱非金 融資產減值一節中的會計政策。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

LEASES (CONTINUED)

GROUP AS A LESSEE (CONTINUED)

(ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

租約(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

(ii) 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認按租賃期內 將作出之租賃付款現值計量之租賃負債。 租賃付款包括定額付款(包含實質定額款 項)減任何租賃獎勵應收款項、取決於指 數或利率之可變租賃款項以及預期根據剩 餘價值擔保支付之金額。租賃付款亦包括 在租賃期反映本集團行使終止租賃選擇權 時,有關終止租賃之罰款。並非取決於指 數或利率之可變租賃付款在出現觸發付款 之事件或條件之期間內確認為開支(除非 其為生產存貨而產生)。

於計算租賃付款之現值時,倘租賃隱含利 率不易釐定,則本集團使用租賃開始日期 之增量借款利率計算。於開始日期後,租 賃負債金額之增加反映利息之增長,並會 因支付租賃付款而減少。此外,倘出現修 訂、租賃期變更、租賃付款變更(例如, 由於用於確定此類租賃付款的指數或利率 的變動而導致的未來付款變動)或購買有 關資產之選擇權評估出現變動,則租賃負 債之賬面值將會重新計量。

(iii) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對短期機器與設備租賃(即自開始 日期起租賃期為12個月或以下且不含購買 選擇權之租賃)應用短期租賃確認豁免, 並對其認為屬低價值之機器與設備租賃應 用低價值資產租賃確認豁免。短期租賃及 低價值資產租賃之租賃付款以直線法按租 賃期確認為開支。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

LEASES (CONTINUED)

GROUP AS A LESSOR

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised when the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.

SALE OF GOODS

The Group is in the business of manufacture and trading of urea, compound fertilizer, dimenthyl ether I, methanol, melamine, urea solution for vehicle, furfuryl alcohol, medical intermediate and related products. Revenue is recognised when the goods are delivered to the customer and all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The amount of revenue recognised is based on the estimated transaction price, which comprises the contractual price, net of the estimated volume rebates. Based on the Group's experience with similar types of contracts, variable consideration is typically constrained and is included in the transaction only to the extent that it is a highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

租約(續)

本集團作為出租人

本集團並無轉讓資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及附帶利益之租賃,均分類為經營租 賃。租金收入於租賃期按直線法入賬並由 於其經營性質於損益表中計入收益。磋商 及安排經營租賃所產生最初直接成本會加 入租賃資產賬面值,並按與租金收入相同 的基準於租賃期內確認。或然租金於賺取 期間確認為收益。

收入確認

收入乃基於本集團預期就交付已承諾貨品 或服務予客戶而有權交換獲得的代價計 量,不包括代表第三方收取的款項。

收入於本集團透過將已承諾貨品或服務交 付給客戶(即客戶獲得貨品或服務的控制 權時)來履行履約義務時確認。履約義務 可以在某個時間點或隨著時間的推移而得 到履行。確認的收入金額為分配至已履約 義務的金額。

銷售貨品

本集團從事尿素、複合肥、二甲醚、甲 醇、三聚氰胺、車用尿素溶液、糠醇、醫 藥中間體及相關產品的生產和貿易業務。 當貨品交付給客戶並滿足所有接收標準 時,即確認收入。

確認的收入金額基於估計的交易價格,其 包括合約價格,並扣除估計的數量折扣。 基於本集團在類似類型合約方面的經驗, 可變代價通常受到約束,並且僅在當與可 變代價相關的不確定性隨後得到解決時已 確認累計收入的金額極有可能出現重大撥 回的情況下,才會計入交易。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

SALE OF GOODS (CONTINUED)

At the end of each reporting date, the Group updates its assessment of the estimated transaction price, including its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained. The corresponding amounts are adjusted against revenue in the period in which the transaction price changes.

INCOME TAXES

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續)

銷售貨品(續)

於各報告日期末,本集團更新其對估計交 易價格的評估,包括評估可變代價的估計 是否受到約束。根據交易價格變動期間的 收入進行相應金額的調整。

所得税

所得税包括即期和遞延税項。與確認於損 益之外的税項有關的所得税確認於損益以 外,並確認於其他全面收益或直接確認於 權益之中。

根據截至報告期末已制定或實質制定的税 率(及税法),並考慮本集團經營所在國家 的相關法律的普遍解釋及做法,即期税項 資產及負債以預估向税務機關收回或支付 的金額計量。

遞延税項乃以負債法按資產及負債的税基 與其就財務申報而言的賬面值於報告日期 的所有暫時性差額計提撥備。

所有税項暫時性差額均會確認為遞延税項 負債,惟於以下情況則除外:

- 倘遞延税項負債乃由並非屬業務合 併的交易中初步確認商譽或資產或 負債所產生,而在交易時對會計溢 利及應課税溢利或虧損均無影響; 及
- 就涉及附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業的投資的應課税暫時性差額而 言,倘可控制撥回暫時性差額的時 間,以及暫時性差額可能不會在可 見將來撥回。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 主 (CONTINUED)

INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferredtax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產乃就所有可扣税暫時差額、 未動用税項抵免和未動用税項虧損之結轉 而確認。但該確認以將有應課税溢利以動 用可扣税暫時差額,未動用税項抵免和未 動用税項虧損之結轉以作對銷為限,惟以 下情況除外:

- 與可扣税暫時差額有關之遞延税項 資產乃因在一項並非業務合併之交 易中初次確認資產或負債而產生, 且交易時並不影響會計溢利或應課 税溢利或虧損;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業的投資有關之可扣税暫時差額 而言,遞延税項資產僅於暫時差額 於可見將來有可能撥回以及將有應 課税溢利以動用暫時差額以作抵銷 之情況下,方予確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末予 以審閱,並減至不再可能擁有足夠之應課 税溢利以動用全部或部分遞延税項資產為 限。未確認之遞延税項資產於各報告期末 重新評估,並以可能擁有充足應課税溢利 以供收回全部或部分遞延税項資產為限確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債以預期資產被變現或 清償負債的期間適用之税率計量,並以於 報告期末生效或實際生效之税率(及税法) 為基準。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期税 項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項 資產與遞延税項負債與同一税務機關對同 一應税實體或於各未來期間預期有大額遞 延税項負債或資產需要結算或清償時,擬 按淨額基準結算即期税務負債及資產或同 時變現資產及結算負債之不同税務實體徵 收之所得税相關,則遞延税項資產與遞延 税項負債可予抵銷。

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT REPORTING

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and the segment results are reported directly to the management of the Company who regularly reviews the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 5, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

CONTINGENCIES

A contingent liability is:

 (a) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group;

or

- (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - (i) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - (ii) the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, except for contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that are present obligations and which the fair values can be reliably determined.

3. 主要會計政策概要(續)

分部報告

就管理而言,本集團根據其產品分類經營 分部,並直接向本公司管理層申報分部 業績,而本公司管理層會定期檢討分部業 績,以分配資源至分部及評估分部表現。 該等分部各自的額外披露載於附註5,包 括用以識別可申報分部的因素及分部資料 的計量基準。

或然事項

或然負債指:

(a) 因過去事件而可能產生的債務,此
等債務僅就某一宗或多宗不確定未
來事件會否發生才能確認,而本集
團並不能完全控制此等未來事件會
否發生;

或

- (b) 因過往事件而產生的現有債務並無 被確認的原因:
 - (i) 不可能需要具經濟利益的資 源流出以清償有關債務;或
 - (ii) 不能充份可靠地計量債務金 額。

或然資產是因過去事件而可能產生的資 產,而其僅就某一宗或多宗不確定未來事 件會否發生才能確認,而本集團並不能完 全控制此等未來事件會否發生。

或然負債及資產在本集團的綜合財務狀況 表中不予確認,但於業務合併中承擔,且 為現有債務,以及可以可靠地釐定其公平 值的或然負債除外。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

DIVIDENDS

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

JUDGEMENTS

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

INCOME TAXES

The Group has exposure to income taxes in Singapore and the PRC. Significant judgement is involved in determining the provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. The carrying amounts of the Group's income tax payable, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2021 were RMB167,055,000, RMB102,523,000 and RMB68,519,000 respectively and no income tax recoverable (2020: RMB42,709,000, RMB100,430,000 and RMB50,143,000 respectively).

主要會計政策概要(續)

股息

3.

末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准後才確 認為負債。擬派末期股息於財務報表附註 內披露。

4. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團綜合財務報表需要管理層作出 判斷、估計及假設,該等判斷、估計及假 設影響在各報告期末的收入、開支、資產 及負債的申報金額、隨附披露以及或然負 債的披露。然而,該等假設及估計的不明 朗因素可導致可能需要對於未來期間受影 響的資產或負債的賬面值作出重大調整的 後果。

判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策時,除涉及估計 者外,管理層已作出下列判斷,而該等判 斷對於綜合財務報表內確認的金額有最重 大的影響:

所得税

本集團在新加坡及中國須繳納所得税。釐 定所得税撥備時涉及重大判斷。在日常業 務過程中,若干交易及計算法均不能確定 最終税款的釐定。本集團根據會否有額外 税項到期的估計,確認對預期税務事宜之 負債。倘該等事宜之最終税務結果與初 確認之金額不同,該等差額將影響作出有 關釐定期間之所得税及遞延税項撥備。本 集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的應付 所得税、遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債的 賬面值分別為人民幣167,055,000元、人民 幣102,523,000元及人民幣68,519,000元且並 無可收回所得税(二零二零年:分別為人 民幣42,709,000元、人民幣100,430,000元及 人民幣50,143,000元)。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

IMPAIRMENT OF COAL MINING RIGHTS AND GOODWILL

The carrying values of coal mining rights and goodwill included in coal mining CGU are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable in accordance with the accounting policy for the impairment of non-financial assets in the section of summary of significant accounting policies. The recoverable amounts of the coal mining rights and goodwill, or, where appropriate, the cash-generating units to which they belong, are calculated as the value-in-use. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. At 31 December 2021, no impairment loss has been recognised for the coal mining rights and goodwill. The carrying amount of the coal mining rights and goodwill at 31 December 2021 were RMB236,961,000 (2020: RMB84,643,000) and RMB63,022,000 (2020: RMB63,022,000) respectively. Further details are given in Note 17 and Note 18.

COAL MINE RESERVE

The estimation of the Group's coal mine reserve is inherently imprecise and represent only approximate amounts because of the subjective judgements involved in developing such information. There are authoritative guidelines regarding the engineering criteria that have to be met before an estimated coal mine reserve can be designated as "proved" and "probable". Proved and probable coal mine reserve estimates are updated on regular intervals taking into recent production and technical information about each mine. In addition, as prices and cost levels change from year to year, the estimate of the proved and probable coal mine reserve also changes. This change is considered a change in estimate for accounting purposes and is reflected on a prospective basis in related amortisation rates.

The capitalised cost of the coal mining right is amortised over the estimated useful life of the related coal mine reserve. The useful life is reviewed annually in accordance with the production of the plants of the Group and the proven and probable reserves of the coal mines. The carrying amount of the coal mining rights at 31 December 2021 was RMB236,961,000 (2020: RMB84,643,000).

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

以下描述可能引致資產或負債之賬面值於 下個財政年度或須予以重大調整,且有關 未來的主要假設,以及於各報告期末存在 之估計不確定性的其他主要來源。

煤礦開採權及商譽減值

當出現任何事件或情況發生變化,顯示賬 面值根據會計政策就主要會計政策概要一 節非金融資產減值不可收回時,本公司會 評估煤礦開採現金產生單位的煤礦開採權 及商譽的賬面值減值。煤礦開採權及商譽 或其所屬的現金產生單位(如適用)的可 收回金額按使用價值計算。使用價值的評 估需要本集團評估來自現金產生單位的估 計未來現金流量,以及選擇合適的折現率 以計算該等現金流量的現時價值。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,煤礦開採權及商 譽並無確認減值虧損。於二零二一年十二 月三十一日煤礦開採權及商譽的賬面值為 人民幣236,961,000元(二零二零年:人民 幣84,643,000元)及人民幣63,022,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣63,022,000元)。進一步 詳情載於附註17及附註18。

煤礦儲備

由於採集該等資料過程中的主觀判斷,本 集團的煤礦儲備的估計不可避免為非精確 值,僅表示約計數量。指定估計煤礦儲備 為「經探明」及「可能」之前,應參照有關 須達成的工程標準的官方指引。經探明及 可能的煤礦儲備估計乃在考慮每個煤礦近 期的產量及技術資料後定期予以更新。此 外,由於價格及成本水平逐年變動,經探 明及可能的煤礦儲備的估計亦將變動。並 以預期基準反映於有關攤銷率中。

煤礦開採權的資本化成本按有關煤礦儲備 的估計使用年期予以攤銷。使用年期根 據本集團煤礦產量及經探明及可能的煤礦 儲備每個年度予以檢視。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日煤礦開採權的賬面值為人 民幣236,961,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 84,643,000元)。

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products, and has eight reportable operating segments (2020: eight) as follows:

- (i) Manufacturing and sale of urea
- (ii) Manufacturing and sale of compound fertiliser
- (iii) Manufacturing and sale of dimethyl ether (DME)
- (iv) Manufacturing and sale of methanol
- (v) Manufacturing and sale of melamine
- (vi) Manufacturing and sale of urea solution for vehicle
- (vii) Manufacturing and sale of furfuryl alcohol
- (viii) Manufacturing and sale of medical intermediate

In the opinion of the directors, there were only limited operations in the subsidiaries that are engaged in coal mining and the sale of coal and the assets and liabilities were not material for the purpose of segment reporting. Accordingly, a separate operating segment for the coal mining business carried out by these subsidiaries has not been presented.

Except as indicated above, no operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of gross profit. Group financing (including finance costs), income taxes and other unallocated items, as explained below, are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

5. 經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團按其產品劃分為業務 單位,並擁有八個(二零二零年:八個)可 申報經營分部:

- (i) 生產及銷售尿素
- (ii) 生產及銷售複合肥
- (iii) 生產及銷售二甲醚(DME)
- (iv) 生產及銷售甲醇
- (v) 生產及銷售三聚氰胺
- (vi) 生產及銷售車用尿素溶液
- (vii) 生產及銷售糠醇
- (vii) 生產及銷售醫藥中間體

董事認為,從事煤礦開採及煤炭銷售的附 屬公司開展的業務十分有限,故其資產及 負債對分部申報而言並不重大。因此,並 無另立獨立經營分部以呈列該等附屬公司 所經營的煤礦開採業務。

除上文所指外,並無經營分部已合併組成 上述可申報經營分部。

管理層獨立地監控本集團經營分部的業 績,就資源分配及考績作出決策。分部業 績基於可申報分部利潤進行評估,該利潤 根據毛利計量。本集團的融資(包括財務 成本)、所得税及其他未分配項目(如下文 所述)以組合基準管理,且並未分配至經 營分部。

分部間的銷售和轉讓是按當時市場價格出 售予第三方的銷售價格來進行交易。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

ALLOCATION BASIS

Segment results include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise other income and gains, other expenses, selling and distribution expenses, general and administrative expenses, finance costs and income tax expense.

Group assets and liabilities cannot be directly attributable to individual segments as it is impracticable to allocate them to the segments. Assets of the Group are utilised interchangeably between different segments and there is no reasonable basis to allocate liabilities of the Group between different segments. Accordingly, it is not meaningful to disclose assets, liabilities and capital expenditure by operating segments.

5. 經營分部資料(續)

分配基準

分部業績包括分部直接應佔的項目及按合 理基準所分配的項目。未分配項目包括其 他收入及收益、其他開支、銷售及分銷開 支、一般及行政開支、財務成本以及所得 税開支。

本集團的資產及負債不能直接分配至個別 分部,因將其分配至分部並不實際可行。 本集團的資產乃於不同分部之間交替使 用,而且沒有合理基準將本集團的負債於 不同分部之間分配。因此,按經營分部披 露資產、負債及資本開支並無意義。

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 5. 經營分

SEGMENT PROFIT INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the segment result is the gross profit.

經營分部資料(續)

分部溢利資料

本公司董事認為分部業績為毛利。

			Compound				Urea Solution	Furfuryl	Medical			
		Urea	fertiliser	DME	Methanol	Melamine	for vehicle	alcohol	Intermediate	Others	Elimination	Total
Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年		尿素 RMB'000	複合肥 RMB'000	二甲醚 RMB'000	甲醇 RMB′000	三聚氰胺 RMB'000	車用尿素溶液 RMB′000	糠醇 RMB′000	醫藥中間體 RMB'000	其他 RMB′000	對銷 RMB′000	總計 RMB′000
★エーマー + 十二月三十一日止年度		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入											
Sales to external customers	銷售給外部客戶	4,958,771	3,753,686	1,438,932	1,758,534	1,205,808	555,748	834,896	507,841	1,801,105	-	16,815,321
Intersegment sales	分部間銷售	809,226	654,642	2,267	196,620	243,713	153,198	17	1,584	531,293	(2,592,560)	-
Total revenue	總收入	5,767,997	4,408,328	1,441,199	1,955,154	1,449,521	708,946	834,913	509,425	2,332,398	(2,592,560)	16,815,321
Segment result	分部業績	1,662,055	492,783	177,871	218,026	780,102	174,297	127,252	109,015	647,456	-	4,388,857
Reconciliation:	對賬:											
Interest income	利息收入											21,859
Unallocated other income and gains	未分配其他收入 及收益											147,509
Unallocated expenses, net	未分配開支,淨額											(1,799,253)
Finance costs	財務成本											(583,370)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利											2,175,602
Income tax expense	所得税開支									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(406,232)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利											1,769,370
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:											
Loss on disposal property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	出售物業、廠房 及設備的虧損 (附註6)											46,610
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	物業、廠房及 設備的折舊 (附註7)											1,013,436
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 7)	無形資產攤銷 (附註7)											7,824
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	使用權資產折舊 (附註7)											43,759
Amortisation of coal mining rights (Note 7)	煤礦開採權攤銷 (附註7)											3,486
Capital expenditure*	資本開支*											4,116,710

* Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, * right-of-use assets and intangible assets.

資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備、使 用權資產及無形資產。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 5.

5. 經營分部資料(續)

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度		Urea 尿素 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Compound fertiliser 複合肥 RMB'000 人民幣千元	DME 二甲醚 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Methanol 甲醇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Melamine 三聚氰胺 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Urea Solution for vehicle 車用尿素溶液 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Furfuryl alcohol 糠醇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Medical Intermediate 醫藥中間體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elimination 對銷 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入											
Sales to external customers	銷售給外部客戶	3,080,023	3,157,583	747,959	514,482	621,350	573,792	524,189	231,511	993,833	-	10,444,722
Intersegment sales	分部間銷售	661,588	342,832	260,305	1,141	101,124	145,525	41	-	257,466	(1,770,022)	-
Total revenue	總收入	3,741,611	3,500,415	1,008,264	515,623	722,474	719,317	524,230	231,511	1,251,299	(1,770,022)	10,444,722
Segment result	分部業績	841,763	541,515	43,611	12,844	201,316	188,245	72,739	39,287	273,239	-	2,214,559
Reconciliation:	對賬:											
Interest income	利息收入											18,711
Unallocated other income and gains	未分配其他收入 及收益											180,019
Unallocated expenses, net	未分配開支,淨額											(1,380,836)
Finance costs	財務成本											(401,379)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利											631,074
Income tax expense	所得税開支											(106,926)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									524,148
Other segment information:	其他分部資料:											
Gain on disposal property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	出售物業、廠房 及設備的收益 (附註6)											(27,280)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	物業、廠房及 設備的折舊 (附註7)											723,266
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 7)	無形資產攤銷 (附註7)											7,409
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	使用權資產折舊 (附註7)											53,618
Amortisation of coal mining rights (Note 7)	煤礦開採權攤銷 (附註7)											1,537
Capital expenditure*	資本開支*											5,813,391

 Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets and intangible assets including assets acquired from the acquisition of subsidiaries. 資本開支包括添置投資、物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產及無形資產,包括來自收 購附屬公司的已收購資產。

*

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5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 5. 經營分部資料(續)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China.

Revenue from external customers:

地區資料

本集團主要在中國內地經營。

來自外部客戶的收入:

		Grou 本集	•
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
China: Central Region	中國:中部區域	6,105,595	3,701,923
East Region	東部區域	7,300,317	4,417,526
Western Region	西部區域	1,921,888	1,339,901
North-east Region	東北部區域	931,773	738,827
Overseas	海外	555,748	246,545
		16,815,321	10,444,722

The revenue information of continuing operations above is based on the locations of the customers.

INFORMATION ABOUT A MAJOR CUSTOMER

The Group had no customers from whom the revenue derived individually accounted for more than 10% of the Group's total revenue in year 2021 and year 2020, including sales to a group of entities which are known to be under common control with that customer.

6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after deduction of relevant taxes and allowances for returns and trade discounts.

上述持續經營的收入資訊乃基於客戶的位 置。

主要客戶的資訊

於二零二一年度及二零二零年度本集團概 無單個產生的收入佔本集團總收入的10% 以上的客戶,包括向該客戶已知共同控制 的一組實體的銷售額。

6. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入,即本集團的營業額,出售貨品並扣 除相關税項、退貨及折扣後的淨發票價 值。

REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS 6. (CONTINUED)

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

本集團的收入、其他收入及收益分析如 下:

Group

收入、其他收入及收益(續)

		本集團	本集團			
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元			
Revenue	收入					
Type of goods or service	貨品或服務種類					
Sales of goods*	銷售貨品*	16,815,321	10,444,722			
Timing of revenue recognition	收入確認時間					
At a point in time	於某個時間點	16,815,321	10,444,722			

Please refer to Note 5 for disaggregation of revenue.

CONTRACT BALANCES

合約結餘

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables (Note 23)	貿易應收款項(附註23)	341,551	204,032
Contract liabilities (Note 28)	合約負債(附註28)	1,079,227	818,149

Contract liabilities primarily relate to the Group's obligation to transfer goods to customers for which the Group has received advances from customers. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the Group performs under the contract.

合約負債主要與本集團向本集團已收到客 戶預付款項的客戶轉移貨品的責任有關。 合約負債於本集團根據合約履約時確認為 收入。

關於收入的分拆,請參閱附註5。

Set out below is the amount of revenue recognised from:

以下列出自以下方面確認的收入金額:

		Gro 本缜	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	計入年初合約負債之款項	805,464	558,998

6.

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6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

SALE OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the industrial products and payment is generally due within 30 to 90 days from delivery, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Some contracts provide customers with a right of return and volume rebates which give rise to variable consideration subject to constraint.

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

6. 收入、其他收入及收益(續)

本集團履約責任的資料概述如下:

銷售工業產品

履約責任於工業產品交付時即告完成,賬 款通常須於交付後30至90天內到期支付, 惟新客戶大多須預先付款。部分合約向客 戶提供退貨權及批量回扣,從而導致可變 動代價(須受限制)。

其他收入及收益

		Group 本集團			
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入		21,859	18,711	
Net profit from sales of by-products, water, electricity and steam	銷售副產品、水、電及 蒸汽的純利		89,987	74,809	
Rental income	租賃收入		4,550	2,190	
Amortisation of deferred grants	遞延補貼攤銷	29	10,152	12,670	
Subsidy income	補助金收入		25,343	33,282	
Compensation income	補償收益		2,481	7,016	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備的收益		_	27,280	
Gain on other investments	其他投資收益		204	2,706	
Gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具 收益/(虧損)		550	(2,194)	
Exchange gains	匯兑收益		235	15,691	
Others	其他		14,007	6,569	
			169,368	198,730	

7. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

7. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團的除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入):

			Group 本集團			
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Cost of inventories sold	銷售存貨成本		12,426,464	8,230,163		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備 的折舊	14	1,013,436	723,266		
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	16	7,824	7,409		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	15	43,759	53,618		
Amortisation of coal mining rights	煤礦開採權攤銷	18	3,486	1,537		
Minimum lease payments under operating leases:	經營租約項下的最低 租金付款:	15				
Factories	廠房		5,627	8,678		
Buildings	樓宇		93	225		
Land	土地		83	114		
			5,803	9,017		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		4,188	4,138		
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' remuneration):	僱員福利開支 (包括董事薪酬):	9				
Salaries and bonuses	薪金及花紅		959,925	706,921		
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution scheme)	退休金計劃供款 (界定供款計劃)		119,461	85,674		
Benefits in kind	實物利益		88,516	74,253		
Share-based payment expense	以股份支付的購股權 開支	37	11,419	_		
			1,179,321	866,848		
Impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損	23	14,570	5,640		
Impairment of property, plant and equipment*	物業、廠房及 設備減值*	14	5,856	113,109		
Impairment of inventories*	存貨減值*	21	10,650	1,727		
Unrealised exchange losses/(gains), net*	未變現匯兑虧損/ (收益),淨額*		750	(5,941)		
Realised exchange gains, net*	已變現匯兑收益, 淨額*		(985)	(9,750)		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備的虧損		46,610	_		
Loss on fair value change of financial instruments through profit and loss, net*	金融工具的公平值 變動虧損,淨額*		2,988	4,811		
Donations			11,867	5,586		

*

Included in "Other expenses" disclosed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

包括在綜合損益及其他全面收益表中披露 的「其他開支」中。

*

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8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務成本

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

財務成本分析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank loans, other loans and bonds	銀行貸款、其他貸款及 債券的利息	581,439	394,261
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息	1,931	7,107
Interest on government loans	政府貸款的利息	-	11
		583,370	401,379

9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

9. 董事酬金

本年度董事及主要行政人員的酬金,根據 上市規則披露、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、 (b)、(c)及(f)條及公司條例第2部分(披露 有關董事福利的資料)披露如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	 袍金	1,050	1,050
Other employments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	2,517	2,523
Performance related bonuses*	業績花紅*	29,508	13,651
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	133	128
		32,158	16,302
		33,208	17,352

* Certain executive directors of the Company are entitled to bonuses which are determined as a percentage of the profit after tax of the Group.

本公司若干執行董事有權獲得按本集團除 税後溢利百分比釐定的花紅。
9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

9. 董事酬金(續)

(A)

(A) INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

年內付予獨立非執行董事之袍金如下:

獨立非執行董事

			oup 耒團
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ong Kian Guan	王建源	300	300
Li Shengxiao	李生校	250	250
Ong Wei Jin	王為仁	250	250
Li Hongxing	李紅星	250	250
		1,050	1,050

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent nonexecutive directors during the year (2020: Nil). 年內概無應付予獨立非執行董事的其他酬 金(二零二零年:無)。 (B)

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9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS, AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

9. 董事酬金(續)

(B)

執行董事及行政總裁

Year ended 31 December 20 截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度		Fees 袍金 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Performance- related bonuses 考績花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 總計酬金 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Liu Xingxu	劉興旭	-	867	12,700	33	13,600
Yan Yunhua	閆蘊華	-	684	6,336	36	7,056
Zhang Qingjin	張慶金	-	684	9,972	36	10,692
		-	2,235	29,008	105	31,348
Chief Executive director:	行政總裁:					
MaTongsheng	馬通生	-	282	500	28	810

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度	0	Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及 實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Performance- related bonuses 考績花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 總計酬金 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Liu Xingxu	劉興旭	-	867	5,281	33	6,181
Yan Yunhua	閆蘊華	-	687	3,300	33	4,020
Zhang Qingjin	張慶金	-	687	4,620	33	5,340
		_	2,241	13,201	99	15,541
Chief Executive director:	行政總裁:					
MaTongsheng	馬通生	_	282	450	29	761

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2020: Nil).

During the year, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 年內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的 安排(二零二零年:無)。

年內,本集團並無向董事支付酬金,作為 加入或於加入本集團時的獎勵或作為離職 的補償。

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAY EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2020: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 9 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2020: two) non-director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

10. 五名最高薪酬僱員

本集團本年度的五名最高薪酬僱員包括三 名(二零二零年:三名)董事,其酬金的詳 情載於上文附註9。有關其餘兩名(二零二 零年:兩名)非董事最高薪酬僱員的酬金 的詳情如下:

			Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	667	667	
Performance-related bonuses	業績花紅	1,430	1,300	
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	72	65	
		2,169	2,032	

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金屬下列範圍之內的非董事最高薪酬僱 員的數目如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	人民幣 1,000,001 元至 人民幣 1,500,000 元	2	2

During the year, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

本年度內,本集團並無向五名最高薪酬的 僱員支付酬金,作為加入或於加入本集團 時的獎勵或作為離職的補償。

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11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Company is incorporated in Singapore and is subject to income tax at the rate of 17% (2020: 17%) for the year.

Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China are subject to income tax at the rate of 25% (2020: 25%). During the year, eleven (2020: nine) of the subsidiaries were given the New/High Tech Enterprise Award as recognition of their innovation and use of state-of-the-art equipment. This award brought these subsidiaries a tax concession of a lower income tax rate (i.e. 15%) for three years since the subsidiaries awarded the New High-Tech Enterprise Award.

The major components of income tax expense for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are:

11. 所得税開支

本公司於新加坡註冊成立,於本年度須按 17%(二零二零年:17%)的所得税税率繳 納税項。

於其他地方應課税溢利的税項按本集團經 營所在的國家現行的税率計算。

本公司的附屬公司於中國內地須按所得税 税率25%(二零二零年:25%)繳納税項。 於本年度,其中十一家(二零二零年:九 家)附屬公司獲發高新技術企業證書,以 肯定其科技創新及使用先進的技術設備。 該獎項使該等附屬公司自獲得研發高新技 術企業證書後三年內可享有較低所得税税 率(即15%)的税務優惠。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止財政年度所得税開支之主要部 分如下:

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Current – PRC	即期-中國			
Charge for the year	年度開支	412,853	133,510	
Over provision in respect of prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(22,905)	(9,146)	
Deferred charge/(credit) (Note 34)	遞延扣除/(計入)(附註34)	16,284	(17,438)	
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税項開支總額	406,232	106,926	

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge for the financial year at the effective tax rate is as follows:

11. 所得税開支(續)

本財政年度使用適用於本公司及其附屬公 司所在國家的法定税率計算的除税前溢利 的税項開支與按實際税率計算的税項開支 對賬如下:

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	2,175,602	631,074	
Tax at statutory tax rates	按法定税率計算的税項	543,901	157,769	
Effect of a tax concession	税務優惠的影響	(163,402)	(69,586)	
Withholding tax	預扣税項	37,570	24,008	
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	6,858	4,493	
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	8,794	3,107	
Over provision in respect of prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(22,905)	(9,146)	
Effect of other concession	其他優惠的影響	(3,165)	(2,706)	
Others	其他	(1,419)	(1,013)	
Tax charge at the effective rate of 18.7% (2020: 16.9%)	按實際税率 18.7% (二零二零年:16.9%)計算的 郑语盟士	406 222	106.026	
	税項開支	406,232	106,926	

12. DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Final dividend paid-RMB8 cents (2020: RMB8 cents) per ordinary share	支付末期股息 - 每股普通股 人民幣8分(二零二零年: 人民幣8分)	116,204	93,730	
Proposed final dividend-RMB19 cents (2020: RMB10 cents) per ordinary share	建議末期股息 – 每股普通股 人民幣 19分 (二零二零年: 人民幣 10分)	222,608	117,162	

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

於年內建議的末期股息須待本公司股東於 即將舉行的股東週年大會上批准,始可作 實。

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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares (inclusive of mandatorily convertible instruments issued) of 1,171,621,000 (2020: 1,171,621,000), as adjusted to reflect the convertible bonds issued in 2011.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on the following data:

13. 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔 每股盈利

每股基本及攤薄盈利金額乃根據母公司普通股權益持有人應佔年內溢利,及經調整以反映二零一一年已發行的可換股債券的普通股加權平均數1,171,621,000股(包括已發行的強制性可換股工具)(二零二零年:1,171,621,000股)計算得出。

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃基於以下數據計算 得出:

		Grou 本集	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings	盈利		
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation	用於計算每股基本及攤薄盈利 的母公司普通股權益持有人 應佔溢利	1,294,139	347,662
	•		
		Grouj 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 Number of shares 股份數目	2020 二零二零年 Number of shares 股份數目
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (inclusive of mandatorily convertible instruments issued) for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings	就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利 而言的普通股加權平均數 (包括已發行的強制性 可換股工具)		
per share		1,171,621,000	1,171,621,000

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業 · 廠房及設備

31 December 2021	nber 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日							
Group	本集團	Buildings 樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other fixtures and structures 其他固定 附著物及建築 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment and furniture 辦公室 設備及傢俱 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB ⁶ 000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,797,407	2,296,388	9,526,562	427,320	164,940	5,008,660	19,221,277
Additions	添置	5,507	28,236	63,812	18,536	34,042	3,778,334	3,928,467
Transfers	轉讓	644,610	1,122,816	3,716,745	104,661	810	(5,675,784)	(86,142)
Transfer from right-of-use assets (Note 15)	從使用權資產轉撥(附註15)	-	-	424,712	-	-	-	424,712
Transfer from other assets	從其他資產轉撥	-	-	185,625	-	-	-	185,625
Disposals	出售	(14,894)	(20,677)	(239,261)	(4,251)	(11,342)	-	(290,425)
Transfer to construction in progress	轉撥至在建工程	(38,545)	(56,788)	(573,453)	(6,202)	-	674,988	-
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	2,394,085	3,369,975	13,104,742	540,064	188,450	3,786,198	23,383,514
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	326,495	409,610	2,986,457	271,242	100,562	-	4,094,366
Depreciation during the year (Note 7)	年內折舊(附註7)	81,911	116,463	745,465	49,313	20,284	-	1,013,436
Transfer from right-of-use assets (Note 15)	從使用權資產轉撥(附註15)	-	-	209,536	-	-	-	209,536
Transfer from other assets	從其他資產轉撥	-	-	93,708	-	-	-	93,708
Disposals	出售	(6,440)	(8,986)	(153,892)	(3,954)	(9,860)	-	(183,132)
Transfer to construction in progress	轉撥至在建工程	(16,174)	(22,488)	(362,230)	(5,817)	-	406,709	-
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	385,792	494,599	3,519,044	310,784	110,986	406,709	5,227,914
Impairment:	減值:							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	11,448	6,075	96,957	125	-	11,841	126,446
Additions	添置	-	-	5,847	9	-	-	5,856
Disposals	出售	(3,421)	(3,978)	(25,279)	(35)	-	-	(32,713)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	8,027	2,097	77,525	99	-	11,841	99,589
Carrying amount:	賬面值:							
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	2,000,266	2,873,279	9,508,173	229,181	77,464	3,367,648	18,056,011

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

In 2018, a subsidiary of the Group sold plant and machinery with net carrying value of RMB431,118,000 to a third party and entered into an arrangement with the third party to lease back the assets for RMB300,000,000 over a period of three years. The sales and lease back arrangement is to secure a bank borrowing of RMB300,000,000 granted to the Group. The difference between the net carrying value of the assets and lease consideration of RMB131,118,000 is deferred and amortised over the lease term as other assets. As at 31 December 2021, the sales and lease back arrangement have been expired, resulting the related fixed assets and other assets are transferred to the plant and machinery which amounts to RMB307,100,000.

The Group has plant and machinery with a carrying value RMB925,867,000 (2020: RMB985,424,000) is mortgaged to secure the Group's bank loans (Note 30).

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零一八年,本集團的一家附屬公司 向第三方出售廠房及機器,賬面淨值為 人民幣431,118,000元,並與該第三方訂立 安排,以三年期回租資產,代價為人民幣 300,000,000元。銷售及回租安排旨在確保 向本集團授出銀行借貸人民幣300,000,000 元。資產的賬面淨值與租賃代價的差額 人民幣131,118,000元已遞延並於租賃期內 按其他資產攤銷。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,銷售及回租安排已到期,相關 固定資產及其他資產轉撥至廠房及機器, 金額為人民幣307,100,000元。

本集團抵押賬面值人民幣925,867,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣985,424,000元)的廠房 及機器為本集團的銀行貸款提供擔保(附 註30)。

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED) 14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

二零二零年十二月三十一日

31 December 2020

					Office			
			Other fixtures and structures	Plant and	equipment and furniture		Construction in	
		Buildings	and structures 其他固定	machinery	加miture 辦公室	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		樓宇	附著物及建築	廠房及機器	設備及傢俱	汽車	在建工程	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Group	本集團	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:							
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	1,528,867	1,874,034	7,663,044	335,004	141,589	2,615,203	14,157,741
Additions	添置	1,783	4,498	90,508	24,304	29,241	5,328,154	5,478,488
Transfers	轉讓	369,573	589,794	1,897,141	72,575	62	(2,976,346)	(47,201)
Reclassification	重新分類	(9,356)	9,196	-	160	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	32,007	10,197	109,179	1,364	1,931	41,649	196,327
Disposals	出售	(125,467)	(191,331)	(237,665)	(6,195)	(8,424)	-	(569,082)
Acquisition of business	收購業務	-	-	4,355	108	541	-	5,004
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,797,407	2,296,388	9,526,562	427,320	164,940	5,008,660	19,221,277
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:							
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	296,666	379,078	2,566,415	238,378	90,203	-	3,570,740
Depreciation during the year (Note 7)	年內折舊(附註7)	62,233	73,412	533,958	37,492	16,171	-	723,266
Reclassification	重新分類	(122)	-	-	122	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	3,569	832	38,536	563	1,253	-	44,753
Disposals	出售	(35,851)	(43,712)	(152,452)	(5,313)	(7,065)	-	(244,393)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	326,495	409,610	2,986,457	271,242	100,562	-	4,094,366
Impairment:	減值:							
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	40,407	30,660	29,410	402	-	11,370	112,249
Additions	添置	10,365	5,984	96,639	121	-	-	113,109
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	-	-	-	-	-	471	471
Disposals	出售	(39,324)	(30,569)	(29,092)	(398)	-	-	(99,383)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	11,448	6,075	96,957	125	-	11,841	126,446
Carrying amount:	賬面值:							
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,459,464	1,880,703	6,443,148	155,953	64,378	4,996,819	15,000,465

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15. LEASES

The Group has lease contracts for various items of land, plant and machinery used in its operations. Leases of plant and machinery generally have lease terms with three years, while land generally have lease terms between 2 and 50 years. The Group's obligations under its leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets and some contracts require the Group to maintain certain financial ratios.

The Group also has certain leases of machinery with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of office equipment with low value. The Group applies the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases.

(A) CARRYING AMOUNTS OF RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the period:

15. 租賃

本集團擁有多項租賃合約,為在經營活動 中使用的各種土地、廠房及機器項目。廠 房機器租賃的租賃期通常為3年,而土地 租賃的租賃期通常為2至50年。本集團在 租賃中所承擔的義務由出租人對租賃資產 的所有權擔保。一般而言,本集團不得轉 讓及轉租租賃資產,而部分合約要求本集 團維持特定財務比率。

本集團亦有若干機器租賃,租賃期為12個 月或以下,並租賃低價值的辦公設備。本 集團對該等租賃採用「短期租賃」和「低價 值資產租賃」確認豁免。

(A) 使用權資產的賬面值

下表載列於該期間已確認使用權資產的賬 面金額及其變動:

		Land 土地 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Machinery 機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Group	本集團			
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	904,074	234,660	1,140,330
Additions	添置	18,014	4,021	22,035
Transfer from construction in progress (Note 14)	從在建工程轉撥(附註14)	86,142	_	86,142
Depreciation expense (Note 7)	折舊費用(附註7)	(23,606)	(20,153)	(43,759)
Disposal	出售	(2,719)	-	(2,719)
Lease modification	租賃變更	(6,807)	_	(6,807)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	轉撥至物業、廠房 及設備(附註14)	_	(215,176)	(215,176)
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	975,098	4,948	980,046
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	815,933	263,875	1,079,808
Additions	添置	100,148	1,596	101,744
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	12,921	_	12,921
Depreciation expense (Note 7)	折舊費用(附註7)	(24,403)	(29,215)	(53,618)
Revision of a lease term arising from a change in the non-cancellable	租賃不可撤銷期間之變動產生 的租期修訂	(525)		(525)
period of a lease		(525)	-	(525)
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	904,074	234,660	1,140,330

15. LEASES (CONTINUED)

(B) LEASE LIABILITIES

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under interest-bearing loans and borrowings) and the movements during the period:

15.	租賃(續)	
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(B) 租賃負債

下表載列於該期間租賃負債(包括計息貸 款及借款)的賬面金額及其變動:

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
As at 1 January	於一月一日	72,541	170,400	
Additions	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4,021	6,671	
Accretion of interest	利息增加	1,931	7,107	
Payments	付款	(48,672)	(111,112)	
Lease modification	租賃變更	(6,563)	(525)	
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	23,258	72,541	
Current	即期	2,541	45,343	
Non-current	非即期	20,717	27,198	

(C) AMOUNTS RECOGNISED IN PROFIT OR LOSS

The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

(C) 於損益確認的金額

以下是於損益確認的金額:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	使用權資產折舊費用(附註7)	43,759	53,618
Interest expense on leases liabilities (Note 8)	租賃負債利息開支(附註8)	1,931	7,107
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets (included in administrative expenses) (Note 7)	低價值資產租賃相關費用 (計入行政開支)(附註7)	5,803	9,017
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的總額	51,493	69,742

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15. LEASES (CONTINUED)

(D) TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW

The Group had total cash outflows for leases of RMB54,475,000 in 2021 (2020: RMB120,129,000).

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

15. 租賃(續)

(D) 現金流出總額

本集團於二零二一年的租賃現金流出總額 為人民幣54,475,000元(二零二零年:人民 幣120,129,000元)。

16. 無形資產

		Patents 專利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Software 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
31 December 2021	二零二一年十二月三十一日			
Group	本集團			
Cost:	成本:			
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	38,528	47,309	85,837
Additions	添置	8,475	1,929	10,404
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	47,003	49,238	96,241
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:			
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	12,175	10,277	22,452
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	4,510	3,314	7,824
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	16,685	13,591	30,276
Carrying amount:	賬面值:		· ·	
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	30,318	35,647	65,965
31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日			
Group	本集團			
Cost:	成本:			
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	25,721	32,453	58,174
Additions	添置	12,807	198	13,005
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	-	14,658	14,658
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	38,528	47,309	85,837
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:			
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	9,495	1,796	11,291
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	2,680	7,748	10,428
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	_	733	733
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	12,175	10,277	22,452
Carrying amount:	賬面值:			
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	26,353	37,032	63,385

17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽

Group	本集團	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日	63,022	29,001
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	-	34,021
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	63,022	63,022

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF GOODWILL

Goodwill acquired through business acquisitions have been allocated to following cash generating units ("CGU") for impairment testing:

- Coal mining cash-generating unit;
- Medical intermediate products cash-generating unit;
- Furfural products cash-generating unit, and
- Humic acid products cash-generating unit

COAL MINING CASH-GENERATING UNIT

The recoverable amount of the coal mining CGU has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a 29.5-year period approved by management. The pre-tax discounted rate applied to the cash flow projections is 11.1% (2020: 13.0%).

MEDICAL INTERMEDIATE PRODUCTS CASH-GENERATING UNIT, FURFURAL PRODUCTS CASH-GENERATING UNIT AND HUMIC ACID PRODUCTS CASH-GENERATING UNIT

The recoverable amounts of the medical intermediate products CGU, furfural products CGU and humic acid products CGU have been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering continuity periods approved by management. The pre-tax discounted rates applied to the cash flow projections are 17.4%, 17.9%, and 17.4% respectively (2020: 17.4%, 17.7%, and 19.4% respectively).

Based on the annual impairment testing, no impairment charge was recognised during the year.

商譽減值測試

透過業務合併收購的商譽已分配至以下現 金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),以進行減 值測試:

- 煤礦開採現金產生單位;
- 醫藥中間體產品現金產生單位;
- 糠醛產品現金產生單位;及
- 腐植酸產品現金產生單位

煤礦開採現金產生單位

煤礦開採權現金產生單位的可收回金額已 按使用價值計算為基準釐定,而使用價值 乃採用經管理層批准的財務預算為基準, 涵蓋29.5年期間的現金流量預測計算。税 前現金流量預測採用11.1%(二零二零年: 13.0%)的折現率折現。

醫藥中間體產品現金產生單位、糠醛產品 現金產生單位及腐植酸產品現金產生單位

醫藥中間體產品現金產生單位、糠醛產品 現金產生單位及腐植酸產品現金產生單 位的可收回金額已按使用價值計算為基準 釐定,而使用價值乃採用經管理層批准的 財務預算為基準,涵蓋連續期間的現金流 量預測計算。税前現金流量預測分別採用 17.4%、17.9%及17.4%的折現率折現(二零 二零年:分別採用17.4%、17.7%及19.4%)。

根據年度減值測試,於本年度內並無確認 減值撥備。

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17. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

17. 商譽(續) 商譽減值測試(續)

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cash-generating units is as follows:

分	配至各現	包金產出	單位的	商譽則	長面值如
下	1:				

			mining 開採	Medical interm 醫藥中間	ediate products 冒體產品		products 產品	Humic acio 腐植香	1.00		tal 計
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount of goodwill	商譽賬面值	25,361	25,361	34,021	34,021	1,528	1,528	2,112	2,112	63,022	63,022

ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE VALUE-IN-USE CALCULATION

The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake the impairment testing of coal mining CGU, medical intermediate products CGU, furfural products CGU and humic acid products CGU:

(I) BUDGETED SALES AND OPERATING COSTS

The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted sales and operating costs are compared to the historical data and adjusted for management's expected efficiency improvements and expected market development.

(II) GROWTH RATES

The forecasted growth rates are compared to the historical data and do not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the industries relevant to the medical intermediate products CGU.

(III) COMMODITY PRICE

The basis used to determine the value assigned to commodity price is the expectation of future changes in the market.

(IV) PRE-TAX DISCOUNT RATE

The pre-tax discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant unit.

使用價值計算採用的假設

各主要假設如下所述,據此管理層已根據 現金流量預測對煤礦開採現金產生單位、 醫藥中間體產品現金產生單位、糠醛產品 現金產生單位及腐植酸產品現金產生單位 進行減值測試:

(1) 預算銷售額及經營成本

用於釐定預算銷售額及經營成本的指定價 值的基準與歷史數據可比較,並可根據管 理層的預期效率改進及預期市場發展作出 調整。

(Ⅱ) 增長率

預測增長率與過往數據進行比較,且不超 過醫藥中間體現金產生單位相關的行業長 期平均增長率。

(III) 商品價格

用於釐定商品價格的指定價值的基準為市 場未來變動的預期。

(IV) 税前折現率

採用的税前折現率為税前並反映有關相關 單元的特殊風險。

17. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

With regards to the assessment of value in use for coal mining CGU, medical intermediate products CGU, furfural products CGU andhumic acid products CGU, management believes that no reasonably possible changes in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the coal mining CGU, medical intermediate products CGU, furfural products CGU andhumic acid products CGU to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

17. 商譽(續)

就評估煤礦開採現金產生單位、醫藥中間 體產品現金產生單位、糠醛產品現金產 生單位及腐植酸產品現金產生單位的使用 價值而言,管理層認為,任何上述主要假 設之合理可能變動概不會導致煤礦開採現 金產生單位、醫藥中間體產品現金產生單 位、糠醛產品現金產生單位及腐植酸產品 現金產生單位的賬面值超過其可收回金 額。

18. 煤礦開採權

		Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
31 December 2021	二零二一年十二月三十一日	
Group	本集團	
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	109,570
Additions	·····································	155,804
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	265,374
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:	
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	24,927
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	3,486
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	28,413
Carrying amount:	賬面值:	
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	236,961

Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元

31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日	
Group	本集團	
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 January 2020/31 December 2020	於二零二零年一月一日/ 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	109,570
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:	
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	23,390
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	1,537
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	24,927
Carrying amount:	賬面值:	
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	84,643

18. COAL MINING RIGHTS

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18. COAL MINING RIGHTS (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT TESTING OF COAL MINING RIGHTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group performed impairment assessment on the coal mining CGU as disclosed in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, which include the above coal mining rights of RMB236,961,000 (2020: RMB84,643,000), goodwill of RMB25,361,000 (2020: RMB25,361,000) (Note 17) and property, plant and equipment of RMB 757,736,000 (2020: RMB725,353,000). The key assumptions are included in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

Based on the annual impairment testing, no impairment charge was recognised during the year.

19. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

18. 煤礦開採權(續)

煤礦開採權的減值測試

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團對煤礦開採現金 產生單位進行減值評估(如綜合財務報表 附註17所述),其中包括上述煤礦開採權 人民幣236,961,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 84,643,000元)及商譽人民幣25,361,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣25,361,000元)(附註17) 及物業、廠房及設備人民幣757,736,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣725,353,000元)。主 要假設載於綜合財務報表附註17。

根據年度減值測試,於本年度內並無確認 減值撥備。

19. 按公平值計入損益的股權投資

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current	非流動		
Unquoted equity investment, at fair value:	非上市股權投資,按公平值:		
PRC	中國	6,708	6,708
Current	流動		
Listed equity investments, at fair value:	上市股權投資,按公平值:		
Singapore	新加坡	2,127	2,271
Hong Kong	香港	10,949	13,821
		13,076	16,092

19. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

19. 按公平值計入損益的股權投資 (續)

		Com 本2	
		2021 二零二一年 二零 RMB'000 F 人民幣千元 人民	
Current	流動		
Listed equity investments, at fair value:	上市股權投資,按公平值:		
Singapore	新加坡	2,127	2,271
Hong Kong	香港	10,949	13,821
		13,076	16,092

LISTED EQUITY INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the listed equity investments are classified as current assets because the directors of the Company have intention to dispose of these investments in the forthcoming year.

UNQUOTED EQUITY INVESTMENT

The Group's investment in unquoted equity investment represent equity investment in Manas Biyuan Water Supply Company Limited ("Biyuan"). The Group has no control nor significant influence over the financial and operating policies of Biyuan. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

The investment is carried at FVPL and the fair value as at 31 December 2021 is RMB6,708,000 (2020: RMB6,708,000).

上市股權投資

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一 日,上市股權投資被歸類為流動資產,因 為本公司的董事有意在未來一年內出售該 等投資。

非上市股權投資

本集團之非上市股權投資乃指於瑪納斯縣 碧源供水有限責任公司(「碧源」)的股權 投資。本集團董事認為無法可靠計量其公 平值。本集團無意於可見未來出售有關投 資。

投資按公平值計入損益列賬,於二零二一 年十二月三十一日的公平值為人民幣 6,708,000元(二零二零年:人民幣6,708,000 元)。

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20. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

20. 預付款項[,]按金及其他應收款 項

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current	非流動		
Prepayments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備 的預付款項	81,892	120,060
Current	流動		
Prepayments:	預付款項:		
Advanced deposits to suppliers	預付供應商的按金	1,000,236	491,662
Others	其他	27,501	22,519
		1,027,737	514,181
Deposits and other receivables:	按金及其他應收款項:		
Deposits	按金	6,184	3,193
VAT recoverable	應收增值税	405,278	353,925
Others	其他	61,202	152,870
		472,664	
Total prepayments, deposits and other receivables -current	預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項總額 - 流動	1,500,401	1,024,169

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials at cost	按成本列賬的原材料	749,081	431,402
Parts and spares at cost	按成本列賬的部件及備用零件	213,641	167,678
Work-in-progress at cost	按成本列賬的在製品	32,262	16,432
Finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value	以成本及可變現淨額較低者 計量的製成品	624,427	379,753
Allowance for inventory obsolescence	存貨過期撥備	(12,026)	(3,116)
		1,607,385	992,149

22. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

22. 衍生金融工具

		Grot 本集	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Foreign currency swaps	外匯掉期	28	_

Derivative financial instruments are denominated in RMB and are secured by time deposits of RMB1,943,000 (2020: Nil) (Note 25).

衍生金融工具以人民幣計值,並以定期存 款人民幣1,943,000元(二零二零年:無)作 抵押(附註25)。

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

		Gro 本身	•
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	362,890	220,498
Less: allowance for expected credit losses	減:預期信貨虧損撥備	(21,339)	(16,466)
Total trade receivables (Note 6)	貿易應收款項總額(附註6)	341,551	204,032
Bills receivable	應收票據	669,449	543,224
Less: allowance for expected credit losses	減:預期信貨虧損撥備	(6,422)	(3,864)
Total bills receivable	應收票據總額	663,027	539,360
		1,004,578	743,392

Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 30 to 90 days. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. The Group's bills receivables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 90 to 180 days. Trade and bills receivables are denominated in RMB.

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly payment in advance or on credit for certain customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances. 貿易應收款項為免息及一般於30至90日內 清償。該等應收賬款以其原始發票金額確 認,該等金額代表其在初始確認時的公平 值。本集團的應收票據為免息及一般於90 至180日內清償。貿易應收款項及應收票 據以人民幣計值。

本集團與其客戶的交易條款主要為預付款 項,若干客戶或可取得信貸期。各客戶有 信貸期上限。本集團尋求維持對其尚未到 期的應收款項的嚴格控制,以減低信貸風 險。逾期結餘會由高級管理層定期審閱。 鑒於上文所述,及本集團的貿易應收款項 分佈於大量分散的客戶,故並無重大信貸 集中風險。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任 何抵押品或其他信貸保證。

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23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

RECEIVABLES THAT ARE PAST DUE BUT NOT IMPAIRED

An aging analysis of the Group's trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provisions, is as follows:

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

已逾期但未減值之應收款項

本集團貿易應收款項於報告期末的賬齡分 析(根據發票日期及扣除撥備)如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 month	1 個月以內	155,707	119,892
1 to 3 months	1至3個月	106,227	31,829
3 to 6 months	3至6個月	39,066	37,092
6 to 12 months	6至12個月	40,551	9,314
Over 12 months	12個月以上	-	5,905
		341,551	204,032

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Group are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer based on customer type and rating. The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. 未逾期亦未減值的應收款項與大量近期沒有拖欠記錄的分散客戶有關。

已逾期但未減值的應收款項與若干與本集 團存有良好往績記錄的獨立客戶有關。根 據過往經驗,本公司董事認為毋須就該等 結餘計提減值撥備,因信貸質素並無重大 變動及該等結餘仍被視為可全數收回。

預期信貸虧損

於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減值分 析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於 客戶類別及評級的多個客戶進行分組而逾 期的日數計算量。該計算反映或然率加權 結果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有關 過往事項、當前條件及未來經濟條件預測 的合理及可靠資料。一般而言,貿易應收 款項如果逾期超過一年並且不受強制執行 活動的影響則予以註銷。

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movement in allowance for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables computed based on ECL are as follows:

TRADE RECEIVABLES

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

根據預期信貸虧損計算的貿易及其他應收 款項的預期信貸虧損撥備變動如下:

貿易應收款項

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	於年初	16,466	13,847
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	-	1,704
Written off	撇銷	(394)	(868)
Impairment losses, net (Note 7)	減值虧損,凈額(附註7)	5,267	1,783
At end of year	年末	21,339	16,466

OTHER RECEIVABLES

其他應收款項

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	於年初	26,598	26,770
Written off	撇銷	(11,032)	(162)
Impairment losses, net (Note 7)	減值虧損,凈額(附註7)	2,870	(10)
At end of year	於年末	18,436	26,598

DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES/SUBSIDIARIES

應收關連公司/附屬公司款項

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	於年初	26	23
Impairment losses, net (Note 7)	減值虧損,凈額(附註7)	11	3
At end of year	於年末	37	26

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23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

BILLS RECEIVABLE

應收票據

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	於年初	3,864	2,402
Written off	撇銷	(3,864)	(2,402)
Impairment losses, net (Note 7)	減值虧損,凈額(附註7)	6,422	3,864
At end of year	於年末	6,422	3,864

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables, other receivables, amounts due from related companies/subsidiaries and bills receivable using a provision matrix:

下文載列有關本集團貿易應收款項、其他 應收款項、使用撥備矩陣的應收關連公司 /附屬公司款項及應收票據的信貸風險資 料:

ECL FOR TRADE RECEIVABLES

貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損

				Past due 逾期		
		- Current 即期	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 2 years 1-2 年	Over 2 years 2年以上	Total 總計
2021	二零二一年					
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	159,163	190,331	3,559	9,837	362,890
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	3,456	4,487	3,559	9,837	21,339
2020	二零二零年					
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	123,285	81,087	6,162	9,964	220,498
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	3,393	2,852	257	9,964	16,466

ECL FOR OTHER RECEIVABLES

其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損

				Past due 逾期		
		Current 即期	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 2 years 1-2 年	Over 2 years 2年以上	Total 總計
2021	二零二一年					
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	28,400	6,714	31,883	18,826	85,823
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	416	90	856	17,074	18,436
2020	二零二零年					
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	133,908	14,669	9,360	24,724	182,661
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	411	1,221	1,358	23,608	26,598

23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (CONTINUED)

ECL FOR AMOUNT DUE FROM RELATED COMPANIES/SUBSIDIARIES

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

預期信貸虧損(續)

應收關連公司/附屬公司款項的預期信貸 虧損

	Past due 逾期				
	Current 即期	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 2 years 1-2 年	Over 2 years 2年以上	Total 總計
二零二一年					
總賬面值(人民幣千元)	6,902	1,460	313	252	8,927
預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	1	8	11	17	37
二零二零年					
總賬面值(人民幣千元)	858	516	411	45	1,830
預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	3	10	12	1	26
	總賬面值(人民幣千元) 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 二零二零年 總賬面值(人民幣千元)	即期 二零二一年 6,902 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 6,902 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 1 二零二零年 858	即期少於一年二零二一年	Current 上ess than 1 year 1 to 2 years 即期 少於一年 1 to 2 years 二零二一年 少於一年 1-2 年 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 6,902 1,460 313 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 1 8 11 二零二零年	加期近いrent 少於一年加期加加1 to 2 years 少於一年Over 2 years 2 年以上二零二一年少於一年1-2 年2 年以上總賬面值(人民幣千元)6,9021,460313252預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)181117

ECL FOR BILLS RECEIVABLE

應收票據的預期信貸虧損

			Past due 逾期		
	Current 即期	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 2 years 1-2年	Over 2 years 2年以上	Total 總計
二零二一年					
總賬面值(人民幣千元)	669,449	-	-	-	669,449
預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	6,422	-	_	-	6,422
二零二零年					
總賬面值(人民幣千元)	543,224	-	-	-	543,224
預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	3,864	-	-	-	3,864
	總賬面值(人民幣千元) 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 二零二零年 總賬面值(人民幣千元)	即期 二零二一年 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 669,449 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 6,422 二零二零年 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 543,224	即期少於一年二零二一年-總賬面值(人民幣千元)669,449-預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)6,422-二零二零年總賬面值(人民幣千元)543,224-	加加 通期 通期 通期 通知 通知 1to 2 years 1to 2 years	加期 上ess than 1 year 少於一年 1 to 2 years 1-2 年 Over 2 years 2 年以上 二零二一年 少於一年 1-2 年 2 年以上 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 669,449 - - 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 6,422 - - 三零二零年 - - - 總賬面值(人民幣千元) 543,224 - - -

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23. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

BILLS RECEIVABLE

At 31 December 2021, the Group endorsed bills receivable accepted by banks in Mainland China (the "Endorsed Bills") with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB1,545,551,000 (2020: RMB690,951,000) with maturity ranging from one to six months at the end of the reporting period, to certain of its suppliers for settlement of the trade payables due to these suppliers (the "Endorsement"). In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Endorsed Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors, all risks and rewards relating to the Endorsed Bills have been substantially transferred upon the Endorsement. Accordingly, the Group has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure arising from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Endorsed Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Endorsed Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Endorsed Bills are not significant.

During the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Endorsed Bills. No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The Endorsement has been made evenly throughout the year.

23. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

應收票據

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已 向其若干供應商背書獲中國內地銀行兑 現,賬面值總額為人民幣1.545.551.000元 (二零二零年:人民幣690,951,000元)的應 收票據(「背書票據↓),以清償應付該等供 應商的貿易應付款項(「背書」),期限介乎 報告期末一至六個月內。根據中國有關可 轉讓票據的法律,倘中國銀行拖欠還款, 背書票據的持有人有權向本集團追索欠款 (「持續參與」)。董事認為,與背書票據有 關的絕大部分風險和回報在作出背書後已 獲轉讓。因此,本集團已終止確認背書票 據和相關的貿易應付款項的全數賬面值。 本集團因持續參與背書票據而面臨的最大 風險和購回該等背書票據的未折現現金流 量,均相等於其賬面值。董事認為,本集 團持續參與背書票據的公平值並不重大。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止財政年度,本集團並無確認於 轉讓背書票據日期的任何收益或虧損。於 年內或累積期間,均無來自持續參與的任 何收益或虧損獲確認。背書已於整個年度 內平均作出。

24. BALANCES WITH RELATED COMPANIES/ SUBSIDIARIES

24. 與關連公司/附屬公司的結餘

Particulars of the balances with related companies and subsidiaries, in which certain shareholders, executive directors of the Company are also direct/indirect shareholders and directors are as follows:

與關連公司及附屬公司的結餘的詳情(其 中本公司若干股東、執行董事亦為直接/ 間接股東及董事)如下:

			Group 本集團	
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Due from related companies	應收關連公司款項			
Current:	即期:			
Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD.	新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司		7,520	1,494
Xinxiang Shenzhou Anti-corrosion Installation Co., Ltd.	新鄉市神州防腐安裝 有限公司		1,177	-
HenanLingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		99	264
Anhui Xinlianxin Heavy Sealing CO., LTD.	安徽心連心重型封頭 有限公司		72	44
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd.	河南心連心化學工業 集團股份有限公司		20	_
Henan XLX JingmiFengtou CO., LTD.	河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司		2	2
			8,890	1,804
Due to related companies/related parties	應付關連公司/關連方 款項			
Current:	即期:			
JiujiangPengcheng Port Co., Ltd.	九江彭誠港口有限公司		(52,536)	_
Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD.	新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司		(24,197)	(6,065)
Xinxiang Shenzhou Anti-corrosion Installation CO., LTD.	新鄉市神州防腐安裝 有限公司		(3,626)	(5,760)
Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		(428)	(53)
Henan Xinlianxin Chemical Group CO., LTD.	河南心連心化工集團 有限公司		(261)	(261)
Qingjin,Zhang	張慶金		(60)	(60)
Yunhua,Yan	閆蘊華		(25)	(25)
Anhui Xinlianxin Heavy Sealing CO., LTD.	安徽心連心重型封頭 有限公司		(18)	
Henan XLX JingmiFengtou CO., LTD.	河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司		(14)	(14)
Xinjiang AntaiShenzhouFengtou CO., LTD.	新彊安泰神州封頭 有限公司		(1)	(1)
			(81,166)	(12,239)

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24. BALANCES WITH RELATED COMPANIES/ SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

24. 與關連公司/附屬公司的結餘 (續)

				oup 耒團
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項			
Non-current:	非即期:			
Xinxiang Shenzhou Anti-corrosion Installation CO., LTD.	新鄉市神州防腐安裝 有限公司		_	(114)

			Company 本公司		
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項				
Current:	即期:				
Henan Hydrogenpower Energy CO., LTD.	河南氫力能源有限公司	(i∨)	12,399	97,873	
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd.	河南心連心化學工業 集團股份有限公司	(i∨)	6,437	_	
Henan Heli Energy CO., LTD.	河南禾力能源股份 有限公司		_	41,525	
			18,836	139,398	
Due to a subsidiary	應付一家附屬公司款項				
Current:	即期:				
Henan Xinzhilian Enterprise Management CO., LTD.	河南心智聯企業管理 有限公司		(1,886)	_	
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd.	河南心連心化學工業 集團股份有限公司		_	(16,850)	
			(1,886)	(16,850)	

24. BALANCES WITH RELATED COMPANIES/ SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

- (i) Balances represent the other payables for the capital contribution for the associate, JiujiangPengcheng Port Co., Ltd. from JiujiangXinlianxin.
- Balances represent the other payable for equipment and spare parts purchases from Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD.
 Further details are set out in Note 40(a)(ii).
- Balances represent the other payable for maintenance fees and anticorrosion expenses charged by Xinxiang Shenzhou Anti-corrosion Installation CO., LTD. Further details are set out in Note 40(a)(ii).
- Balances represent the investment receivables from Henan Hydrogenpower Energy CO., LTD.and Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd. as ended 31 December 2021.

The balances are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-free and the carrying amounts of these balances approximate their fair values.

25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED TIME DEPOSITS

24. 與關連公司/附屬公司的結餘 (續)

- (i) 結餘指九江心連心為聯營公司九江 彭誠港口有限公司出資的其他應付 款項。
- (ii) 自新鄉市心連心化工設備有限公司採購設備及零件的其他應付款項餘額。進一步詳情乃載於附註40(a)(ii)。
- (iii) 就新鄉市神州防腐安裝有限公司收 取的維護費和防腐費的其他應付款 項餘額。進一步詳情乃載於附註 40(a)(ii)。
- (iv) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日應收 河南氫力能源有限公司及河南心連 心化學工業集團股份有限公司投資 的餘額。

結餘為無抵押、按要求應付及免息且該等 結餘之賬面值與其公平值相若。

25. 現金及現金等價物以及已抵押 定期存款

		Group 本集團		
		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		893,116	682,041
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款			
Current	即期		743,845	706,035
Non-current	非即期		9,700	1,400
			1,646,661	1,389,476
Less: Pledged time deposits:	減:已抵押定期存款:			
Pledged time deposits for bills payable	就應付票據已抵押 的定期存款	27	(538,418)	(601,501)
Pledged time deposits for L/C and others	就信用證及其他 已抵押的 定期存款		(213,184)	(105,934)
Pledged time deposits for derivatives	就衍生工具 已抵押的 定期存款	22	(1,943)	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		893,116	682,041

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25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED TIME DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

25. 現金及現金等價物以及已抵押 定期存款(續)

			pany 公司
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances, representing the cash and cash equivalents	現金及銀行結餘,指現金 及現金等價物	7,634	18,976

At 31 December 2021, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB893,116,000 (2020: RMB682,041,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn interest at the respective short-term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,以人民 幣計值的本集團現金及銀行結餘達到人 民幣893,116,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 682,041,000元)。人民幣並不可自由兑換為 其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地的外匯管 制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本 集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務的銀行 將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行存款按日常銀行存款利率的浮動利率 賺取利息。短期定期存款介乎一日至三個 月之間的可變期間,視乎本集團即時的現 金需求而定,並按各自的短期定期存款利 率賺取利息。銀行結餘及已抵押存款乃存 放於信譽可靠兼無近期拖欠記錄的銀行。

26. TRADE PAYABLES

An aging analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

26. 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項於報告期末的賬齡分析(根 據發票日期)如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 month	1 個月以內	498,667	169,569
1 to 3 months	1至3個月	179,668	109,120
3 to 6 months	3至6個月	48,715	65,384
6 to 12 months	6至12個月	19,789	121,958
Over 12 months	12個月以上	27,584	42,947
		774,423	508,978

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 30 to 90 days. Trade payables are denominated in RMB.

27. BILLS PAYABLE

The Group's bills payable have an average maturity period of 180 days and are non-interest-bearing. Bills payable are denominated in RMB and are secured by time deposits of RMB538,418,000 (2020: RMB601,501,000) (Note 25).

貿易應付款項為免息及一般於30至90日內 清償。貿易應付款項以人民幣計值。

27. 應付票據

本集團的應付票據平均於180日內到期, 且為免息。應付票據以人民幣計值,並以 定期存款人民幣538,418,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣601,501,000元)抵押(附註25)。

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28. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

28. 應計費用及其他應付款項

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Current:	即期:			
Accruals	應計費用			
Accrued expenses	應計開支	334,981	246,808	
Accruals for construction costs and purchases of property, plant and equipment	建設費用及購買物業、廠房 及設備的應計費用	1,182,296	1,311,053	
		1,517,277	1,557,861	
Other payables	其他應付款項			
VAT and other operating tax payables	增值税及其他應付經營税項	17,088	11,064	
Tender deposits	投標按金	124,015	105,460	
Others	其他	156,904	172,903	
		298,007	289,427	
Total accruals and other payables (current)	應計費用及其他應付款項 總額(流動)	1,815,284	1,847,288	
Contract liabilities (Note 6)	合約負債(附註6)	1,079,227	818,149	
Non-current:	非即期:			
Other payables related to the construction of property, plant and equipment	建設物業、廠房及設備 之其他應付款項	549,896	89,117	

28. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED) 28. 應計費用及其他應付款項(續)

		Compan 本公司	у
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current:	即期:		
Accruals	應計費用		
Accrued expenses	應計開支	15,589	16,462

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of six months.

其他應付款項為免息,平均年期為六個 月。

29. 遞延補貼

29. DEFERRED GRANTS

		Group 本集團		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Cost:	成本:			
At 1 January	於一月一日	145,822	118,959	
Received during the year	年內收取	230	26,863	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	146,052	145,822	
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷:			
At 1 January	於一月一日	54,400	41,730	
Amortisation during the year	年內攤銷	10,152	12,670	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	64,552	54,400	
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值:			
Current	流動	9,619	9,317	
Non-current	非流動	71,881	82,105	
		81,500	91,422	

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29. DEFERRED GRANTS (CONTINUED)

30.

As at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, deferred grants related to government grants were given to the Group for the construction of production plants and installation and building of machinery to implement energy-saving production methods and to reduce production cost. They are amortised over the useful lives of the related items of property, plant and equipment. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants. During the year, aggregate government grants of RMB230,000 (2020: RMB26,863,000) were received by the Group.

LOANS FROM A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

29. 遞延補貼(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二零 年十二月三十一日,本集團獲授與政府 補貼有關的遞延補貼,以建設生產廠房以 及安裝及建設機器,目的為推行節約能源 生產方式及減低生產成本,並根據有關物 業、廠房及設備項目的可使用年期攤銷。 本集團並無與該等補貼有關的未履行條件 或或然事項。於年內,政府已向本集團授 予合共人民幣230,000元(二零二零年:人 民幣26,863,000元)的補貼。

30. 非控股權益貸款

		Grou 本集[-
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款	47,800	24,870
Less:	減:		
Current portion	即期部分	-	(24,870)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	47,800	-

In 2021 and 2020, the loans from a non-controlling interest are unsecured, with no interest bearing for current and non-current portion. As at 31 December 2020, according to the payment terms of the loan agreement between the parties, RMB24,870,000 was expected to be repaid within twelve months after the end of the reporting period and considered as current liability. The loan was fully paid during the year.

於二零二一年及二零二零年,即期部分及 非即期部分的非控股權益貸款為無抵押及 免息。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,根 據雙方訂立的貸款協議的支付條款,人民 幣24,870,000元預期於報告期間末後十二個 月內償還及被視作流動負債。貸款已於本 年度悉數償還。

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

31. 計息銀行及其他借款

			2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年		
Group	本集團	Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	RMB′000 人民幣千元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	流動						
Bank loans	銀行貸款						
– secured (b)	- 有抵押(b)	3%-4%	2022 二零二二年	389,365	4%	2021 二零二一年	283,214
– unsecured (a)	- 無抵押 (a)	3.00%-6.52%	2022 二零二二年	5,444,639	3.52%-6.52%	2021 二零二一年	3,527,013
Loans from leasing company/ finance lease payables (c)	租賃公司貸款/應支付 融資租賃 (c)	4.65%	2022 二零二二年	568,209	4.75%	2021 二零二一年	327,433
				6,402,213			4,137,660
Non-current	非流動						
Bank loans	銀行貸款						
– secured (b)	有抵押(b)	5.23%-6%	2023 to 2027 二零二三年至 二零二七年	543,500	6%	2022 to 2027 二零二二年至 二零二七年	540,000
– unsecured (a)	- 無抵押(a)	2.70%-6.20%	2023 to 2027 二零二三年至 二零二七年	3,948,243	3.88%-6.20%	2022 to 2026 二零二二年至 二零二六年	4,115,925
Loans from leasing company/ finance lease payables (c)	租賃公司貸款/應支付 融資租賃(c)	4.65%	2023 to 2024 二零二三年至 二零二四年	474,819	4.75%	2021 to 2023 二零二一年至 二零二三年	554,134
				4,966,562			5,210,059
				11,368,775			9,347,719

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31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

31. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

		Group 本集團	the second s	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Analysed into:	分析為:			
Bank loans repayable:	須償還銀行貸款:			
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求償還	5,834,004	3,810,227	
In the second year	第二年	2,080,704	2,101,962	
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年 (含)	2,241,039	2,298,963	
Beyond five years	五年後	170,000	255,000	
		10,325,747	8,466,152	
Loans from leasing company/finance lease payables	應付租賃公司貸款/ 融資租賃:			
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求償還	568,209	327,433	
In the second year	第二年	332,883	385,306	
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年	141.026	4 60 000	
	(含)	141,936	168,828	
		1,043,028	881,567	
		11,368,775	9,347,719	

31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) The Group's bank facilities amounting to RMB9,996,000,000 (2020: RMB11,534,288,000), of which RMB7,605,553,000 (2020: RMB6,322,332,000) had been utilised as at the end of the reporting period, are unsecured.
- (b) The Group's bank loans of RMB932,865,000 (2020: RMB823,214,000) are secured loans. Among of which, the current bank loans amounting to RMB36,000,000 and the non-current bank loans amounting to RMB54,000,000 are guaranteed by a related company and two third parties, Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD., Henan Shenzhou Precision Manufacturing Co.,Ltd, and Henan Shenleng New Energy Development CO.,LTD. The current bank loans amounting to RMB283,365,000 are secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's bill receivable amounting to RMB283,365,000. Besides, the current bank loan amounting to RMB60,000,000 and non-current bank loan amounting to RMB489,500,000 are guaranteed by property, plant and equipment of RMB925,867,000. The rest of loans with the amount of RMB10,000,000 are secured by juridical persons of one of the subsidies of the Group.
- (c) The loans from leasing company of RMB1,043,028,000 (2020: RMB881,567,000) are secured by certain of the Group's items of property, plant and equipment.
- (d) As at 31 December 2021, all the bank loans was denominated in RMB (2020: amounted to RMB137,450,000 was denominated in United States dollars ("USD").
 All remaining borrowings are denominated in RMB).

31. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

附註:

(d)

- (a) 本集團人民幣9,996,000,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣11,534,288,000元)的銀行融資 額,其中人民幣7,605,553,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣6,322,332,000元)於報告期末已 獲動用,乃無抵押。
- 本集團的銀行貸款人民幣932.865.000元 (b) (二零二零年:人民幣823,214,000元)為 有抵押貸款。其中,即期銀行貸款人民 幣36,000,000元及非即期銀行貸款人民幣 54,000,000元由一間關聯公司及兩名第三方 (即新鄉市心連心化工設備有限公司、河 南神州精工製造股份有限公司及河南深冷 新能源開發有限公司)提供擔保。即期銀 行貸款人民幣283,365,000元以本集團若干 應收票據人民幣283,365,000元作抵押。此 外,即期銀行貸款人民幣60,000,000元及 非即期貸款人民幣489.500.000元由人民幣 925,867,000元的物業、廠房及設備提供擔 保;其餘貸款人民幣10,000,000元由本集 團其中一家附屬公司的法人提供擔保。
- (c) 租賃公司貸款人民幣1,043,028,000元(二零 二零年:人民幣881,567,000元)由本集團 若干物業、廠房及設備項目作抵押。
 - 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,所有銀 行貸款以人民幣計值(二零二零年:人民 幣137,450,000元的貸款以美元([美元])計 值)。所有餘下借款均以人民幣計值。

			2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年			
Company	本公司	Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	RMB′000 人民幣千元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率	Maturity 到期日	RMB ^{'000} 人民幣千元	
Current	流動							
Bank loans	銀行貸款							
– unsecured	- 無抵押	-	-	-	LIBOR +1.40%	2021	137,450	

(a) No bank loans (2020: RMB137,450,000) are denominated in United
 (a) States dollars ("USD") as at the end of the reporting period.

概無銀行貸款(二零二零年:人民 幣137,450,000元)於報告期末以美 元(「美元」)計值。

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31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

31. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

A reconciliation of liabilities (excluding lease liabilities) arising from financing activities is as follows:

融資活動產生之負債(不包括租賃負債)之 對賬如下:

			Cash flows 現金流量 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non cash changes 非現金變動			
Group	本集團	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購 附屬公司 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Foreign exchange movement 匯兑變動 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款						
- current	-流動	24,870	(24,870)	-	-	-	-
- non-current	- 非流動	-	47,800	-	-	-	47,800
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款						
- current	-流動	4,137,660	681,504	-	(460)	1,583,509	6,402,213
- non-current	-非流動	5,210,059	1,283,871	-	-	(1,527,368)	4,966,562
Bonds payable	應付融資債券						
- current	-流動	-	-	-	-	198,222	198,222
- non-current	–非流動	489,892	-	-	-	(193,410)	296,482
Total	總計	9,862,481	1,988,305	-	(460)	60,953	11,911,279
31. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

31. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

				Non cash changes 非現金變動				
Group	本集團	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Cash flows 現金流量 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Acquisition of subsidiaries 收購 附屬公司 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Foreign exchange movement 匪兑變動 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款							
- current	-流動	25,000	(25,000)	-	-	24,870	24,870	
- non-current	–非流動	23,670	1,200	-	-	(24,870)	-	
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款							
- current	-流動	2,774,169	(136,781)	35,000	(32,924)	1,498,196	4,137,660	
- non-current	-非流動	3,739,087	2,902,712	20,173	-	(1,451,913)	5,210,059	
Bonds payable	應付融資債券							
– current	-流動	500,000	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	
- non-current	-非流動	388,697	97,000	-	-	4,195	489,892	
Total	總計	7,450,623	2,339,131	55,173	(32,924)	50,478	9,862,481	

The 'other' column relates to reclassification of non-current portion of loans and borrowings including obligations under finance leases due to passage of time, interest accretion on bonds payable and reclassification of finance lease payables to lease liabilities. 「其他」一列與因時間推移重新分類貸款及 借款(包括融資租賃承擔)之非流動部分應 付債券的利息增加及融資租賃應付款項重 分類為租賃負債有關。

PROVISION FOR REHABILITATION

32.

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Group 本集團 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於年初 24,723 24,276 At the beginning of year Additions 添置 619 447 於年末 25,342 24,723 At the end of year

32.

恢復撥備

A provision for rehabilitation is mainly recognised for the present value of estimated costs to be incurred in complying with the Group's obligations for the closure and environmental restoration and clean-up on completion of the Group's mining activities. These costs are expected to be incurred on mine closure, based on the estimated rehabilitation expenditures at the mine when the mining licence expires, and are discounted at a discount rate of 4.65% (2020: 4.90%) for the year ended 31 December 2021. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates. Over time, the discounted provision is increased for the change in the present value based on the discount rate that reflects current market assessments and risks specific to the provision. The periodic unwinding of the discount is recognised in profit or loss as part of interest expenses.

恢復撥備主要按照本集團於完成本集團採 礦活動時履行關閉及環境恢復和清理的義 務而產生的估計成本的現值確認。根據 許可證到期時礦山的估計恢復支出,該 等成本預計將在礦山關閉時產生,並按截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的折 現之(二零二零年:4.90%)折現。 假設的變動可能會對該等估計產生重大影 響。隨著時間的推移,折現撥備因基於反 映當前市場評估和該撥備特定風險的折現 率的現值變動而增加。定期展開折現於損 益中確認為利息開支的一部分。

33. BONDS PAYABLE

33. 應付債券

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Analysed into amount repayable:	分析為應付金額:		
Within one year	一年內	198,222	_
In the second year	於第二年	296,482	196,202
In the third year	於第三年	_	293,690
Current	即期	198,222	_
Non-Current	非即期	296,482	489,892
		494,704	489,892

33. BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The bonds of RMB200,000,000 and RMB200,000,000 issued in 2018 and 2020 have a maturity term of within five years and three years respectively, bear fixed interest rates of 6.98% and 5.70% per annum. In May 2020, the Group issued a bond of RMB100,000,000 with a maturity term of within 3 years and a fixed interest rate of 5.20%.

34. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

33. 應付債券(續)

於二零一八年及二零二零年發行的人民幣 200,000,000元及人民幣200,000元的債 券分別於五年及三年內到期,按固定年利 率6.98%及5.70%計息。於二零二零年五 月,本集團發行人民幣100,000,000元的債 券,到期年期為三年,按固定年利率5.20% 計息。

34. 遞延税項

本年度遞延税項負債及資產變動情況如 下:

Group 本集團		Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬 公司產生的 公平值調整 (Note a) (附註 a) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Withholding tax 預扣税項 (Note b) (附註 b) RMB′000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	24,707	28,008	52,715
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year (Note 11)	年內在損益賬計入的遞延税項 (附註11)	(3,404)	(7,991)	(11,395)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	8,823	_	8,823
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及於二零二一年一月一日	30,126	20,017	50,143
Deferred tax(credited)/charged to profit or loss during the year (Note 11)	年內在損益賬(計入)/扣除的 遞延税項(附註11)	(2,605)	20,982	18,377
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	27,521	40,999	68,520

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34. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

35. 遞延税項(續)

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

遞延税項資產

Group 本集團		Loss available for offsetting against future taxable profits 抵銷未來 可課税溢利之 未動用 税項虧損 (Note c) (附註c) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Deductible temporary differences 可扣税暫時差額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	33,656	60,204	93,860
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (Note 11) Acquisition of subsidiaries	年內在損益賬扣除的遞延税項 (附註11) 收購附屬公司	5,109	934 527	6,043
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及於二零二一年一月一日	38,765	61,665	100,430
Deferred tax (credited)/charged to profit or loss during the year (Note 11)	年內在損益賬(計入)/扣除的 遞延税項(附註11)	(4,414)	6,507	2,093
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	34,351	68,172	102,523

Notes:

附註:

- (a) Deferred tax liabilities arising from fair value adjustments upon acquisitions of subsidiaries represent the deferred tax liabilities on the fair value uplift of the net tangible assets owned by the subsidiaries, arising in 2011,2015, 2018 2020 and 2021. The deferred tax liabilities are amortised to the profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of related assets.
- (b) Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China for earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group made provision for deferred tax liabilities on withholding tax at 5% of the forecasted dividend payout of the earnings of all its PRC subsidiaries because the directors believe that the PRC subsidiaries would pay out all their earnings as dividends.
- (a) 收購附屬公司產生的公平值調整而產生的 遞延稅項負債指因二零一一年、二零一五 年、二零一八年、二零二零年及二零二一 年產生附屬公司所擁有有形資產淨值增加 的遞延税項負債。遞延税項負債乃以相關 資產估計使用年期損益攤銷。
- (b) 根據中國企業所得税法,就二零零七年 十二月三十一日後之收益在中國內地成立 的外商投資企業向海外投資者宣派的股息 會被徵收10%的預扣税項。倘中國內地與 海外投資者的司法權區訂有税務條約,則 較低的預扣税率可能會適用。本集團已按 其中國附屬公司的所有盈利的預測支派股 息的5%就遞延税項負債計提預扣税撥備, 因為董事認為中國附屬公司不會將其所有 盈利作為股息派發。

34. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Notes: (continued)

- (c) Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the tax losses amounted to RMB65,325,000 (2020: RMB40,207,000) as in the opinion of the directors, it is uncertain whether sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.
- (d) Unrecognised temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries

A deferred tax liability of RMB640,044,000 (2020: RMB177,104,000) that could arise upon the distribution of profit at certain subsidiaries has not been provided for as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 as the distributable profits is controlled and there is currently no intention for the profits to be remitted to Singapore.

35. SHARE CAPITAL

35. 遞延税項(續)

附註:(續)

- (c) 未確認税項虧損的遞延税項資產金額為人 民幣65,325,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 40,207,000元),同時亦不確定未來是否有 充足的可課税溢利用於抵消税項虧損。
- (d) 有關於附屬公司投資的未確認暫時性差額

由於可分派溢利受到控制且目前無意將溢 利匯入新加坡,故於二零二一年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日並未就於若干附屬公 司分派溢利可能產生之遞延税項負債人 民幣640,044,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 177,104,000元)作出撥備。

35. 股本

			Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目		ount 額
					2020
				二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020	RMB'000	RMB'000
		二零二一年	二零二零年	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足	1,171,621,000	1,171,621,000	1,194,686*	1,194,686*

* Equivalent to Singapore dollars ("SGD") 253,224,000 in 2021 and SGD 242,261,000 in 2020.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions. The ordinary shares have no par value.

二零二一年相等於253,224,000新加坡 元(「新加坡元」), 二零二零年相等於 242,261,000新加坡元。

普通股持有人有權享有本公司宣派的股 息,所有普通股均同股同權,普通股概無 面值。

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36. **RESERVES**

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

SPECIAL RESERVE

The special reserve refers to the safety fund accrued but not yet used for high-risk production.

STATUTORY RESERVE FUND

In accordance with the Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise Law applicable to the subsidiaries in the PRC, the subsidiaries are required to make appropriations to the Statutory Reserve Fund (the "SRF"). At least 10% of the after-tax profits as determined in accordance with the applicable PRC accounting standards and regulations must be allocated to the SRF until the cumulative total of the SRF reaches 50% of the subsidiaries' registered capital. Subject to approval from the relevant PRC authorities, the SRF may be used to offset any accumulated losses or increase the registered capital of the subsidiaries. The SRF is not available for dividend distribution to shareholders.

OTHER RESERVE

In 2021, other reserve mainly consist of acquisition of non-controlling interest shares of subsidiaries amounting to RMB40,116,000, capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries amounting to RMB12,794,000, employee benefits reserve with share-based payment expense amounting to RMB11,419,000, and waiver of the interests generated from loan from non-controlling interests amounting to RMB1,085,000.

Further details of the employee benefits reserve are included in Note 37 to these financial statements.

In 2020, other reserve mainly arises from capital contribution from noncontrolling shareholders of subsidiaries amounting to RMB41,260,000.

36. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備金額及 有關變動已於綜合權益變動表內呈列。

特別儲備

特別儲備指高風險生產所累計但尚未使用 的保障基金。

法定儲備金

根據適用於中國附屬公司的外商獨資企業 法,該等附屬公司須撥款至法定儲備金 (「法定儲備金」)。根據適用的中國會計準 則及法規所釐定的除税後溢利的至少10% 必須分配至法定儲備金,直至法定儲備金 的累計總額已達到該等附屬公司註冊資本 的50%。經相關中國機構批准後,法定儲 備金可用作抵銷任何累計虧損或增加該等 附屬公司的註冊資本。法定儲備金不可用 於向股東作出股息分派。

其他儲備

於二零二一年,其他儲備主要包括收購附 屬公司非控股權益股份人民幣40,116,000 元、附屬公司非控股股東的注資人民幣 12,794,000元、以股份支付的購股權開支 的僱員福利儲備人民幣11,419,000元及豁 免非控股權益借款所產生的利息人民幣 1,085,000元。

僱員福利儲備的進一步詳情載於本財務報 表附註37。

於二零二零年,其他儲備主要來自附屬公司非控股股東的注資人民幣41,260,000元。

37. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS RESERVE

This reserve represents share-based payment provided by the subsidiary, Henan Shenleng Energy CO., LTD to the employees of the Group. The reserve is contributed by the Restricted Stock Units (RSU)plan.

The following table summarises the share-based payment expense recognised in the Company's Statement of comprehensive income for the financial year:

37. 僱員福利儲備

該儲備為附屬公司河南心連心深冷能源股份有限公司向本集團員工提供的以股份 支付的購股權。該儲備由限制性股票單位 (RSU)計劃提供。

下表總結本財政年度本公司全面收入表中 確認的以股份支付的購股權:

		Group 本集團 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	-
Share-based payment expense during the year (Note 7)	於本年度以股份支付的購股權開支(附註7)	11,419
At 31 December 2021:	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	11,419

The RSUs is generally vest over two years and the employees must remain in service for a period of two years from the date of grant. 限制性股票單位通常於兩年內歸屬,僱員 必須自授予日期起繼續服務兩年。

The following tables summarises the number (No.) and weighted average grant-date fair value of and movements in, restricted stock units during the financial year:

下表總結本財政年度限制性股票單位的數 量及加權平均授予日期的公允價值及變 動:

MOVEMENTS DURING THE YEAR

年內變動

		2021
		二零二一年
		No.
		數量
At 1 January	於二零二一年	-
Granted during the year	年內授予	10,000,000
Outstanding at 31 December	尚未於十二月三十一日結清	10,000,000

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37. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS RESERVE (CONTINUED)

37. 僱員福利儲備(續)

WEIGHTED AVERAGE GRANT-DATE FAIR VALUE:

加權平均授予日期的公允價值:

		2021
		二零二一年
		RMB
		人民幣
At 1 January	於一月一日	-
Granted during the year	年內授予	2.25
Outstanding at 31 December	尚未於十二月三十一日結清	2.25

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

38 (A) INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The Group's investments in associates are summarised below:

38. 業務合併

38 (A) 於聯營公司投資

本集團於聯營公司投資概述如下:

			oup 集團
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
JiujiangPengcheng Port CO., LTD. ("Pengcheng")	九江彭誠港口有限公司 (「彭誠」)	91,094	89,656
Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD. ("Lingtong")	河南靈通心連心能源有限公司 (「靈通」)	4,549	4,755
		95,643	94,411

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

38 (A) INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

38. 業務合併(續)

38(A)於聯營公司投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company Principal activiti 本公司應佔股權百分比 主要業務			Principal activities 主要業務	
)21 二一年)20 二零年	
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
JiujiangPengcheng Port Co., LTD ("Pengcheng")*# 九江彭誠港口 有限公司(「彭誠」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB300,000,000 人民幣 300,000,000	-	30%	-	30%	cargo handling, storage 貨物裝卸及倉儲
Henan Lingtong Xinlianxin Energy CO., LTD. ("Lingtong") 河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司(「靈通」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB15,000,000 人民幣15,000,000	-	35%	-	35%	Gas operation, and oil retail 燃氣營運及石油 零售

Aggregate information about the Group's investments in associates that are not individually material are as follows:

有關本集團於聯營公司投資(非個別重大) 的總體資料如下:

		Gro 本集	· ·
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total comprehensive income net of tax	全面收益總額扣除税額	1,232	582

The summarised financial information in respect of Lingtong and Pengcheng, based on its IFRS financial statements and a reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investments in the consolidated financial statements are as follows: 根據其國際財務報告準則的財務報表以及 與綜合財務報表中投資賬面值的對賬,有 關靈通及彭誠的財務資料概要如下:

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38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

38. 業務合併(續)

38 (A) INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

38(A) 於聯營公司投資(續)

財務狀況表概要

Lingtong	靈通	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Inventories	存貨	277
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	207
Other receivables	其他應收款項	26
Other current assets	其他流動資產	121
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12,944
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(497)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(81)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計量的可識別凈資產總額	12,997
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權的比率	35%
Group's share of net assets	本集團應佔凈資產	4,549

Pengcheng	彭誠	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	32,282
Other current assets	其他流動資產	201,723
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	475,621
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(30,945)
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	(375,034)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計量的可識別凈資產總額	303,647
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團擁有權的比率	30%
Group's share of net assets	本集團應佔凈資產	91,094

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

38. 業務合併(續)

38 (B) MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

38 (B) 重大非控股權益

本集團擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司詳 情載列如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests:	非控股權益持有的股權比例:		
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd	河南心連心化學工業集團股份 有限公司	76.31%	76.31%

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit/(loss) for the year allocated to non-controlling interests:	分配予非控股權益的 年內溢利/(虧損):		
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd	河南心連心化學工業集團股份 有限公司	68,274	65,759
Capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	附屬公司非控股股東的注資	42,206	_
Acquisition of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司的非控股權益	(56,217)	_
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	支付予非控股權益的股息	(39,367)	(16,882)
Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the reporting date:	報告日期非控股權益的 累計餘額:		
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd	河南心連心化學工業集團股份 有限公司	298,650	283,754

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BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED) 38.

業務合併(續) 38.

38 (B) MATERIAL PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiaries. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

38(B) 重大非控股權益(續)

下表列示了上述附屬公司的匯總財務資 料。披露的金額乃於進行公司間抵銷前之 金額:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Summarised statement of profit or loss:	損益表概要:	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約的收入	15,316,723	9,560,706
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(10,699,524)	(7,182,847)
Gross profit	毛利	4,617,199	2,377,859
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	2,001,759	567,733
Income tax	所得税	(378,326)	(78,733)
Profit for the year from continuing operations	持續經營產生的年度溢利	1,623,433	489,000
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	1,623,433	489,000
Attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔	68,274	65,759
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	支付予非控股權益的股息	172,489	417,838

Summarised statement of financial position:	財務狀況表概要:	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Inventories and cash and bank balances (Current)	存貨、現金及銀行結餘(流動)	3,037,116	2,194,360
Property, plant and equipment and other non-current assets	物業、廠房及設備及其他 非流動資產	21,107,444	17,602,536
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(4,403,172)	(4,095,722)
Interest-bearing loans and borrowing and deferred tax liabilities	計息銀行及其他借款及遞延所 得税負債	(12,475,275)	(9,816,250)
Total equity	總權益	7,266,113	5,884,924
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:		
Equity holders of parent	母公司權益持有人	6,967,464	5,601,170
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	298,649	283,754

39. COMMITMENTS

39. 承擔

The Group had the following capital and other commitments at the end of the reporting period:

本集團於報告期末擁有以下資本及其他承 擔:

		Group 本集團	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital commitments	資本承擔		
Contracted, but not provided for:	已訂約但未撥備:		
Buildings	樓宇	351,694	1,083,528
Plant and machinery	廠房及機器	1,085,455	2,536,334
Coal mines	煤礦	165,610	12,727
		1,602,759	3,632,589
Other commitments	其他承擔		
Purchases of raw materials	購買原材料	550,618	833,238

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

40. 關連方交易

- (a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:
- (a) 除了在此等財務報表其他部分載述的交易外,本集團於年內與關連方進行下列交易:

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of electricity, water and steam to: *	向以下公司銷售水電及蒸汽*			
– Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	– 河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		45	49
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. #	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		9	350
– Henan XinlianxinJingmiFengtou CO., LTD. [#]	- 河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司*	(i)	_	562
			54	961
Sales of goods and raw material to:	向以下公司銷售商品及 原材料:			
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		162	4,005
– Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	- 河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		125	1,332
– Henan XinlianxinJingmiFengtou CO., LTD. [#]	- 河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司*		_	12
			287	5,349
Purchases of equipment and service fee expenses from:	向以下公司購買設備 及服務費支出:	(ii)		
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		30,778	79,367
– Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	- 河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		14,360	-
– Xinxiang Shenzhou Anti-corrosion Installation CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市神州防腐安裝 有限公司*		7,453	12,440
			52,591	91,807
Purchase of goods or raw materials from:	向以下公司購買購買商品或 原材料:	(iii)		
– Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD.	- 河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司		1,713	7,645
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		61	4,216
			1,774	11,861
Operating lease income from:	來自以下公司經營租賃收入:			
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		-	56
– Henan XinlianxinJingmiFengtou CO., LTD *	- 河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司*		-	21
			-	77

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

40. 關連方交易(續)

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating lease income from:	來自以下公司經營租賃收入:			
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment Co., Ltd [#]	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		210	-
Service income from:	來自以下公司的服務 收入:	(i∨)		
– Anhui XinlianxinFengtou CO., LTD #	- 安徽心連心封頭有限公司*		34	-
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		19	9
– Henan XinlianxinJingmiFengtou Co Ltd #	- 河南心連心精密封頭 有限公司*		19	9
– Henan Xinlianxin Chemical Group CO., LTD. #	- 河南心連心化工集團 有限公司*		19	9
			91	27
Loan guarantee from:	來自以下公司的貸款擔保:			
– Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. *	- 新鄉市心連心化工設備 有限公司*		10,000	10,000

* These companies are subsidiaries of Henan Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD., which has common shareholders with the Company. The Company's executive directors and executive officers have certain equity interests in Henan Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD.

* The amounts represent gross sales of by-products.

Notes:

- 該等公司為河南化工設備有限公司的附屬 公司,河南化工的股東與本公司的股東相 同。本公司的執行董事及行政人員於河南 化工設備有限公司擁有若干股權。
- 該等金額代表副產品的銷售總額。

附註:

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(j)

- (i) The sales of electricity were made according to the unit cost of electricity announced by the Henan Province Development and Reform Committee (河南 省發展和改革委員會). The sales of water and steam were made according to mutually agreed terms with reference to the sales contract between the parties.
- (ii) The purchases of property, plant and equipment were charged based on the mutually agreed terms with reference to the sales contract between the parties. The service fee expenses were the maintenance costs, which were charged by Xinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. and Xinxiang Shenzhou Anticorrosion Installation CO., LTD. respectively.
- (iii) The purchases of goods and raw materials were charged by Henan LingtongXinlianxin Energy CO., LTD. andXinxiang Xinlianxin Chemicals Equipment CO., LTD. from which the group purchased fuel oil, spare parts and gas respectively.
- (iv) The service income represents brandroyalty paid by related parties.

- 銷售電力乃根據河南省發展和改革委員會 公佈的電力單位成本作出。銷售用水及蒸 汽乃根據銷售合約項下雙方彼此協定之條 款作出。
- (ii) 購買物業、廠房及設備乃根據銷售合約項
 下雙方彼此協定之條款收取。服務費支出
 為維護費用,分別由新鄉市心連心化工設
 備有限公司及新鄉市神州防腐安裝有限公
 司收取。
- (iii) 採購商品和原材料由河南靈通心連心能源 有限公司及新鄉市心連心化工設備有限公 司收取,本集團向其購買燃料油、零配件 及蒸汽。

(iv) 服務收入指關聯方支付的品牌使用費。

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40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

All the related party transactions above constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

(b) Compensation of directors and key management personnel of the Group:

40. 關連方交易(續)

上文的所有關連方交易構成香港聯合交易 所有限公司證券上市規則第十四A章所界 定的持續關連交易或關連交易。

(b) 本集團董事及主要管理人員的薪 酬:

		Grc 本复	
		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Directors' fees	董事袍金	1,050	1,050
Salaries and bonuses	薪金及花紅	32,025	16,174
Contributions to defined contribution plans	定期供款計劃的已供款部分	133	128
		33,208	17,352

Further details of the directors' remuneration are included in Note 9 to these financial statements.

董事酬金的進一步詳情載於此等財務報表 附註9。 The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments the end of the reporting period are as follows:

FINANCIAL ASSETS

41. 按分類列示的金融工具

金融資產

於報告期末,各類金融工具的賬面值如 下:

				IFRS 9 measuren 國際財務報告準則 202	第9號計量類別	
				二零二	一年 Fair value	
Group 本集團		Notes 附註	Fair value through profit or loss 按公平值計入損益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amortised cost 攤銷成本 RMB′000 人民幣千元	through other comprehensive income 按公平值計入 其他全面收益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的 股權投資	19	19,784	-	-	19,784
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及 應收票據	23	663,027	341,551	-	1,004,578
Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables	計入按金及其他應收 款項的金融資產	20	-	67,386	-	67,386
Due from related companies	應收關連公司款項	24	-	8,890	-	8,890
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	25	-	753,545	-	753,545
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	-	893,116	-	893,116
			682,811	2,064,488	_	2,747,299

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41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

41. 按分類列示的金融工具(續)

IFRS 9 measurement category 國際財務報告準則第9號計量類別

				2020 二零二零年			
Group 本集團		Notes 附註	Fair value through profit or loss 按公平值計入損益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amortised cost 攤銷成本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value through other comprehensive income 按公平值計入 其他全面收益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的 股權投資	19	22,800	_	_	22,800	
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及 應收票據	23	539,360	204,032	_	743,392	
Financial assets included in deposits and other receivables	計入按金及其他應收 款項的金融資產	20	_	156,063	_	156,063	
Due from related companies	應收關連公司款項	24	-	1,804	-	1,804	
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	25	-	707,435	-	707,435	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	-	682,041	-	682,041	
			562,160	1,751,375	_	2,313,535	

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

金融負債

Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債 2020 二零二零年 二零二一年 RMB'000 Group RMB'000 Notes 本集團 附註 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 貿易應付款項 Trade payables 26 774,423 508,978 Bills payable 應付票據 27 850,474 1,110,814 Financial liabilities included in accruals and 計入應計費用及其他 other payables 應付款項的金融負債 28 2,348,092 1,925,341 Due to related companies 應付關連公司款項 24 81,166 12,239 Loans from a non-controlling interest 非控股權益貸款 30 47,800 24.870 Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 計息銀行及其他借款 31 11,368,775 9,347,719 Bonds payable 應付債券 33 494,704 489,892 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 15 23,258 72,541 15,988,692 13,492,394

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

41. 按分類列示的金融工具(續)

FINANCIAL ASSETS

金融資產

			IFRS 9 國際財務		
Company 本公司		Notes 附註	Amortised cost 攤銷成本 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Fair value through profit or loss 按公平值計入 損益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Equity investments	股權投資	19	_	13,076	13,076
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	24	18,836	_	18,836
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	7,634	-	7,634
			26,470	13,076	39,546

			IFRS 國際財務		
				Fair value through profit or loss	
			Amortised cost 攤銷成本	按公平值計入 損益	Total 總計
Company 本公司		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Equity investments	股權投資	19	-	16,092	16,092
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	24	139,398	-	139,398
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	25	18,976	_	18,976
			158,374	16,092	174,466

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41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

41. 按分類列示的金融工具(續)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

金融負債

			Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債	
			2021	2020
Company 本公司		Notes 附註	二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial liabilities included in accruals and other payables	計入應計費用及其他 應付款項的金融負債	28	15,589	16,462
Due to a subsidiary	應付一家附屬公司款項	24	1,886	16,850
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	31	_	137,450
			17,475	170,762

42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHIES

The Group categorises fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that is dependent on the valuation inputs used as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date,
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

42. 資產及負債的公平值

公平值層級

本集團採用公平值層級對公平值計量進行 分類,該層級取決於如下使用的估值輸 入:

- 第一級 本集團在計量日可以獲得的 相同資產或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整),
- 第二級 第一級所包括報價以外的資 產或負債之輸入數據,可直 接或間接觀察,及
- 第三級 資產或負債的不可觀察輸入 數據。

42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

The following table shows an analysis of each class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period:

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

按公平值計量的資產及負債

下表截列於報告期末按公平值計量的各級 資產及負債分析:

		Group 本集團 2021 二零二一年 Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period using 採用以下層級於報告期末的公平值計量				
		Quoted prices in active markets Significant for identical observable inputs Significant instruments other than quoted un-observable (Level 1) prices (Level 2) inputs 相同工具於活躍 報價以外重要 (Level 3) 市場的報價 可觀察輸入數據 重要不可觀察輸 Tor (第一級) (第二級) 入數據(第三級) 總 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元				
Assets measured at fair value	按公平值計量的資產					
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Equity investments	股權投資	13,076	-	6,708	19,784	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	28	-	28	
Bills receivable	應收票據	-	663,027	_	663,027	
Financial assets as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的金融資產	13,076	663,055	6,708	682,839	

		Group 本集團 2020 二零二零年 Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period using 採用以下層級於報告期末的公平值計量				
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1) 相同工具於活躍 市場的報價 (第一級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant observable inputs other than quoted prices (Level 2) 報價以外重要 可觀察輸入數據 (第二級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant un-observable inputs (Level 3) 重要不可觀察輸 入數據(第三級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Assets measured at fair value	按公平值計量的資產					
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Equity investments	股權投資	16,092	_	6,708	22,800	
Bills receivable	應收票據	-	539,360	_	539,360	
Financial assets as at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的金融資產	16,092	539,360	6,708	562,160	

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42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED) 按公平值計量的資產及負債(續)

		Company 本公司 2021 二零二一年 Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period using 採用以下層級於報告期末的公平值計量				
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1) 相同工具於活躍 市場的報價 (第一級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant observable inputs other than quoted prices (Level 2) 報價以外重要 可觀察輸入數據 (第二級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant un-observable inputs (Level 3) 重要不可觀察輸 入數據(第三級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元	
Assets measured at fair value	按公平值計量的資產					
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Equity investments	股權投資	13,076	-	-	13,076	
Financial assets as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的金融資產	13,076	_	_	13,076	

		Company 本公司 2020 二零二零年 Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period using 採用以下層級於報告期末的公平值計量				
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1) 相同工具於活躍 市場的報價 (第一級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant observable inputs other than quoted prices (Level 2) 報價以外重要 可觀察輸入數據 (第二級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant un-observable inputs (Level 3) 重要不可觀察輸 入數據(第三級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Assets measured at fair value	按公平值計量的資產					
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Equity investments	股權投資	16,092	-	_	16,092	
Financial assets as at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的金融資產	16,092	_	_	16,092	

42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LEVEL 2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following is a description of the valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement for assets and liabilities that are categorised within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy:

BILLS RECEIVABLE

The fair value of bills receivable is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at market incremental lending rate at the end of the reporting period.

DERIVATIVE

Foreign currency swap and future are valued using a valuation technique with market observable inputs. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing and swap model, using present value calculation. The model incorporates various inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, foreign exchange spot and forward rates and forward rate curve.

LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(I) INFORMATION ABOUT SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS USED IN LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Unquoted equity investment

The fair value of the unquoted equity investment designated at fair value through profit or loss has been estimated using a market-based valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The valuation requires the directors to determine comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, leverage and strategy, and calculates an appropriate price multiple, such as enterprise value to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ("EV/EBITDA") multiple, price to earnings ("P/E") multiple and price to net book value ("P/B") multiple, for each comparable company identified. The multiple is calculated by dividing the enterprise value of the comparable company by an earnings measure. The trading multiple is then discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and size differences between the comparable companies based on company-specific facts and circumstances. The discount for lack of marketability is applied to the corresponding earnings measure of the unquoted equity investment to measure the fair value.

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

第二級公平值計量

以下是公平值計量所使用估值技術和輸入 數據的描述,用作分類於公平值層級第二 級的資產及負債:

應收票據

應收票據的公平值通過於報告期末以市場 增量貸款利率折現預期未來現金流量來估 計。

衍生工具

外匯掉期及期貨使用具有市場可觀察輸入 數據的估值技術進行估值。最常用的估值 技術包括使用現值計算的遠期定價與掉期 模型。該模型納入不同輸入數據,包括交 易對手的信用質素、外匯現貨、遠期匯率 及遠期匯率曲線。

第三級公平值計量

(I) 第三級公平值計量中所使用重要不可觀察輸入數據的相關資料

非上市股權投資

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42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(I) INFORMATION ABOUT SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS USED IN LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Unquoted equity investment (continued)

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial instruments together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 31 December 2021:

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

第三級公平值計量(續)

(I) 第三級公平值計量中所使用重要不可觀察輸入數據的相關資料(續)

非上市股權投資(續)

下文乃於二零二一年十二月三十一日金融 工具估值的重大不可觀察輸入數據概要連 同可定量的敏感度分析:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Range 範圍	Sensitivity of fair value to the input 公平值對輸入數據的敏感度
Unquoted equity investment at fair value through profit or loss) 按公平值計入損益的未上市 股權投資	Valuation multiples 估值倍數	Average P/B multiple of peers 同行的平均 市賬率倍數	2021:1.2 (2020:1.25) 二零二一年:1.2 (二零二零年:1.25)	5% (2020: 5%) increase in multiple would result in increase in fair value by RMB306,000 (2020: RMB306,000) 倍數增加5% (二零二零年: 5%), 將導致公平值增加人民幣 306,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣 306,000元)
		Discount for lack of marketability 缺乏適銷性的貼現	2021:20% (2020:20%) 二零二一年:20% (二零二零年:20%)	5% (2020: 5%) increase in discount would result in decrease in fair value by RMB76,000 (2020: RMB76,000) 貼現增增加5% (二零二零年: 5%), 將導致公平值減少人民幣76,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣76,000元)

(II) VALUATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

It is the Group's policy to engage external valuation expert to perform valuation of unquoted equity securities. The management is responsible for selecting and engaging valuation experts that possess the relevant credentials and knowledge on the subject of valuation, valuation methodologies, and IFRS 13 fair value measurement guidance.

Management reviews the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies and assumptions adopted, and the reliability of the inputs used in the valuations.

There has been no transfer from Level 1 and Level 2 to Level 3 for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

(II) 估值政策及程序

本集團的政策是聘請外部估值專家對未報 價的股本證券進行估值。管理層負責選擇 及聘用在評估標的、評估方法及國際財務 報告準則第13號「公平值計量指引」方面 具有相關證書與知識的評估專家。

管理層檢討所採用的估值方法及假設的適 當性,以及估值所用輸入數據的可靠性。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十 一日止財政年度,第一級與第二級並無轉 移至第三級。

42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS NOT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE AND WHOSE CARRYING AMOUNTS ARE REASONABLE APPROXIMATION OF FAIR VALUE

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged time deposits, trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, amounts due from/to related companies, trade and bills payables, loans from a non-controlling interest and financial liabilities included in accruals and other payables approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's corporate finance team headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The corporate finance team reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the corporate finance team analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amounts at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The carrying amounts of financial liabilities approximate to their fair values. The fair value of the non-current portion of accruals and other payables, loans from a non-controlling interest, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and bonds payable have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The Group's own non-performance risk for non-current accruals and other payables, loans from a non-controlling interest, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and bonds payable as at 31 December 2021 was assessed to be insignificant.

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

並非按公平值計量且其賬面值合理地接 近公平值的金融工具的公平值

經管理層評估,現金及現金等價物、已抵 押定期存款、貿易應收款項及應收票據、 按金及其他應收款項、應收/應付關連公 司款項、貿易應付款項及應付票據、非控 股權益貸款、計入應計費用及其他應付款 項之金融負債之公平值與其賬面值相若, 主要是其到期時間短使然。

本集團的企業融資部乃由財務經理領導, 負責釐定計量金融工具之公平值的政策及 程序。企業融資部直接向首席財務管及審 核委員會匯報。於各申報日期,企業融資 部分析金融工具的價值變動並釐定適用於 估值的主要計算因素。估值由首席財務官 審閱及批准,且就中期及年度財務申報而 言,估值過程及結果由審核委員會每年討 論兩次。

金融資產及負債的公平值以該工具於自願 交易方(而非強迫或清盤)當前交易下的可 交易金額入賬。下列方法及假設乃用於估 算公平值:

金融負債之賬面值接近其公平值。其他非 即期累計及應付款項部份、非控股權益貸 款、計息銀行及其他借款及應付融資債券 的公平值乃透過現時工具按類似條款所得 的利率、信貸風險及餘下到期日折現預期 未來現金流量而計算。於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本集團其他非即期累計及應 付款項、非控股權益貸款、計息銀行及其 他借款及應付融資債券的不履約風險被評 估為不重大。

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42. FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LIABILITY MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE:

The Group had no financial liability measured at fair value as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the chief financial officer and finance manager.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

(A) CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. For other financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents, pledged time deposits, available-for-sale investments, amounts due from related companies, bills receivables and deposits and other receivables, the Group minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group's objective is to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that the majority of customers who wish to trade are required to pay cash on delivery or in advance before collecting any goods. A minority of customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

42. 資產及負債的公平值(續)

按公平值計量的負債:

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無按公平值計量的金融負 債。

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策

本集團面對其經營及使用金融工具所產生 的財務風險。主要財務風險包括信貸風 險、流動資金風險、利率風險及外幣風 險。董事會檢討及協定管理該等風險的政 策及程序,而該等政策及程序乃由首席財 務官及財務經理執行。

下節提供有關本集團所面對上述財務風險 以及管理該等風險的目標、政策及程序的 詳情。

(A) 信貸風險

信貸風險為倘對手方不履行其責任時尚未 清償的金融工具可能產生的虧損風險。本 集團面對的信貸風險主要來自貿易及其他 應收款項。就現金及現金等價物有抵押定 期存款、可供出售投資、應收關連公司款 項、應收票據及按金和其他應收款項等其 他金融資產而言,本集團透過僅與信貸評 級高的對手方買賣以減低信貸風險。

本集團的目標為於尋求持續收入增長的同 時,減低信貸風險增加所產生的虧損。 本集團僅與獲認可兼信譽良好的第三方交 易。根據本集團的政策,大部分擬交易的 客戶必須於交付時支付現金或於收取任何 貨品前進行預付。少數擬按信貸條款進行 交易的客戶則必須通過信貸核實程序。此 壞賬風險並不重大。

本集團會在初步確認資產時考慮違約概 率,以及於各報告期內信貸風險是否持續 大幅增加。

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(A) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

The Group has determined the default event on a financial asset to be when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments, within 90 days when they fall due, which are derived based on the Group's historical information.

The Group considers "low risk" to be an investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency for those investments with credit rating. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The Group considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information which includes the following indicators:

- Internal credit rating
- External credit rating
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations
- Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower
- Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower
- Significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 90 days past due in making contractual payment.

The Group determined that its financial assets are credit-impaired when:

- There is significant difficulty of the issuer or the borrower
- A breach of contract, such as default or past due event
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- There is a disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulty

- 43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)
- (A) 信貸風險(續)

當交易對手未能在到期日後90天內支付合約款項(該事項乃根據本集團的歷史資料得出),本集團將確定金融資產的違約事件。

本集團將「低風險」視為至少一家主要評級 機構的投資級信用評級,用於該等具有信 用評級的投資。為評估信貸風險是否顯著 增加,本公司將於報告日期資產發生的違 約風險與初始確認日期的違約風險進行比 較。本集團已審閱可獲得的合理且支持性 的前瞻性資料,包括以下指標:

- 內部信用評級
- 外部信用評級
- 預計會導致借款人履行其義務能力
 發生重大變動的業務、財務或經濟
 狀況的實際或預期重大不利變動
- 借款人經營業績的實際或預期重大 變動
- 同一借款人的其他金融工具的信貸 風險大幅增加
- 借款人的預期業績及行為發生重大
 變動,包括借款人於本集團付款狀
 態的變動,以及借款人經營業績的
 變動。

無論上述分析如何,如果債務人的合約付 款逾期超過90天,則推定信貸風險大幅增 加。

在下列情況下,本集團確定其金融資產存 在信用減值:

- 發行人或借款人存在重大困難
- 違反合約,例如違約或逾期事件
- 借款人很可能破產或進行其他財務 重組
- 由於財務困難,該金融資產的活躍 市場消失

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43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(A) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

The Group categorises a loan or receivable for potential write-off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments more than 360 days past due. Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where loans and receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's debt instrument at fair value through profit or loss comprised solely of bills receivable that are graded in the top investment category by A and, therefore, are considered at low credit risk.

The Group provides for lifetime expected credit losses for all trade and other receivables using a provision matrix. The provision rates are determined based on the Group's historical observed default rates analysed in accordance to days past due by grouping of customers based on customer type. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information such as GDP growth and central bank base rates.

The information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade and other receivables using provision matrix and the loss allowance movement of trade and other receivables are disclosed in Note 23.

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

(A) 信貸風險(續)

當債務人逾期360天而未能支付合約款項 時,本集團將貸款或應收款項分類為潛在 撇銷。當沒有合理的收回預期(例如債務 人未能與本集團訂立還款計劃)時,金融 資產會被註銷。如果貸款與應收款項已被 撇銷,本公司將繼續進行強制活動,以試 圖收回逾期應收款項。如果收回款項,則 在損益中確認。

本集團按公平值計入損益的債務工具僅由 應收票據組成,其獲最高投資類別的評級 A,因此被視為低信貸風險。

本集團使用撥備矩陣為所有貿易及其他應 收款項提供終身預期信貸虧損。撥備率 乃基於本集團根據以客戶類型為依據的客 戶分組逾期天數分析的歷史觀察違約率釐 定。預期信貸虧損還包括前瞻性資料,如 GDP增長及央行基準利率。

有關本集團使用撥備矩陣的貿易及其他應 收款項的信貸風險資料,以及貿易應收款 項及其他應收款項的虧損撥備變動於附註 23披露。

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(A) CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

EXPOSURE TO CREDIT RISK

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position.

CREDIT RISK CONCENTRATION PROFILE

The Group assesses concentration of credit risk by monitoring on an ongoing basis the aged analysis of its trade receivables. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group. At 31 December 2021, the Group's trade receivables of RMB30,289,000 (2020: RMB42,184,000) were due from its 10 largest customers.

(B) LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of stand-by credit facilities.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

(A) 信貸風險(續)

面對的信貸風險

於報告期末,本集團的最高信貸風險乃指 各金融資產類別於財務狀況表內所確認的 賬面值。

信貸風險集中概況

本集團透過持續監察其貿易應收款項各個 產品類別的賬齡分析評估信貸風險的集 中程度。本集團並無存在重大信貸風險集 中。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團貿易應收款項人民幣30,289,000元(二零 二零年:人民幣42,184,000元)為應收十大 客戶的款項。

(B) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險為本集團因資金短缺而難以 履行財務責任的風險。本集團面對的流動 資金風險主要來自金融資產及負債到期時 間的錯配。本集團的目標為透過使用備用 信貸融通維持資金持續性與靈活性之間的 平衡。

本集團監察並維持管理層認為充裕的現金 及現金等價物水平,以撥支本集團的營運 及減低現金流量波動的影響。

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43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(B) LIQUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payment, is as follows:

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

(B) 流動資金風險(續)

根據合約性非折現付款,本集團金融負債 於報告期末的到期概況如下:

		Within 1 year or on				
		demand	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		1年內或按要求償還	1至3年	3至5年	5年以上	總計
Group 本集團		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB′000 人民幣千元
平东团 31 December 2021		人氏帝十ル	人氏帝十九	人氏带十儿	人氏帝十九	人氏帝十九
	二零二一年十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	774,423		-	-	774,423
Bills payable	應付票據	850,474	-	-	-	850,474
Financial liabilities included in accruals and	計入應計費用及其他應付款項的					
other payables	金融負債	1,815,284	549,896	-	-	2,365,180
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	81,166	-	-	-	81,166
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款	-	47,800	-	-	47,800
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	6,402,213	2,413,587	2,382,975	170,000	11,368,775
Bonds payable	應付債券	228,748	302,713	-	-	531,461
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,871	3,883	8,279	15,724	31,757
		10,156,179	3,317,879	2,391,254	185,724	16,051,036
31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	508,978	-	-	-	508,978
Bills payable	應付票據	1,110,814	-	-	-	1,110,814
Financial liabilities included in accruals and	計入應計費用及其他應付款項的					
other payables	金融負債	1,847,288	89,117	-	-	1,936,405
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	12,353	-	-	-	12,353
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款	24,870	-	-	-	24,870
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	4,515,565	2,717,454	2,725,803	272,493	10,231,315
Bonds payable	應付債券	30,560	228,748	302,713	-	562,021
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	48,094	2,842	8,851	29,427	89,214
		8,098,522	3,038,161	3,037,367	301,920	14,475,970

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 43. POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(B) LIOUIDITY RISK (CONTINUED)

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payment, is as follows:

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續) (B)

3 to 5 years

3至5年

RMB'000

根據合約性非折現付款,本公司金融負債 於報告期末的到期概況如下:

Over 5 years

5年以上

RMB'000

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Total

總計

RMB'000

15,589

16,462

138,054

154,516

人民幣千元

本公司 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 二零二一年十二月三十一日 31 December 2021 Financial liabilities included in accruals and 計入應計費用及其他應付款項的 金融負債 15,589 other payables 二零二零年十二月三十一日 31 December 2020 Financial liabilities included in accruals and 計入應計費用及其他應付款項的 other pavables 金融負債 16.462 Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 計息銀行及其他借款 138,054

Within 1 year or on demand

1年內或按要求償還

RMB'000

154,516

1 to 3 years

1至3年

RMB'000

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(C) **INTEREST RATE RISK**

Company

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily from its loans and borrowings subject to a floating interest rate.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS FOR INTEREST RATE RISK

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

(C) 利率風險

利率風險為本集團金融工具的公平值或未 來現金流量因市場利率變動而出現波動的 風險。本集團所面對的市場利率變動風險 主要來自其浮動利率貸款及借款。

利率風險敏感度分析

定息工具的公平值敏感度分析

本集團不會就定息金融資產及負債透過損 益按公平值入賬。因此,利率於申報日期 的變動並不影響損益。

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43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(C) INTEREST RATE RISK (CONTINUED)

CASH FLOW SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS FOR VARIABLE RATE INSTRUMENTS

For variable rate financial assets and liabilities, the Group has determined the carrying amounts of cash and short-term deposits based on their notional amounts, which reasonably approximate to their fair values because these are mostly short-term in nature or are repriced frequently. For interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would (decrease)/increase profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

(C) 利率風險(續)

浮息工具的現金流量敏感度分析

就浮息金融資產及負債而言,本集團已釐 定現金及短期存款按名義金額得出的賬面 值與其公平值合理地相若,因其大部分在 本質上屬於短期或經常重新訂價。就計息 銀行及其他借款而言,利率於申報日期的 變動將按下文所示的金額(減少)/增加損 益。此分析乃假設所有其他可變因素,尤 其是外幣匯率保持不變。

Group 本集團		Increase in basis points 基點增加	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest expense	利息開支			
RMB	人民幣	10	(237)	(196)
USD	美元	10	-	(1)
Interest income	利息收入			
RMB	人民幣	10	14	13

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(D) FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group holds cash and cash equivalents and interest-bearing bank borrowings denominated in foreign currencies for working capital purposes. At the end of the reporting period, these foreign currency net assets/(liabilities) (mainly in SGD, USD, HKDand EUR) are as follows:

43. 財政風險管理目標及政策(續)

(D) 外匯風險

本集團持有以外幣計值的現金及現金等價 物和計息銀行借款作營運資金用途。於報 告期末,該等以外幣結算的淨資產/(負 債)(主要為新加坡元、美元、港元及歐 元)如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Group		RMB'000	RMB'000
本集團		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
SGD	新加坡元	172	173
USD	美元	30,461	(96,739)
HKD	港元	989	1,034
EUR	歐元	120	321
		31,742	(95,211)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the EUR, SGD, USD, and HKD exchange rates (against RMB), with all other variables held constant, on the Group's profit, net of tax and equity.

下表顯示在所有其他可變因素保持不變 下,本集團溢利(已扣除税項及權益)對歐 元、新加坡元、美元及港元(兑人民幣)的 匯率的合理可能變動的敏感度。

Group 本集團		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
EUR - strengthened 5% (2020: 5%) 歐元 - 轉強 5% (二零二零年:	5%)	6	16
	5%)	(6)	(16)
	5%)	9	9
	5%)	(9)	(9)
USD - strengthened 2% (2020: 2%) 美元 - 轉強 2% (二零二零年:	2%)	609	(1,935)
	2%)	(609)	1,935
HKD - strengthened 1% (2020: 1%) 港元 - 轉強 1% (二零二零年:	1%)	10	10
- weakened 1% (2020: 1%) - 轉弱 1% (二零二零年:	1%)	(10)	(10)

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44. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

As disclosed in Note 36, subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are required by the Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise Law of the PRC to contribute to and maintain a non-distributable statutory reserve fund whose utilisation is subject to approval by the relevant PRC authorities. This externally imposed capital requirement has been complied with by these subsidiaries for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt includes interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, short-term and long-term bonds payable, trade and bills payables, amounts due to related companies, accruals and other payables and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. Capital includes equity attributable to owners of the parent less the statutory reserve fund. The Group's policy is to keep the gearing ratio below 90%.

44. 資本管理

本集團初步的資本管理目標是保護集團持 續發展的能力並保持穩健的資本比率以為 集團業務提供支援並儘量擴大股東價值。

本集團根據經濟現狀變化以及標的資產的 風險特徵對其資本結構進行管理,並做出 相應調整。本集團可以透過調整向股東派 發的股息、向股東發還資本或發行新股以 保持或調整資本結構。截至二零二一年及 二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 管理資本的目標、政策或程序概無任何變 動。

誠如附註36所披露,本集團於中國的附屬 公司須根據中國外商獨資企業法的規定向 不可分派的法定儲備金作出供款及維持儲 備金,而使用法定儲備金須經相關中國機 關批准。該等附屬公司於截至二零二一年 及二零二零年十二月三十一日止財政年度 已遵守此外部施加的資本要求。

本集團使用資產負債比率監控資本,資產 負債比率為負債淨額除以總資本加負債淨 額。負債淨額包括計息銀行及其他借款、 應付債券、貿易應付款項及應付票據、應 付關連公司款項、應計費用、其他應付款 項及租賃負債,減現金及現金等價物及已 抵押存款。資本包括母公司擁有人應佔 權益減法定儲備金。本集團的政策為維持 90%以下的資產負債比率。

44. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

44. 資本管理(續)

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	774,423	508,978
Bills payable	應付票據	850,474	1,110,814
Contract liabilities	合約負債	1,079,227	818,149
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	2,365,180	1,936,405
Other liabilities	其他負債	117,867	-
Due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	81,166	12,353
Loans from a non-controlling interest	非控股權益貸款	47,800	24,870
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	11,368,775	9,347,719
Bonds payable	應付債券	494,704	489,892
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23,258	72,541
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(893,116)	(682,041)
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	(753,545)	(707,435)
Net debt	負債淨額	15,556,213	12,932,245
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	5,693,550	4,530,433
Less: Statutory reserve fund	減:法定儲備金	(510,920)	(200,307)
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	5,182,630	4,330,126
Capital and net debt	資本及負債淨額	20,738,843	17,262,371
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	75.01%	74.92%

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45. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 45. 於附屬公司的投資 Company 本公司 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司的投資

Particulars of Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

本公司附屬公司的詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	attı		he Company	⋑∕⊊	Principal activities 主要業務
			—令— Direct 直接	ー _中 Indirect 間接	◆ Direct 直接	♪++ Indirect 間接	
Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd ("Henan XLX") * 河南心連心化學 工業集團股份 有限公司 (『河南心連心』) *	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB1,895,480,000 人民幣 1,895,480,000元	76.31%	-	76.31%	-	Manufacture and trading of urea, compound fertiliser, methanol, dimethyl ether and liquid ammonia 生產及銷售尿素、 複合肥、甲醇、 二甲醚及液態氨
Xinjiang Xinlianxin Energy Chemical CO., LTD. ("Xinjiang XLX") ^{@#} 新疆心連心能源化工 有限公司 (「新疆心連心」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB2,100,000,000 人民幣 2,100,000,000元	_	76.31%	-	76.31%	Investment holding, manufacture and trading of urea and compound fertiliser, methanol and melamine 投資控股、生產及 銷售尿素、複合肥、 甲醇及三聚氰胺
Akesu Xinlianxin Compound Fertiliser CO., LTD. ("Akesu XLX") [®] 阿克蘇心連心複合肥 有限公司 (「阿克蘇心連心」) [®]	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB200,000,000 人民幣 200,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of compound fertiliser 製造及銷售複合肥
Manas Tianli Coal CO., LTD. ("Tianli") ^{@#} 瑪納斯天利煤業 有限責任公司 (「天利」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB114,000,000 人民幣 114,000,000元	-	76.31%	_	76.31%	Coal mining and sales of coal 煤礦開採及煤炭銷售
Manas Tianxin Coal CO., LTD. ("Tianxin") [®] 瑪納斯天欣煤業 有限責任公司 (「天欣」) [®]	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB680,000,000 人民幣 680,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Coal mining and sales of coal 煤礦開採及煤炭銷售

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Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比			Principal activities 主要業務	
			202 二零二		2020 二零二零	年	
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Jiujiang Xinlianxin Fertiliser CO., LTD. ("Jiujiang XLX")® 九江心連心化肥 有限公司 (「九江心連心」)®	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB2,700,000,000 人民幣 2,700,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of urea and compound fertiliser, methanol, dimethyl ether and liquid ammonia 製造及銷售尿素、複合 肥、甲醇、二甲醚及 液態氨
Henan Nongxin Fertiliser CO, LTD. ("Nongxin") ^{®#} 河南農心肥業有限公司 (「農心」) ^{®#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB37,000,000 人民幣 37,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of compound fertiliser and related products 製造及銷售複合肥及相關 產品
Xinxiang Country Shoudian CO., LTD. ("Shoudian")® 新鄉縣心連心售電 有限公司(「售電」)®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB97,165,400 人民幣 97,165,400元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Selling and distributing electricity 銷售及分銷電力
Henan Xinlianxin Fertiliser Testing CO., LTD. ("Testing")®# 河南心連心化肥檢測 有限公司(「檢測」)®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣 1,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Testing equipments 檢測設備
Henan Hydrogenpower Energy CO., LTD. (Hydrogenpower)** 河南氫力能源有限 公司(「氫力能源」)**	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	-	Manufacture and trading of furfuryl alcohol 制造及銷售糠醇
Henan Xinlianxin Blue Environmental Protection Technology CO., LTD. ("Henan Blue")®# 河南心連心藍色環保 科技有限公司 (「心連心藍色」)®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of vehicles urea solution 製造及銷售車用 尿素溶液
Henan Xinlianxin Tailan Environmental Protection Technology CO., LTD. ("Henan Tailan") ^{@#} 河南心連心泰藍環保 科技有限公司 (「河南泰藍」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	-	38.92%	-	38.92%	Manufacture and trading of vehicles urea solution 銷售車用尿素溶液

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Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	attr Z	ibutable to t 公司應佔服			Principal activities 主要業務
			202 二零二·		2020 二零二零	年	
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Henan Black Ecological Technology CO., LTD. ("Henan Black") ^{@#} 河南黑色生態科技 有限公司 (「河南黑色」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	-	52.59%	-	43.81%	Manufacture and trading of humic acid 製造及銷售腐植酸
Xinjiang Black Ecological Technology CO., LTD. ("Xinjiang Black") ^{@#} 新疆黑色生態科技股份 有限公司 (「新疆黑色」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB110,000,000 人民幣 110,000,000元	-	52.59%	-	43.81%	Investment holding 投資控股
Henan Xinlianxin Shenleng Energy CO, LTD. ("Shenleng Energy") ^{®#} 河南心連心深冷能源 股份有限公司 (「深冷能源」) ^{®#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	-	44.02%	-	41.14%	Manufacture and trading of gas 製造及銷售燃氣
Xinjiang Shenleng Gas CO, LTD. ("Xinjiang Shenleng") ^{@#} 新疆深冷氣體有限公司 (「新疆深冷」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	-	44.02%	-	41.14%	Manufacture and trading of gas 製造及銷售燃氣
Henan Shenleng Gas CO., LTD. ("Henan Shenleng")®# 河南深冷氣體 有限公司 (「河南深冷」)®#	PRC/Mainland China	RMB1,000,000 人民幣 1,000,000元	-	44.02%	-	41.14%	Trading of gas 銷售燃氣
Jiujiang Xinlianxin Blue Environmental Protection Technology CO, LTD. ("Jiujiang Blue")®# 九江心連心藍色環保科技 有限公司 (「九江藍色」)®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of vehicles urea solution 製造及銷售車用尿素溶液
Henan Heli Energy CO., LTD. ("Heli Energy") * * 河南禾力能源股份 有限公司 (「禾力能源」) * *	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB78,000,000 人民幣 78,000,000元	51.25%	-	51.25%	-	Manufacture and trading of furaldehyde 生產及銷售糠醛

Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	attr z 202		e Company 權百分比 2020		Principal activities 主要業務
			二零二 Direct 直接	一年 Indirect 間接	二零二零 Direct 直接	警年 Indirect 間接	
Xinxiang Huineng Yuyuan Power Generation CO, LTD. ("Huineng Yuyuan")** 新鄉市匯能玉源發電 有限公司 (「匯能玉源」)**	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB30,000,000 人民幣 30,000,000元	-	51.25%	-	51.25%	Selling and distributing electricity 銷售及分銷電力
Jiangxi Shenleng Gas CO, LTD.("Jiangxi Shenleng") ^{@#} 江西深冷氣體有限公司 (「江西深冷」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	-	44.02%	-	41.14%	Manufacture and trading of gas 製造及銷售燃氣
Jiujiang Pengcheng Power CO., LTD. ("Jiujiang Power") ^{@#} 九江彭誠電力有限公司 (「九江電力」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB35,000,000 人民幣 35,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Selling and distributing electricity 銷售及分銷電力
Xinxiang Xinlianxin Agricultural Development CO., LTD. ("Xinxiang Agriculture") ® #	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣 1,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Agricultural production 農業生產
Urumqi Black Ecological Technology CO., LTD. ("Urumqi Black") [@] 烏魯木齊黑色生態科技 有限公司 (「烏魯木齊黑色」) [@]	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB35,000,000 人民幣 35,000,000元	-	52.59%	-	43.81%	Manufacture and trading of humic acid 製造及銷售腐植酸
Henan Xinlianxin International Business and Trade CO., LTD. ("Guojimaoyi") ^{@#} 河南心連心國際商業和 貿易有限公司 (「國際貿易」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	International business and trading 國際商業及貿易
Shanghai Yibo Water Technique CO., LTD. ("Shanghai Yibo") ^{@#} 上海益波水務科技有限 公司(「上海益波」) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB200,000,000 人民幣 200,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Technological development 技術開發

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Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比			Principal activities 主要業務	
			202 二零二		2020 二零二零		
			Direct 直接	· Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Jiujiang Yibo Water Technique CO, LTD. ("Jiujiang Yibo")®# 九江益波水務科技有限 公司(「九江益波」)®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB200,000,000 人民幣 200,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Technological development 技術開發
Henan Xinxing Chemical CO., LTD. ("Xinxing Chemical") * # 河南省心興化工有限 公司 (「心興化工」) * #	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB85,000,000 人民幣 85,000,000元	60.61%	-	60.61%	-	Manufacture and trading of chemical production 製造及銷售化學品
Henan Xinlianxin Intelligent Equipment Technology CO., LTD. ("Intelligent Equipment") ^{®#} 河南心連心智能裝備科技 有限公司([智能 裝備」) ^{®#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB100,000,000 人民幣 100,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of intelligent equipment 製造及銷售智能設備
Harvest international Business Limited ("Harvest") * " 哈唯斯特國際商務有限 公司(「哈唯斯特」) * "	HK/Hongkong 香港/香港	HKD5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	International business and trading 國際業務及貿易
Xinxiang Ruicheng Technology CO., LTD. ("Xinxiang Ruicheng")** 新鄉瑞誠科技股份有限 公司(「新鄉瑞誠」)**	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB62,500,000 人民幣 62,500,000元	-	51.00%	-	51.00%	Manufacture and trading of medical intermediate 製造及銷售醫藥中間體
Xinxiang Ruinuo Pharmaceutical CO., LTD. ("Xinxiang Ruinuo") * * 新鄉瑞諾藥業有限公司 (「新鄉瑞諾」) * *	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB60,000,000 人民幣 60,000,000元	-	26.01%	-	26.01%	Manufacture and trading of medical intermediate 製造及銷售醫藥中間體
Xinjiang Xinlianxin Tailan Environmental Protection Technology CO., LTD. ("Xinjiang Tailan")®# 新疆心連心泰藍環保科技 有限公司([新疆 泰藍])®#	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB6,000,000 人民幣 6,000,000元	-	38.92%	-	38.92%	Manufacture and trading of vehicles urea solution 製造及銷售車用尿素溶液

Name 名稱	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	atti	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比			Principal activities 主要業務
			202 二零二		2020 二零二零		
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Jiujiang Xinlianxin Agricultural Science and Technology CO., LTD. ("Jiujiang Agricultural") ^{@#} 九江心連心農業科技有限 公司([九江 農業]) ^{@#}	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB10,000,000 人民幣 10,000,000元	-	76.31%	_	76.31%	Agricultural development 農業發展
Hangzhou Xinnuo Chemical Co. Ltd. ("Hangzhou Xinnuo")®# 杭州心諾化工有限公司	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Trading of gas 銷售燃氣
Shandong Heli Biotechnology CO., LTD. ("Shandong Heli")®# Note (b) 山東禾力生物科技有限 公司(「山東禾力」)®# 附註(b)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	51.25%	-	51.25%	Manufacture and trading of furaldehyde 製造及銷售糠醛
Henan xinzhilian Enterprise Management CO., LTD. ("Henan xinzhilian") ^{®#} Note (c) 河南心智聯企業管理 有限公司 (「河南心智聯」) ^{®#} 附註(c)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣 5,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	-	Consulting 諮詢

財務報表附註 For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度

Nam 名稱	e	Place of registration and business 註冊及經營地點	Nominal value of registered capital 註冊資本面值	attri Z	ibutable to t 公司應佔服			Principal activities 主要業務
				202 ⁻ 二零二·		2020 二零二零	年	
				Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Er Pr CC xir No 廣東 有 (]	gdong xinmenglan vironmental otection Technology D., LTD. ("Guangdong menglan") ^{@#} ote (d) 心夢藍環保科技 限公司 廣東心夢藍」) ^{@#} 註 (d)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB20,000,000 人民幣 20,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of vehicles urea solution 製造及銷售車用 尿素溶液
In ("Z Na 新疆 ([ng xinlianxin Chemical dustry CO, LTD. (hundongxinlianxin") ^{® #} ote (a) 心連心化工有限公司 准東心連心」) ^{® #} 註(a)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣 50,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Manufacture and trading of compound fertiliser 製造及銷售複合肥
Aq CC xii 甘肅 有 (「	u xinlianxin Modern yricultural Technology J. LTD. ("Gansu Nianxin") ^{® #} Note (e) 心連心現代農業科技 限公司 甘肅心連心」) ^{® #} 註(e)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB30,000,000 人民幣 30,000,000元	-	76.31%	-	76.31%	Agricultural production 農業生產
*	The subsidiary is reg	istered as a wholly-foreign	-owned enterprise ur	nder PRC law.	*	該附屬公司 商獨資企業		中國法律註冊成立的外
@	These subsidiaries ar	re established in the PRC a	nd registered under P	RC law.	ø	該等附屬2 註冊。	公司於中	國成立並根據中國法例
#	Not audited by Ernst & Young global netv	t & Young LLP, Singapore o vork	r another member firr	n of the Ernst	#		听全球網	ng LLP, 新加坡或安永會 絡的其他成員會計師事

45. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) 7 September 2021, Henan XLX established a new subsidiary named Xinjiang xinlianxin Chemical Industry CO., LTD. with registered capital of RMB50,000,000
 The main business of the subsidiary is manufacturing and trading of compound fertiliser.
- (b) On 15 January 2021, Heli Energy established a new subsidiary named Shandong Heli Biotechnology CO., LTD. with a registered capital of RMB50,000,000. The main business of the subsidiary is manufacturing and trading furaldehyde.
- (c) On 30 March 2021, China XLX established a new subsidiary named Henan xinzhilian Enterprise Management CO., LTD. with a registered capital of RMB5,000,000. The main business of the subsidiary is Consulting.
- (d) On 22 June 2021, Henan Blue established a new subsidiary named Guangdong xinmenglan Environmental Protection Technology CO., LTD. with a registered capital of RMB20,000,000. The main business of the manufacturing and trading of vehicles urea solution.
- (e) On 24 November 2021, Xinjiang XLX established a new subsidiary named Gansu xinlianxin Modern Agricultural Technology CO., LTD. with a registered capital of RMB30,000,000. The main business of the Agricultural production.

46. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2022.

45. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

附註:

- (a) 於二零二一年九月七日,河南心連心新成 立一家附屬公司新疆心連心化工有限公 司,註冊資本為人民幣50,000,000元,該附 屬公司的主要業務為製造及銷售複合肥。
- (b) 於二零二一年一月十五日,禾力能源新成 立一家附屬公司山東禾力生物科技有限公 司,註冊資本為人民幣50,000,000元,該 附屬公司的主要業務為製造及銷售糠醛。
- (c) 於二零二一年三月三十日,中國心連心新 成立一家附屬公司河南心智聯企業管理有 限公司,註冊資本為人民幣5,000,000元, 該附屬公司的主要業務為提供諮詢服務。
- (d) 於二零二一年六月二十二日,心連心藍色 新成立一家附屬公司廣東心夢藍環保科技 有限公司,註冊資本為人民幣20,000,000 元,該附屬公司的主要業務為製造及銷售 車用尿素溶液。
- (e) 於二零二一年十一月二十四日,新疆心連 心新成立一家附屬公司甘肅心連心現代 農業科技有限公司,註冊資本為人民幣 30,000,000元,該附屬公司的主要業務為農 業生產。

46. 批准財務報表

董事會已於二零二二年三月二十五日批准 並授權刊發財務報表。 A summary of the consolidated results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

以下載列本集團於過去五個財政年度的綜 合業績及資產與負債概要,乃摘錄自已刊 發之經審核財務報表。

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度								
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017				
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年				
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000				
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元				
Results	業績									
Revenue	收入	16,815,321	10,444,722	8,928,255	9,194,676	7,561,547				
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(12,426,464)	(8,230,163)	(6,987,218)	(6,955,245)	(5,974,597)				
Gross profit	毛利	4,388,857	2,214,559	1,941,037	2,239,431	1,586,950				
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	169,368	198,730	160,349	112,716	87,594				
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(762,708)	(620,599)	(515,827)	(508,048)	(482,909)				
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支	(934,618)	(624,260)	(661,442)	(496,623)	(415,467)				
Other expenses	其他開支	(88,589)	(129,755)	(16,712)	(223,416)	(5,600)				
Impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產 減值虧損	(14,570)	(5,640)	(10,007)	(22,241)					
Share of profits/(losses) of associates	應佔聯營公司 溢利/(虧損)	1,232	(582)	2,298	657	_				
Finance costs	財務成本	(583,370)	(401,379)	(374,076)	(325,329)	(285,851)				
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	2,175,602	631,074	525,620	777,147	484,717				
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(406,232)	(106,926)	(111,557)	(121,833)	(61,185)				
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,769,370	524,148	414,063	655,314	423,532				
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:									
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	1,294,139	347,662	316,495	624,932	397,778				
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	475,231	176,486	97,568	30,382	25,754				
		1,769,370	524,148	414,063	655,314	423,532				
Assets, liabilities and non- controlling interests	資產、負債及 非控股權益									
Total assets	總資產	25,506,673	20,955,092	16,490,865	13,655,296	11,905,762				
Total liabilities	總負債	(17,545,291)	(14,530,718)	(10,769,185)	(8,742,497)	(8,255,808)				
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(2,267,832)	(1,893,941)	(1,486,439)	(990,985)	(283,279)				
		5,693,550	4,530,433	4,235,241	3,921,814	3,366,675				

In this annual report, unle terms shall have the following	ss the context states otherwise, the following ng meanings:	於本年報內,除2 彙均具有以下涵義		有指明外,下列詞
"AC" or "Audit Committee"	Audit Committee of the Company	「審核委員會」	指	本公司的審核委 員會
"AGM"	Annual General Meeting of the Company	「股東週年大會」	指	本公司的股東週 年大會
"Board"	The Board of Directors	「董事會」	指	董事會
"Companies Act"	The Companies Act (Chapter 50) of Singapore	「公司法」	指	新加坡法例第50 章公司法
"Company" or "China XLX" or "XLX"	China XLX Fertiliser Ltd.	「本公司」 或 「中國心連心」 或「心連心」	指	中國心連心化肥 有限公司
"Constitution"	Constitution of the Company	「章程」	指	本公司的章程
"Director(s)"	Director(s) of the Company	「董事」	指	本公司的董事
"EGM"	Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company	「股東特別大會」	指	本公司的股東特 別大會
"FY2020"	The financial year ended 31 December 2020	「二零二零財政 年度」	指	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止的財政年度
"FY2021"	The financial year ended 31 December 2021	「二零二一財政 年度」	指	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止的財政年度
"Group"	The Company and its subsidiaries altogether	「本集團」	指	本公司連同其附 屬公司
"Henan XLX"	Henan Xinlianxin Chemicals Group Co., Ltd., a wholly holding subsidiary of the Company	「河南心連心」	指	河南心連心化學 工業集團股份有 限公司,為本公 司的控股子公司
"HKD"	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong	「港元」	指	港元,香港法定 貨幣
"Listing Rules"	The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the SEHK	「上市規則」	指	聯交所證券上市 規則

Glossary 詞彙表

"Model Code"	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules	「標準守則」	指	上市發行人董事 進行證券交易的 標準守則(上市 規則附錄10)
"NC" or "Nomination Committee"	Nomination Committee of the Company	「提名委員會」	指	本公司的提名委 員會
"PRC" or "China"	The People's Republic of China	「中國」	指	中華人民共和國
"RC" or "Remuneration Committee"	Remuneration Committee of the Company	「薪酬委員會」	指	本公司的薪酬委 員會
"RMB"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC	「人民幣」	指	中國法定貨幣人 民幣
"S\$"	Singapore dollars	「新加坡元」	指	新加坡元
"SEHK"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	「聯交所」	指	香港聯合交易所 有限公司
"SFO"	The Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)	「證券及期貨條例」	指	香港法例第571 章證券及期貨條 例
"SGX-ST"	Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited	「新交所」	指	新加坡證券交易 所有限公司
"Shareholder(s)"	Shareholder(s) of the Company	「股東」	指	本公司的股東
"XLX Chem"	Henan Xinlianxin Chemical Group Co., Ltd.	「心連心化工」	指	河南心連心化工 集團有限公司

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China XLX Fertiliser Ltd. 中國心連心化肥有限公司*

(Incorporated in Singapore with limited liability) (於新加坡註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1866

★ For identification purpose only 僅供識別





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